Whoop 'er Up, Mr. President. OLD GLORY FOREVER.

The Bee.

VOL XVI. NO. 230 TOLEDO, OHIO, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 26, 1892. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

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We have in stock a very large line of these goods, in Sixteenth Century Antique Oak, Mahogany, Cherry and Walnut, positively new and made after the most artistic designs. Our variety is so great that we can suit all customers, both in style and in price. We make it a point to carry such goods as our customers desire, and goods that will give perfect satisfaction.

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10 PER CENT COUPON 10 PER CENT

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We are open Saturday night until 11 o'clock. All alterations to improve a fit done free of charge.

REMEMBER WE ARE DIRECTLY ON THE CORNER OF MADISON AND SUPERIOR STREETS.

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—ITS—

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Desiring to test the advertising quality of this paper, we have determined during the time prescribed in the above coupon to present each customer with a CASH REBATE of 10 per cent. of their purchase, providing the above coupon is presented immediately after the purchase is made.

☞Do you realize what this means to you? Well, it means that you can buy actual Custom-Made Clothing for just 40c on the dollar.

Don't delay, but cut out the coupon and come at once, as the offer is only good until January 9th, 1892.

A nobby and complete line of Pantaloons from $2.50 to $9.00, made for double the money. All alterations to improve a fit made free of charge, and all garments sold by us kept in repair for ONE YEAR.

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A specialty of nice work and low prices. Order by mail will receive prompt attention.

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Intend to decorate your house,

And we

Intend to do it.

We have fits in all colors

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And Designs in Fresco.

Allen & Parkhurst.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY

WEATHER.

The local forecast for to-day and to-morrow is clear, slight change in temperature; possibly colder Wednesday night.

The storm central in the St. Lawrence valley yesterday has moved eastward to the New England coast and has drawn the cold air of that latitude in the west in its wake. The temperature fell at some points in the St. Lawrence valley as much as 40 degrees in 24 hours. The zero line this morning extended down the St. Lawrence to Buffalo and northwestward to Lake Superior.

An area of "high" has appeared west of Lake Superior which promises clear and cool weather until at least Thursday. The temperature has fallen about 10 degrees throughout the country, except in the extreme west.

Clear weather prevails except at Quebec, Montreal and Oswego, where it is snowing. The lowest temperature in the United States is at Sault Ste Marie, Mich., where it is 8 below. The highest is 44 degrees above at New Orleans.

The highest in Toledo yesterday was 41 degrees; the lowest this morning was 8 degrees above.

Geo. H. Hagen, Observer.

Stations.	Wind.	Tem.	Vel.
Buffalo, cloudless	NW	zero	1t
Cleveland, snow	NW	14	12
Toledo, cloudless	W	8	12
St. Louis, cloudless	N	32	14
Indianapolis, cloudless	N	14	6
Kansas City, cloudless	N	28	6
Des Moines, cloudless	N	24	8
Chicago, snow	NW	14	10
St. Paul, cloudless	calm	8	..
North Platte, missing.			
Bismarck, cloudy	SE	16	8
Moorhead, cloudless	NE	2	6
Minnedosa, fair	calm	*10	..
Alpena, fair	W	2	18
Sault Ste Marie, fair	NW	*8	12

*Below zero.

LOCAL.

Counterfeit dollars afloat.

Gossip relative to the theaters.

Aldermanic action last night.

Ohio Yacht club matters still unsettled.

Jerry Coakley pleads guilty to manslaughter.

A Kalida man drops out of a third-story window.

Mayor Emmick has a scrap with the Germans on his hands.

Lively meeting between the gas trustees and the ways and means committee.

UNITED STATES.

Ohio Solons continue their grind.

Chile will withdraw the Matta note and let Egan remain at Santiago.

Latest information on war topics.

A divided press.

FOSTORIA NOTES.

Peculiar Death—Victims of the Grip.

Fostoria, O., Jan. 26.—Mrs. W. H. Thomas, a young woman of 33 years of age, met death in a peculiar manner yesterday. A team running away frightened her terribly. Soon afterward she was taken with severe pains, which resulted in her death in a short time. The remains will be taken to Michigan for burial.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Warner, two prominent people of Fremont, both died of grip within an hour of each other. They had been sick only a short time.

REFUSES TO MAKE THE CHANGES.

Columbus, Jan. 26.—Chief Inspector of Workshops McDonald has returned from a trip of inspection.

Among the places he visited was Bellevue, where he examined an opera house in the course of construction. The building, he thinks, was erected without well considered plans, and he condemned the roof and ordered several changes. The proprietor refused to make the changes, preferring to keep the building closed.

STATEMENT

—BY—

New York Life Insurance Company.

New York, January 23, 1892.

In the Superintendent's Report of the investigation of the Company, the management is criticized for the way in which its agency department is conducted, and it is claimed that the Company is conducted virtually for the benefit of the agents of the Company. With regard to the report as a whole without at present going into particulars, we remark that the severe language of the criticisms is not justified by the facts as found. Not one word of commendation for what is good in the very large and successful results obtained in a series of years to be found in the creation of one of the largest and soundest institutions in the world. It is a notable fact that between 1st January and 30th June the assets have increased as per Company's report, from $115,947,809.97 to $120,710,690, as per Superintendent's report. Notwithstanding the severe, and in many cases very improper deductions from real estate values and all other eliminations made by the Insurance Department, the Company is allowed by the report a surplus of

$14,708,675,

which is within $190,000 of the amount claimed by the Company January 1st, and in this comparison no account is taken of the amount paid out as dividends between January 1st and June 30th, amounting to over $400,000. Practically the Company has earned more than enough in six months to wipe out the deductions made from the assets by the Insurance Department. The New York Insurance Commissioner's Report proves that the New York Life Insurance Company has a surplus over all liabilities of

$14,708,675.83,

which is a larger surplus than is claimed by any other purely Mutual Life Insurance Company in the world.

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JOHN J. BARBER, Dentist, 315 Superior St.

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We have the m in all grades, and selling them in Silver, Filled or 14k gold, at very low prices, ranging from $38.00 to $200.00.

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J. J. FREEMAN.

CALENDARS AND DIARIES

FOR 1892

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McMaster History of the United States

VOLUME III.

AND TRIBUNE ALMANAC, 1892, JUST RECEIVED.

BROWN, EAGER & HULL.

MAKES NO REPLY.

Chile Has Not Answered the Ultimatum.

The Cabinet Considering the Situation.

War Talk is Heard on All Sides.

A Reported Apology is Not Credited.

The Philadelphia Bound for France to Watch the Movements of the Capitan Prat—General War Gossip.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The telegram from Santiago printed this morning saying that Chile had decided to apologize and that a message to that effect would reach Washington to-day or to-morrow was read with much satisfaction by all classes of people in Washington and everywhere the hope was expressed that the report was true and that hostilities might be avoided. While every one, or nearly every one, favors a vigorous policy and sustains President Harrison in the position taken in his message, no one wants to punish Chile simply as a means of showing the power of the United States.

Representative Blount, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, speaking of the telegram to a United Press reporter, said that if the country could stand anything it certainly could stand a reference of the case to the supreme court.

If the report be true it is the second instance within a short time when a foreign country had put itself upon record as being willing to trust the decision of questions affecting its interests to the supreme court.

In the Sayward case, recently, it will be remembered the English government instead of resorting to the usual channel of diplomacy, brought the case into the supreme court.

No authentic corroboration has been had of the report from Santiago announcing that Chile had agreed to withdraw the offensive Matta note and was willing to submit the question of indemnity to the United States supreme court for decision.

Inquiry at the state, war and navy departments this morning elicited the reply that nothing had been received there.

If such a dispatch has been received it would immediately be sent to the secretary of the navy.

Secretary Tracy said he had received nothing from the state department, but did receive a cipher dispatch from Commander Evans last night announcing the fact that the Yorktown had landed the refugees.

Inquiry at the residence of Secretary Blaine was met with the statement that he had nothing to communicate. It is probable that if the secretary is in possession of a communication from Minister Egan that he will lay it before the cabinet meeting before giving it to the press.

Minister Montt was seen as he was emerging from the Chilean legation this morning by a United Press reporter, who aproached him for news.

The minister declined to be interviewed and would express no opinion on the president's message nor the manner in which it had been received by the people.

He was asked if he had received advices from his government to the effect that Chili had agreed to the demands of the United States. He replied that he had received no dispatches.

The minister showed no disposition to discuss Chilean affairs and the subject was changed to the windy weather that prevails in Washington this morning.

With a pleasant smile, the minister said that Chile did not have such cold hard wind, but that the climate was balmy and soft. As the route of the minister led toward the residence of Secretary Blaine he was asked if he was going to call upon that official, but he disclaimed any such intention.

He, however, turned into the street leading to Mr. Blaine's house, and to the state department, and upon exchanging salutes the envoy plenipotentiary and the reporter separated.

NO REPLY YET.

The Chilean Government Has Not Replied to the Ultimatum.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The cabinet met promptly at 11:30 this morning, all the members being present except Secretary Fcster and eSecretary Elkins.

Secretary Blaine was a little late in arriving.

To a reporter of the United Press Secretary Blaine said just as he was entering the cabinet meeting that "no reply that he had heard of" had been received from the Chilean government to the demand of the United States. No confirmation of the Santiago dispatch published this morning can be obtained, and in no official quarter is the report credited.

The cabinet session lasted until after 1 o'clock, and was devoted almost wholly to the discussion of the Chilean situation.

At 1:40 the cabinet meeting adjourned. Every member present was asked if a reply had been received from Chile, and every one, as though concerted action had been determined upon, declined to answer.

President Harrison was asked about the matter, but sent word that he would not say anything on the subject.

Mr. Blaine, who before the cabinet met, had stated that "no reply that he had heard of," had been received from Chile, after the meeting would not even repeat or confirm his former statement.

It is the general belief, based on the best obtainable information, that Chile has not yet replied to the ultimatum of the United States.

ENGLISH COMMENT.

London Papers Having Fun With Our War.

London, Jan. 26.—The St. James Gazette says there is no creditable reason why the United States should have fixed the quarrel upon Chile. No just ground existed for sending the ultimatum to Chile. The concessions made by Chile deprive the United States of all justification for bullying. Had America been represented at Santiago by a gentleman of the stamp of Phelps, Lincoln, or Dana, the pother would never have come about.

The Globe, this afternoon, referring to President Harrison's message to congress, says that it is more humorous than tragic, that it is marked with the noble stamp of spread eagleism and that it makes the poorest case any nation ever put forward.

"America and Chile," the Globe adds, "have no better means of hurting one another than Bismarck's whale and elephant. Chile's fighting ships," the Globe continues, "are equal to America's, though there can be only one possible ending to the affair in the long run, and Senor Montt, therefore, will be well advised if he eats the leek."

TO FIGHT THE PRAT.

The Big Philadelphia is Keeping an Eye on Her.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Turning a moment from the diplomatic to the naval side of the Chilean situation, it is pertinent to nquire, "Where is the cruiser Philadelphia all this while?"

We know where the Chicago is and that she has sailed or is about to sail from Montevideo for Chile under command of Acting Rear Admiral Walker. But the general understanding, based on reports emanating from the navy department, was that Rear Admiral Gherardi had been ordered with the Philadelphia from Barbados to Montevideo, the supposition being that he was to assume the chief command of the entire squadron in the South Atlantic and South Pacific waters.

Perhaps he may do so eventually, but there is reason to believe that his first business in the immediate future will be of a very different though equally important character.

From intimations casually let fall today by the now doubly cautious and reticent custodians of inside naval information it would appear that the Philadelphia, which certainly left Barbados a few days ago, did not proceed southward, but is now pointing straight across the Atlantic and will be heard from next in or near the Straits of Gibraltar, her errand there being to look out for the formidable new Chilean war vessel, the Capitan Prat.

Such a change of plan would suffice to explain the ordering of Admiral Walker to depart from Montevideo with his fleet without waiting for Admiral Gherardi. It is quite possible that this manoeuvre was intended by the navy department authorities from the first, and that they allowed the report about the despatching of the Philadelphia southward to gain circulation purposely, in order to conceal her real movements.

It would take the Philadelphia about fourteen days to reach Gibraltar, and if in the meantime congress had received such information from the president, or events had so shaped themselves as to necessitate a declaration of war, it is easy to see the great strategic importance of having one of our best ships on hand at the Straits of Gibraltar or in the Mediterranean to intercept the cruiser which forms the main reliance of the Chileans, and which, by common consent, is acknowledged to be one of the most powerful and formidable vessels afloat.

The Capitan Prat is now receiving her finishing touches at La Seyne, near Toulon, France, and consequently must pass through the Straits of Gibraltar before reaching the Atlantic. It has been stated by Secretary Tracy that the Capitan Prat could not be completely finished and equipped before April next. While this is true it is also a fact that she could be made rea'y for departure from France in a partly incomplete condition in a very short time, and if the course of events should render such haste desirable it is likely that she would be dispatched from Toulon before entire completion. In such a condition it is highly probable that she could be captured or crippled by the Philadelphia, because she has a green crew, her heavy guns have not been supplied to her and her machinery has not been limbered up.

When fully equipped and ready for action she would undoubtedly be more than a match for a vessel of the Philadelphia type. To send a single vessel of this class to engage her in combat would be a foolhardy movement that the department would not be likely to risk. But, as previously intimated, the chief reliance in the ability of Philadelphia successfully to compete with the Capitan Prat is in the knowledge that the latter is in an unfinished condition and in the hands of a small and inexperienced crew.

CHILE'S OCEAN FRONT.

For the Greater Part of Its 3,000 Miles It Is Bold and Rugged.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The coast line of Chile is fully 3,000 miles in length. In other words, Chile has an ocean front longer than the distance from New York to Queenstown, and lacking but 200 miles of the distance from New York to San Francisco. The widest stretch is 175 miles. This stretch is found in the northern part of the republic.

Valparaiso, the principal seaport, is situated at a point almost midway between the extreme limits of the country. From Valparaiso to the Straits of Magellan is a distance of 1,500 miles. From Valparaiso to Iquique, the principal northern port of Chile, is a distance, as a vessel goes, of 800 miles.

The coast line of Chile is for the greater part bold and rugged. Much of the state is barren and of a desert character. Here and there along the coast are valleys which afford cultivation. The country in and around Iquique and Valparaiso is rich.

The main wealth of Chile is concentrated in the vicinity of these two cities. The extreme southern limit of the Chile coast is Valparaiso. The cable circles north from Valparaiso to Iquique, thence to Callao, and again from Callao to Panama. In the event of war with Chile, the limit of cable communication will doubtless be found in Callao, at least until such time as will suffice to seize and hold Iquique and Valparaiso.

READY FOR A FIGHT.

Lieutenant Bassford Thinks the War Would be Long.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—"If the United States have a war with Chile it will be a long one," said Lieut. Fletcher Bassford, retired naval officer, last night. "I believe there will be war, and have offered my services, and sincerely hope they will be required. It would be a long fight but would result in victory for the United States.

"Chile, I think, will not back down, she has been procrastinating. She needs time for this reason. Her French made vessels are not completed and at present Valparaiso harbor is too comfortable for foreign vessels.

"When fleet meets fleet the action will be quick, decisive and destructive. They will see each other four or five miles distant, and firing will immediately begin, and as they approach they will try to ram or torpedo us.

"Our fleet will, I think, be victorious and then will come the withdrawal of the natives to their mountains. Then begins the chase and how long it will last nobody knows.

"Peru, will probably be friendly and her shores will offer a good landing place for our troops."

ARMY OF CHILE.

It Is Not Large, but the Men Are Fearless and Well Armed.

Washington, Jan. 26.—What was at one time the Chilean army, and which did such excellent work against Peru, no longer exists in its entirety. The recent revolution caused a general division and mixing up of the old battalions so far as the individuals composing them were concerned. On an international question it is, however, quite probable that there would be a very large reunion, as the hatred of Chile for this country is deeply rooted in the minds of the masses, a feeling which recent events have greatly intensified.

During their civil disturbances there were between 15,000 and 20,000 troops on each side; not all, perhaps, massed at any one point, but spread over the various fortified places in the republic.

Continued on Second Page.

ALL EYES ON CONGRESS.

The House Wants More Information.

The War Cloud is Rolling Away.

Interest in the Affair is Decreasing as Shown by the Lack of Enthusiasm Seen in the Galleries.

Washington, Jan. 26.—There were few people in the galleries and not over 150 members present when the house convened. The chaplain in his prayer gave thanks for the recovery of the speaker.

A bill was passed relieving the university of Missouri from responsibility for ordnance issued to it and destroyed by fire.

Mr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, introduced a resolution requesting the president to inform the house whether any answer had been received from Minister Egan or the Chilean government to the dispatch of our government of January 21 and if so from whom, and when it was received, and also to communicate to the house all correspondence of the Chilean trouble not already communicated. Adopted.

Senate.

Washington, Jan. 26.—There were half empty galleries in the senate chamber today. Just before the hour of meeting struck, the sonorous voice of Senator George, of Mississippi, was heard all over the chamber remarking: "Well, there is no war cloud, after all."

This feeling met a prompt echo from senators and was emphasized by that of the empty public galleries.

The chaplain in his opening prayer made earnest supplication for righteousness and peace to spread over the land and returned thanks for the "forbearance, kindness, wisdom, discretion and prudence" vouchsafed, and for the "rolling away of the cloud of darkness of the night." He implored that the people of the United States might become a pattern people.

Mr. Hoar called attention to the duplicate printing of the president's message in both the house and senate proceedings, and moved that in future when such a document was printed in the proceedings of the house it should not be repeated in the senate report. Agreed to.

The Committee at Work.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The house committee on foreign affairs held a special meeting this morning and began a discussion of the Chilean situation as set forth in the president's message.

The correspondence relative to the matter was presented to members in printed form and together with the president's message was laid before the committee by Chairman Blount. The correspondence forms quite a volume, and as it is new to the committee it will be carefully gone over and considered by it before any definite action on the matter is taken.

THE FIGHT GOES ON.

Why Mr. Geyser is Not Confirmed.

He Refused to Vote for Senator Rorick's Brother as Superintendent of the Asylum.

Columbus, Jan. 26.—(Special)—Before Gov. Campbell left the executive office he sent the name of ex-Senator Geyser, of Fulton, as trustee of the Toledo asylum, but it, with a number of other appointments, were referred to the appropriate committees.

It came to the surface last night that the old Sherman-Foraker feeling still exists and at every opportunity the Foraker men show their teeth.

It has been stated on good authority that Geyser would have been confirmed, but he refused to pledge himself to vote for Dr. Rorick for superintendent of the Toledo asylum.

The doctor was a redhot Sherman man during the senatorial contest and has now come forward for his reward.

His brother, the senator, was and is a Foraker man, but in this case wants his brother to get the position and will not allow Geyser to be confirmed.

If he succeeds, there is one thing certain, and that is, that McKinley will appoint a board of trustees who will carry out all pledges made to and for the Sherman men.

NEW CORPORATIONS.

Columbus, Jan. 26.—The following articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state to-day: The Columbus Athletic Exhibition company, Columbus, capital stock $10,000; the Arcade Mutual Aid Society, Cincinnati; the William M. Donaldson & Co., Cincinnati, capital stock $25,000; First English Evangelical Lutheran Church, of Bryan, O.; the Corrugated Elbow Company of the United States, Cincinnati, reduction of capital stock from $60,000 to $30,000; the Findlay Rolling Mill company, Findlay, increase of capital stock from $100,000 to $150,000; the Andrews and Hitchcock Iron company, Youngstown, capital stock $400,000.

ORDERED TO QUIT BUSINESS.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 26.—The report of State Bank Examiner Kenyon to Gov. Merriam yesterday recommending that the affairs of the American Building and Loan Association of Minneapolis be wound up with all possible dispatch, created unusual excitement in business circles. The American is one of the largest building associations in the country, having assets alleged to reach $11,000,000.

FIRE AT WAPAKONETA.

Wapakoneta, O., Jan. 26.—About 2 o'clock yesterday morning fire was discovered in the People's Bank building, the finest business block in town.

The fire originated in an overheated bath room connected with the barber shop of Harold Hoegner, and before extinguished totally destroyed the contents of the shop. Loss about $1,000. No insurance.

D. HOWARD DEAD.

New York, Jan. 26.—The Rev. Rowland Bailey Howard, D. D., secretary of the American Press association, died in Rome, Italy, yesterday after an operation for the removal of an abcess. He was born in Leeds, Me., in 1835, and was a brother of Major General Howard, commanding the division of the Atlantic. Dr. Howard leaves a widow and five children.

TO THE PENITENTIARY.

Wapakoneta, O., Jan. 26.—(Special)—Today Sheriff Shubert assisted by the constables of St. Marys and New Bremen, took the following prisoners to the penitentiary: Henry Shumacker, Abraham Heed, James Simpson, Thomas Blaine, Thomas Doty and Hi Baker.

SILVER CONGRESS.

London, Jan. 26.—The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says that the United States government is upon the point of opening negotiations with the European powers with view of convening an international congress on the silver question.

DUCHESS LUDOVICA DEAD.

Vienna, Jan. 26.—The Duchess Ludovica, of Bavaria, mother of the Empress Elizabeth, of Austria, who, for some days past, has been prostrated with pneumonia, died to-day.

WILL VISIT WILLIAM.

Berlin, Jan. 26.—The North German Gazette announces that the grand duke Alexis will pay a visit to-morrow to Emperor William.

TO FORFEIT THEIR CHARTERS.

Proceedings Commenced Against Two Companies.

Columbus, Jan. 26.—Attorney General Richards this afternoon began quo warranto proceedings against the National Mutual Fire association and the Manufacturers' Mutual Fire association, both of Akron.

He asks that their corporate rights be forfeited, and to support this request he makes nine allegations. In the case against the National the allegations are: First, that the association is doing business in 27 states and territories outside of Ohio; second, that it conducts business on the joint stock or cash plan; third, that it also does business as a mutual association with contingent liabilities; fourth, that it is insolvent, having only $815 assets to pay liabilities amounting to $10,709.02 in addition to insurance in force amounting to $134,798.

The first three allegations against the Manufacturers' are the same as against the National. The fourth is that a majority of its directors do not reside in Ohio. The fifth is that the association is "hopelessly insolvent."

It has assets of $72.42, while its liabilities are $27,936.17 with outstanding insurance amounting to $150,833. The proceedings were brought at the instance of Insurance Commissioner Kinder.

PAT EGAN'S BIG BOY.

He is Cutting a Figure in Chilean Affairs.

Some Strange Information on the Subject.

The North and South American Construction Company Has a Claim it Wants Settled.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—Francis W. Egan, a son of the United States minister to Chile, is the representative of an American construction company which has a claim against the Chilean government for $5,750,000.

This company is known as the North and South American Construction company, organized under the laws of Kentucky. The president is J. F. Bailey, an iron merchant at No. 257 South Fourth street. The vice-president is Charles McDonald, of New York, and the secretary and treasurer a Mr. Dehaven, of New York.

The stock of the corporation is principally held in New York and about one-fifth of it is held in this city.

In 1889 the Chilean government made contracts with some citizens of the United States for the construction of a system of railways running to various parts of the republic. The contracts were turned over to the construction company and work was prosecuted up to a certain stage without receiving any payments from the government.

Charles H. Williams, of No. 1 Broadway, New York, who is counsel for the company, says that a force of nearly 8,000 men were put on the work, and that President Balmaceda ordered that the number should be increased to 15,000.

He then arbitrarily ordered the seizure of the road and all the materials and equipment of the company.

Mr. Williams wrote to Minister Egan asking him to take charge of the company's claim, and in case he could not, to name some one who could.

Minister Egan answered by cable, naming his son, Francis W. Egan, and a power of attorney was forthwith executed to him by which he was given authority to press the claim.

Mr. Bailey, the president of the company, when seen this morning, corroborated these facts.

"The construction company took these contracts," said Mr. Bailey, "shipped materials to carry on the work, and has never been paid a dollar since it commenced. Before the late disturbance in Chile the claim was in a fair way to receive recognition, the government having made a proposition to pay over a certain sum to cancel the contract.

Since the disruption, which has altered the complexion of political affairs in the republic, nothing has been done in recognition of the claim. The stockholders of the construction company were adverse to making an international difficulty out of the affair, and instead of carrying the dispute to Secretary Blaine they communicated, through their counsel, with Minister Egan."

Mr. Bailey said that before the present troubles began with Chile and the United States it was the intention to make an appeal to the secretary of state.

If the existing difficulty is terminated by the exaction of an indemnity, the construction company will enter a formal claim for reimbursement.

WILL BE SOLID FOR HILL,

Political Gossip in the Empire State.

Just Now the Eyes of the Politicians Are Watching the Movements of the New York Senator.

New York, Jan. 26.—The Herald says that Senator Hill will have a solid delegation to the Chicago convention from this state. Senator Hill was in conference at the Hoffman house wth "Boss" McLaughlin, of Brooklyn, and it is said that all differences between these gentlemen have been amicably adjusted.

Among the many callers on the senator was Patrick Kelly, of St. Paul, who had the proxy at the national committee meeting of Charles Doran, of Minnesota; ex-Judge Green, William Purcell, of Rochester; Edward Murphy, Warden Brown, of Sing Sing, Bourke Cochran, Lieut-Gov. Sheehan and many local leaders.

MUSGRAVE ON TRIAL.

Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 26.—B. R. Musgrave, the noted life insurance swindler, who burned the log cabin containing a skeleton on the banks of the Wabash river with the intention of defrauding insurance companies out of about $30,000, was put on trial yesterday for conspiracy.

COUNTERFEIT DOLLARS

Floating About the City—They Are Good Imitations.

A gang of clever counterfeiters have struck the town, and it will be well for people to closely scrutinize the coin they receive, especially from strangers. The specialty of this gang is the silver dollar and they have one of the finest counterfeits of that coin ever made.

Ten of these bogus silver dollars were passed on different cars of the Consolidated street railway yesterday. The coins are dated 1885 and are of some composition, silver plated. This gives the coin the proper color and the "ring" is perfectly clear and of a silvery tone. These dollars are a trifle light in weight, however, and the edges are rounded somewhat more than on the genuine coin.

The gang are evidently here to work off as much of their goods as possible, and it is probable that many of the coins have been passed and are now in circulation about the city.

The matter has been placed in the hands of the police who are looking up the case, but it is the opinion of the officers that the fellows have left for new fields before this

FIGURING ON FIN NCE.

Ohio Solons Have a Task to Perform.

Legislators Find Themselves in a Quandary.

Doings of the Men Who are Paid by the State to Work for the Interests of Their Constituents

Columbus, Jan. 26.—(Special)—In former dispatches from here the financial requests of the various benevolent, penal and reformatory institutions of the state were given in these columns in detail and at the same time the assertion was made that the grand duplicate would be about $50,000,000 less than the previous year.

The exact figures could not be given on account of the delay of the auditors of Hamilton and Tuscarawas counties to send in their official abstracts. As soon as they were received Auditor of State Poe went to work with his force to secure the footings of the grand duplicate for 1891, and these footings are based on and include the decennial appraisement of real estate made by the board of decennial appraisement last year and the result shows a startling condition of the state for the next ten years.

The grand duplicate for this year on which taxes are to be levied foots up $1,707,203,376. This includes personal and real property.

In 1890 the grand duplicate for personal and real property footed up $1,778,-138,477. This duplicate was made by the democrats in 1880 and the taxes levied on that sum kept the financial condition of the state in good shape, while the republican duplicate is $68,935,101 less than the one made by the democrats and the financial wise-acres of the present general assembly are skirmishing around to find out where the money is coming from to run the state institutions for the coming two years.

Leading republican members of the legislature are loud in condemnation of the late state board of equalization, as it increased the city duplicates, but decreased the farming lands, and when the list was completed, made a horizontal reduction of 10 per cent. on the aggregate, thereby making the difference above given. The democratic press of the state warned the board while in session to go slow as there was a future for Ohio, but many of the members did not heed the warning, as the farmers and their organizations were crying out, increase the duplicates of the cities, but reduce our farming lands.

This request was granted, but before long the legislature will have to increase the tax levy to raise the necessary revenues to carry on the government of this state.

It has been customary for the estimated expenses to exceed the receipts, as nearly every state department and institution asks for a larger sum than expected in the legislature appropriations, but this year the finance committees of both branches will have considerable worry over the problem of keeping the expenses within the revenues.

Still Trying to Gerrymander.

Gum Shoe, or as he is better known, Whispering Jerry—otherwise Jeremiah L. Carpenter, of Meigs, first introduced a bill to gerrymander the state. When he introduced it the Bee stated that it was not prepared by him and later developments prove the truth of the assertion.

Grosvenor is the author and he arranged the districts so that Judge Thomas, of Scioto, one of Sherman's managers during the senatorial contest; Congressman Enochs, who supported Foraker, and himself all could have districts in which they could be nominated and elected although they all live within a radius of one hundred miles of each other.

In the house three bills of the same kind are in the hopper being ground to suit the many aspirants that want to go to congress.

While the politicians who are out of office are at work for themselves with members of the legislature arranging many details that will help them out, Secretary of State Ryan has his chief clerk at work with maps and statistics trying to fix the congressional map of the state so that his name may be called from one of the Ohio districts. In fact, it is "Dan's" firm belief that he can so arrange the counties in size, shape and population that no future legislation will dare to rip them up. He has proceeded far enough to say that the state is divided into twenty-one districts, but the population and political complexion has not yet been ciphered out.

Blockading Streets.

The house this morning passed Mr. Tischbein's bill giving city councils power to pass ordinances prohibiting railroad companies from obstructing any street, avenue or alley by trains of any kind.

It was introduced to help Cincinnati, but Mr. Griffin had the bill amended so that Toledo comes under its provisions.

The penalty is $50 for each offense, or imprisonment for 30 days, or both.

Daugherty Wants an Investigation.

Representative Strock this afternoon offered, and the house adopted, a resolution authorizing the appointment of a non-partisan committee to investigate the charges that Representative Daugherty was corruptly influenced to vote for John Sherman for senator.

The committee has power to subpoena any person as well as to call for papers relating to such charge.

A report is to be made at the earliest day possible.

Representative Daugherty has received a letter from Senator Sherman in which he says: "I think so clear and strong a case of gross injustice ought to to be punished if law can furnish any relief, and I sympathize with you and will stand by you in the efforts to reach the guilty parties."

After congratulating Daugherty on his position during the contest, Senator Sherman says:

"I am glad to say that in the whole contest I never used one dollar of money to corrupt or influence the vote or judgment of any member of the legislature, and that the charge that you received, or were to receive, $3,500 or any other sum of money is absolutely false and malicious.

"Whenever you desire me to testify to this I will gladly do so."

It is more than probable that the committee will consist of Strock, Heinlein, republicans, (first named voted for Foraker and the latter for Sherman), and Beaird, Ashland and Reiter, democrats.

Corporation Bill.

Mr. Holcomb, of Scioto, introduced a bill to provide for the creation and regulation of corporations. Laws relating to corporations have been so often amended and supplemented that it is next to impossible to determine just what the law is on the subject.

This bill does not attempt any new legislation, but is in the nature of codification, and is designed for the convenience of attorneys and others interested in such matters by arranging the sections in their proper order to the end that they may be easier understood.

This bill was submitted to the secretary of state, who approved it and it was recommended by the State Bar association.

New Congressional Bill.

Representative Farrell has introduced a bill to provide for the election of congressmen from Ohio and for their fair appointment among the population and political parties of the state.

Section 1 says: Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Ohio, that there shall be elected from this state, at the usual time of electing members of congress, three persons to be designated as state congressmen, and 18 persons to be designated district congressmen, all of whom shall represent this state in the national house of representatives at Washington, D. C.

Section 2. The state congressman may all be of the same political party and shall be elected by the electors of the whole state, in the same manner as state officers are now elected.

Section 3. The state shall, for the election of district congressmen, be divided into nine districts and each district shall elect two representatives. Said districts shall be composed as follows:

First district—Hamilton and Clermont counties.

Second district—Butler, Warren, Brown, Clinton, Adams, Scioto, Pike, Ashland, Ross, Hocking, Vinton, Jackson, Gallia and Lawrence.

Third district—Meigs, Athens, Washington, Tuscarawas and Harrison.

Fourth district—Jefferson, Columbiana, Mahoning, Trumbull, Ashtabula, Lake, Geauga, Portage, Stark and Carroll counties and Green, Franklin and Springfield townships in Summit county.

Fifth district—Coyahoga and Medina and all of Summit except Green, Franklin and Springfield townships therein and all of Lorain county except Brownhelm, Henrietta, Camden, Brighton, Rochester, Huntington, Wellington, Pittsfield and Russia townships therein.

Sixth district—Holmes, Wayne, Huron, Erie, Wyandot, Seneca, Sandusky, Ottawa, Crawford, Hancock and Harding counties; and Brownhelm, Henrietta, Camden, Brighton, Rochester, Huntington, Wellington, Pittsfield and Russia townships in Lorain county and all of Ashland county except Hanover township therein, and all of Richland county except Worthington, Jefferson, Perry, Tory, Washington and Monroe townships therein, compose the Sixth district.

Seventh district—Lucas, Fulton Williams, Wood, Henry, Defiance, Putnam, Paulding, Allen and Van Wert counties, and all of Auglaize county except German and Jackson townships therein; and all of Mercer county except Recovery, Gibson, Granville, Marion, Washington, Butler and Franklin townships therein.

Eighth district—Shelby, Miami, Darke, Preble, Montgomery, Fayette, Green, Champaign, Logan and Clark counties, and Gorman and Jackson townships in Auglaize county and Recovery, Gibson, Greenville, Marion, Washington, Butler and Franklin townships in Mercer county.

Ninth district—Franklin, Pickaway, Fairfield, Perry, Licking, Madison, Union, Delaware, Knox, Marion and Morrow counties and Hanover townships in Ashland county, and Worthington, Jefferson, Perry, Troy, Washington and Monroe townships in Richland county.

Sec. 4. District congressmen shall be elected by the electors of their respective districts in the same manner as district officers are now elected, but not more than one representative in each district shall belong to the same political party.

The two persons of different politics receiving the highest number of votes in any district shall receive certificate of election as such district congressmen.

Sec. 5. All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed to the extent necessary to give full force and effect to the provisions of this action.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Notes.

On Tuesday evening, February 16, the Columbus board of trade will give a banquet to members of the assembly at the Chittenden hotel.

The legislature has been in session for nearly three weeks and nothing has been done that will commend its work to the people. Speaker Laylin announced the standing committees earlier than has been done for years, but his good work has brought out no results.

Senator Gear some time ago offered for adoption a resolution asking that a committee devise the best way to make a ship canal out of the system of canals in Ohio. It is in the hands of the senate committee on public works. In the other branch of the legislature a similar resolution will be offered in a few days.

Gov. McKinley is in somewhat of a dilemma over the appointment made by Gov. Campbell. When John R. Malloy was elected clerk of the house of representatives he resigned as member of the board of pardons and his successor, W. F. Burdell, of this city, was appointed. He is a republican and president of the board of trade of this city. He does not belong to the ring and they want him defeated, but the senate committee on penitentiary has his name and McKinley wants to appoint another man, so that he can fill out all promises made during the senatorial fight.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Blaine is sick, but "The President's Chair" is not.

The losses of the Robison Electric Street Railway company by their fire are being adjusted to-day.

The case against Margaret Kruse for keeping a house of ill-fame is being tried in police court this afternoon before a jury.

President Harrison wants war. Toledo people want "The President's Chair."

Daniel R. Bailey filed suit in common pleas court to-day against Diana Perrin to foreclose a mechanic's lien on a claim of $543.83.

Blaine is sick, but "The President's Chair" is not.

George A. Chase began proceedings in common pleas court to-day against Samuel A. Hunter, treasurer, to enjoin the collection of tax assessments.

President Harrison wants war. Toledo people want "The President's Chair."

Samuel J. Magald, the man who attempted to shoot himself last Friday night, is out of danger and improving rapidly at St. Vincent's hospital.

Miles Cole, wanted in Fulton county, was arrested here this morning by Detective Carew. Deputy Sheriff Price is in the city and will take him to Wauseon this evening.

The United States general appraisers have sustained the collector of customs at this port in the matter of cedar ties, imported by the Cleveland Cedar company from Wiarton, Ont. The cedar company entered the ties at 10 and 5 cents each (the latter for culls), and the collector raised the value to 14 and 7 cents.

THE LATE JAMES FARRELL.

When one passes from earth with a character of more than common excellence, how natural the desire to speak of him, and not permit that silence which has closed his lips forever, to reign also over his virtues. The writer of this brief notice would contribute a word to the memory of one who has left behind him the legacy of a good name. Such was James Farrell. He could not have had an enemy. He had many friends. Among those with whom he had business relations he was trusted to the uttermost. Though young, he was singularly prudent and discreet. He was modest and unassuming, but not from lack of a positive nature; for, while tolerant of the religious and political beliefs of others, he was well-grounded and firm in his own. Faithful, he was, to every trust deposed in him—a cheerful, kindly, noble soul, combining in himself the elements of a very perfect manhood. His memory will linger long in the hearts of those who knew and honored him as a pleasing fragrance.

COM.

The chivalry of France gets a set-back in the public opinion by the announcement that a committee of the chamber of deputies has rejected the bill for the prosecution of men living on the earnings of dissolute women.

Verdi, the Italian composer, in a letter to an Italian journalist, writes: "As you have spoken of agriculture, in which I am only an amateur, I should like to express the wish that more attention be paid to it in Italy. What a source of wealth that would be for us! Fewer musicians, fewer lawyers, fewer doctors, and more farmers—that is what I wish for any country."

Recent explorations in the district of Sonora, Mexico, show that the coal deposits in the San Marcial valley will amount to fully 60,000,000,000 tons, and it is of excellent quality.

Dont be deceived by dealers who "cut" prices. "Cutting" prices leads to "cutting" goods. For this reason and to protect the public, the *genuine* medicines of Dr. R. V. Pierce, are now sold only through regularly authorized agents, who can sell only at the following long-esablished prices:

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, $1.00 per bottle. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, $1.00 per bottle. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, 25 cents per vial.

The *genuine* medicines, which can be had only at these prices, are the cheapest remedies you can use, for they're *guaranteed.* It's "value received or no pay." In every case where Dr. Pierce's medicines fail to benefit or cure, the makers will return the money.

Refuse everything offered as Dr. Pierce's medicines at less than the above prices. They are generally spurious.

Don't get something that the dealer says is "just as good." It may be better for him, but it's pretty certain to be worse for you.

DOWN ON HIM.

The Union Man Who Goes Back on His Principles.

Lively Meeting of the Building Trades Council Last Night—The Metal Polishers Still in Session

There was a good attendance at the meeting of the Building Trades Council last evening, and one lesson at least in unionism was brought out in good shape.

New delegates were received from the plumbers, Messrs. Bert Wellman, Michael Eagan, John Kloster, Thos. Gaffney, Thos. Rulsie; from the German carpenters, John Derbach.

A committee was appointed to wait on the armory board and settle the difficulty between the union plasterers and the contractor for the plastering. The committee is to see that union prices are guaranteed the men by the board.

The secretary was instructed to send the working rules and a list of fair employers to all builders, contractors, business and public boards of the city.

Action was taken on the case of a certain clerk in the city who was a member of the Clerks' Mutual Protective association, but who, in biulding his house, violated his obligation, and gave his work out to one of the worst scabs in the city. The case was reported to the clerk's union, and the man was expelled by the union. It came before the Building Trades council again last night, and the secretary was instructed to write the employer of the recreant unionist, and to as kthat he cease to give him further employment.

The Metal Polishers.

This is the second day of the convention of the representatives of the Metal Polishers' union in Rensch's hall. Seventeen delegates are present to-day, and the trade is well represented, so far as the large cities of the western, southern and middle states are concerned.

The general discussion is upon trade matters, and upon the organization of an international union, which will no doubt be done before the convention adjourns.

MRS. TARSNEY ON CYCLONES.

Mrs. Tarsney, wife of Congressman Tarsney, has had quite an experience with cyclones, says a Washington correspondent. Her remembrances of them are so vivid that whenever she sees a threatening sky she became nervous. "I have been through two," she says, "and in one had a terrible fright. Word reached me that the school house had been blown down and the children killed. My little son was at school, and to my ideas just then there was only one school house in Kansas City. I started out. No cars were running and everything seemed ruined. I found my boy's school had been dismissed and he had started for home just as the cyclone came. Then I was more than ever scared. I set half a dozen policemen hunting for him and went toward the wrecked school house, riding in a mule car that had finally found the track. Every child they brought out from the ruins was mine, but still he did not appear, and after setting more police on the hunt I started home more dead than alive. When nearly there I looked ahead, hoping to see him playing somewhere. There the little fellow was, trudging along whistling and with his hands in his pockets. When he looked across the road and saw me he simply shouted, 'Mama, is dinner ready?' The revulsion of feeling was a never-to-be-forgotten sensation. A next-door neighbor told me afterward that she and a number of other women were in a car when the cyclone struck them, and they were greatly terrified, when my little boy piped out above the disturbance: 'What yer 'fraid of? Don't be scared; God's here,' and kept it up until they became quiet. But I hope I shall never see another cyclone."

MEDICAL DON'TS.

Don't forget that painted walls are best for all living-rooms, as they are non-absorbent. Paper can be made so, however, by varnishing.

Don't forget that pitchers, jars or bottles holding milk, put into an ice-chest or outside of it, should be covered. Ordinary cotton batting, after being baked, makes good stoppers.

Don't forget that the use of tobacco by the young leads to intoxicants. Water soon becomes too insipid, and some drink of a more pungent taste is demanded, hence the resort to and the gradual use of stimulants.

Don't forget that wood wool sheets are comfortable, healthy, antiseptic and cheaper than india rubber sheets. They absorb discharges completely, and are simply burned after use.—Medical Summary.

THE AMERICAN GIRL ABROAD.

"A Reminiscence comes to my mind," writes Justin McCarty in a volume of "Recollections of Parliament," "about American visitors to the house of commons. The American girl has no respect for musty traditions. Some years ago we used to be permitted to take ladies into the library, but the rule was strict that they must not be allowed to sit down there. I was once escorting a young American married woman through the various rooms of the library, and I mentioned to her, as a matter of more or less interesting fact, that it was against the rules for a woman to sit down there. 'Is that really a law of the place?' she asked, with wide opened and innocent eyes. 'The very law,' I answered. 'Then,' said she calmly, 'just see me break it!' And she drew a chair and resolutely sat down at the table."

WANTED "THEM GUNS."

A little story is told in Bruce's "Life of Gen. Houston" which illustrates the familiar way in which military orders were expressed sometimes during the civil war: "In a certain battle a confederate commander stood upon a hill-top gloomily watching the union battery which was making havoc of his troops. At the foot of the hill, on the other side, was his last body of reserves; by his side was his aide-de-camp in shirt sleeves. 'Tom,' said the general quietly, without turning his head, but his lips quivering, 'I want them guns—want 'em bad.' The aid nodded, turned his horse, and dashed down the hill to the reserve. 'Boys,' he shouted, jerking his thumb over his shoulder toward the hilltop, 'there's a poor old gent up there, and he says he wants them guns—wants 'em bad. Shall we get 'em for him? The 'poor old gent' got the guns and the victory."

THE CHOCOLATE GIRL.

Possibly most of the people who are familiar with the picture of the chocolate girl, so long used as the registered trademark of Walter Baker & Co., think it a creation of some artist's fancy. On the contrary, it is a portrait, the portrait of a very pretty Viennese woman, and there is a romantic story attached to it. It seems that some years ago a young German student of noble birth fell in love with the pretty chocolate girl who served him with this delicious beverage in a Vienna cafe. She was a respectable girl and he an honorable gentleman; and he married her. He felt proud of her humble origin, and had her portrait painted by a famous German artist in the picturesque costume she wore when he first met her; and this portrait is now among the most valued art treasures of the government in the Dresden gallery.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

IF YOU'RE LOOKING FOR A WIFE.

The women of Virginia are distinguished for their horsemanship, and many of them ride like centaurs before they get out of short dresses. In the fall of the year they can be seen riding across the country unattended, and frequently participate with their husbands, brothers and beaux in the excitements of the chase.

The Virginia girl is generally conceded to be charming under any circumstances, but when she assumes her riding habit and mounts into the saddle she is an outdoor picture of grace and health that has no replica in the gallery of nature.

DEFINITE DIRECTIONS.

"About how far is it to Gourdville?" asked the stranger of a lank North Carolinian who sat on the veranda holding up the front side of his house. "Twicet as fur as yo' kin holler an' as fur as yo' kin see beyond thet." "But I'm consumptive and can't 'holler' at all," urged the traveler. "How am I to tell anything from such a direction as that?" "Two hoots an' a look, I reck'n," was the laconic reply. "Well, how far is that?" queried the stranger impatiently. "Better look twicet and not holler at all," was the answer. "Gourdville ant wurth hollerin' about nohow."—Boston Post.

One-fifth of the 10,000,000 families in France have no children. As many more have only one child, and of those who have as many as seven children the number is only 230,000.

THE RESULTS

Which Follow the Prevailing Epidemic of La Grippe.

Evidence Substantiating Dr. Copeland and Associates' Claims as Successful Specialists—Mr. Sandberg's Testimony.

There is one bad result which follows la grippe, that is, the numerous cases of chronic catarrh and bronchitis that will remain as a reminder of la grippe's baleful influence. The press has made so light of the danger, that the people as a rule, think there is none. They stay in the house for a day or two and then go about their business as usual in spite of the sneezing and coughing. They do not realize what this sneezing and coughing may lead to. A chronic catarrh, a chronic bronchitis, possibly a pneumonia, followed by consumption, may result from their thoughtlessness. The effects of such an epidemic as we are passing through, last for weeks and months and cost the people thousands of dollars, not only in loss of health, but in actual money paid out to rid themselves of ills consequent upon their carelessness, and which a few more days' stay in the house would have saved them.

"Catarrh is a little thing at first, but may eventuate in terrible suffering. We all know what a cold in the head is, and when we catch one we look forward to the usual nine days of coughing and sneezing and blowing our noses. But now imagine that cold constant, continually with us, growing worse steadily and with no hope that in nine days we shall be rid of it, but knowing that it will be our constant and faithful companion for life if we do not get it cured—THAT IS CATARRH. We physicians have instances of it daily, and although we are forever warning our patients to use a little care and not catch cold, how many are there who pay attention to our words?

A Local Instance.

To give you an illustration of what I have just said, I have here the case of Charles J. Sandberg, who lives at the corner of Collingwood and Lafayette street. Mr. Sandberg says:

"I suffered from a catarrhal condition for a number of years. Of late years it has been much worse, and I began to fear I never would get rid of it. I had severe headaches nearly all the time. At times I would have a bad cough; I was constantly raising mucus; my head would stop up, and hard lumps formed in the nostrils; my ears became affected.

Charles J. Sandberg, Corner Collingwood Avenue and Lafayette Street.

I had a constant roaring and buzzing sound that impaired my hearing; the sense of smell was nearly gone and my breath was offensive. My tonsils became so enlarged as to change my voice and make speaking difficult. I had pains in my chest—sharp, shooting pains that would extend to my back. I had night sweats and my appetite was poor; I suffered considerably from constipation, and in fact, my whole system was run down.

"Some time ago I began treatment with Dr. Copeland and associates, whose offices are at 706 Madison street. They have done for me more than any other doctors or all the patent medicines and remedies that I have taken. I have increased in weight several pounds. I can sleep well. In fact, I feel better to-day than I have for many years.

They Have Cured Me,

And I cheerfully recommend them to those suffering as I did. Dr. Copeland and associates are gentlemen; physicians of ability; and are doing a great amount of good to suffering humanity in this city."

$5.00 PER MONTH.

CATARRH AND KINDRED DISEASES TREATED AT THE UNIFORM RATE OF $5 A MONTH UNTIL APRIL 10TH—MEDICINES FURNISHED FREE.

Their Credentials.

As has been said, Dr. W. H. Copeland is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, of the City of New York, was president of his class in that famous institution and after thorough hospital training and experience devoted his time and attention to the special lines of practice noted below. Years of experience in their special lines, preceded by extensive hospital work, has fitted Dr. Copeland and his associates in a notable degree for the practice of their profession.

Dr. Copeland and associates are permanently located in this city. Their lease and contracts are for a term of years.

Dr. Copeland and associates treat successfully all curable cases at the Copeland Medical Institute, 706 Madison St. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Specialties—Catarrh and all diseases of the eye, ear, throat and lungs, chronic diseases.

Many cases treated successfully by mail. Send 2-cent stamp for question blank.

Address all mail to

COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 706 Madison Street, Toledo, O.

Nervous Diseases Cured.

Skin Diseases Cured.

Catarrh Cured.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front rooms, heated, suitable for one or two gentlemen; also single sleeping rooms. Call at 116 Erie street. 26jan6p

It is thought that the mountain near Cascade Springs, S. D., contains a subterranean lake of hot water. This is due to the fact that the intensely cold weather of the past week there revealed huge volumes of steam issuing from the mountain side, which appeared to be honeycombed with holes made by the steam.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!! CLOAKS!!!

DON'T MISS THE BANKRUPT SALE!

THE FUN LASTS UNTIL JAN. 30.

Owing to the backward season we have about one-half of our large consignment of Cloaks left. We did not sell as many garments as we should have, before the holidays, and of course must sell them now. But how? Not by selling an $18 garment for $15: not by selling a $12.50 garment for $10. This would not have the desired effect; we might sell a few goods at those prices; that is not what we want; they must all go. Now see how we will do it. Read these prices:

Ladies' Plush Cloaks, former price - - - $35.00 now $15.00
Ladies' Plush Cloaks, former price - - - 30.00 now 12.50
Ladies' Plush Cloaks, former price - - - 25.00 now 9.00

Ladies' Fur-Trimmed Reefers in tan and gray, were $20, now $9.
Misses' Jackets, never sold less than $7, go for $3.
Misses' Newmarkets, well worth $5, going in this sale for 1.50.
Children's Cloaks in endless variety at proportionately low prices.

You want these goods. We don't. We must straighten our account with the court, and have until January 30 to do it. Now don't delay. This is the chance of a life-time. Sale closes January 30. Positively continues no longer.

GREAT BANKRUPT CLOAK SALE,

408 Monroe Street - - - Under Wheeler Opera House.

M. JUDD'S THIRTY-DAY REDUCTION SALE

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS I WILL SELL

Jewelry at	25	Per Cent. Off.	Opera Glasses	25	Per Cent. Off.
Silver-Plated Ware	25	" "	Umbrellas	25	" "
Bronzes	25	" "	Music Boxes	25	" "
Clocks	25	" "	Watches (GOLD AND SILVER)	20	" "
Bric-a-Brac	25	" "	Precious Stones (MOUNTED)	15	" "
Gold-Headed Canes	25	" "	Sterling Silver Ware,	15	" "

I must reduce stock. Call and examine goods and prices. Everything warranted as represented; $100.00 worth of goods for $75.00; $60.00 Watch for $48.00. Don't fail to avail yourself of this unusual opportunity.

M. JUDD, - - - - Summit Street.

THE ABOVE PRICES FOR CASH ONLY.

MAKES NO REPLY.

Continued from First

United, this would give at least 35,000 troops who have seen service and have been engaged in fierce and bitter conflict. The men are brave and make no mean adversaries, particularly in the interior mountainous districts, of which they know every by-path.

In 1884 their army establishment was reduced from about 13,500 officers and men to 10,400, and this number has been still further diminished, until now they are down to what might be termed their peace establishment of a little more than 6,000, organized into eight battalions of infantry, three regiments of cavalry, two regiments of light artillery, and one of heavy artillery for the seacoast defences. In addition to their regular army there is a national guard of almost 51,000 officers and men, to which every Chilean citizen able to bear arms is supposed to belong.

The government is wise enough to arm its troops with modern weapons and to keep up in this respect with the rapid improvements being made by the European powers. Herr Krupp's guns were considered by Germany as superior to those of all other types, and were issued to her artillery; so Chile ordered a lot, and her field guns are all of that pattern. The Franco-Prussian war proved them a most excellent weapon. Germany, Austria and Belgium decided upon the Mannlicher magazine rifle as being the best, and Chile, following their example, has armed her troops with the same gun.

In their cavalry the Chileans have a very strong, hard body of men. Some of their marches over the rough mountain country have been phenomenal. Horses, as well as men, have stood the trying ordeals remarkably well. Almost all Chileans are perfectly at home on horseback, and the very flower of the country seems to naturally seek that branch of the service.

UNCLE SAM'S SHIPS.

The War Vessels We Have Now in Southern Waters.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Admiral Walker's fleet that could do good work—he has three old vessels with him—consists of the Chicago, Atlanta and Bennington. The first is 325 feet long, and has a beam of 48 feet, and a displacement of 4,500 tons. She can steam 15 knots, and her main battery consists of four 8-inch, eight 6-inch and two 5-inch breechloading rifles. Her secondary battery is made up of two 6-pound and two 1-pound rapid-firing guns, and four 47 and two 37 millimetre Hotchkiss guns.

The Atlanta's dimensions are: Length, 270 feet; beam, 42, and tonnage, 3,189. She has two 6-pound, two 3-pound and two 1-pound rapid-firing guns, and two 47 and two 37 millimetre Hotchkiss guns.

The Bennington is 234 feet long, her beam is 36 feet and her displacement 1,700 tons. Her battery consists of eight 5-inch breechloading rifles and two 6-pound, two 3-pound and one 1-pound rapid-firing guns and two 37 millimetre Hotchkiss guns.

Admiral Gherardi has now the Philadelphia and Concord. The Philadelphia's length is 327 feet, her beam 48 1-2 feet and her displacement 4,324 tons. She has 12 6-inch breechloading rifles, four 6-pound, four 3-pound and two 1-pound rapid-firing guns and three 37 millimetre Hotchkiss guns.

The Concord is 234 feet long, 36 feet beam, and, with a displacement of 1,700 tons, has eight 4-inch breechloading rifles, two 6-pound, two 3-pound and one 1-pound rapid-firing guns, and two 37 millimetre Hotchkiss guns.

CHARGED WITH TRICKERY.

Was President Harrison Playing With the People?

Washington, Jan. 26.—(Special)—There is a grave suspicion excited in the minds of a great many gentlemen on the floor of the house that the president was cognizant of a desire on the part of Chile to reply to the ultimatum of this government which was transmitted on the 21st.

That he knew Chile was on the eve of apology, but in the face of that knowledge he sent to congress his message for the purpose of buncombe and campaign material.

It was with this idea in view that Mr. Breckenridge introduced his resolution.

Among a great many the opinion is entertained that the president put a great deal of blood-thirsty talk into his message only to play the masses, knowing that a Chilean apology was on the wires.

There has been nothing official concerning the Chilean apology and the situation is unchanged.

ALL READY TO FIGHT.

The United States Would Have a Powerful Army.

Washington, Jan. 26.—To-day activity about the war and navy departments was resumed, war and naval officials were in constant consultation and Commodore Ramsey and Adjutant General Williams, of the war department, had a conference of almost an hour as to the disposition of United States troops, their present location, etc. It is stated on high military authority that the army is in condition for immediate service. Twenty thousand United States troops could be thrown into Chile and 100,000 militia, commanded by United States officers, are also ready for service. Col. P. J. O'Kelly, of the Second regiment of Irish volunteers, of New York city, this morning called at the war department and tendered Secretary Elkins the services of his regiment in the event of trouble with Chile. The regiment is composed of 1,000 men. Congressman Stalhnecker accompanied Mr. O'Kelly, and said that the Second regiment was one of the crack organizations of the country and would acquit itself with credit should its services be required. Secretary Elkins promised to consider the offer and said he would accept the services of the regiment if he found it necessary.

More Battle Ships.

Washington, Jan. 26.—A bill introduced by Senator Hale yesterday is of special interest in view of the Chilean imbroglio. For the purpose of increasing the national establishment the bill authorizes the president to have constructed three battle ships of 7,500 to 10,000 tons displacement, two armored coast defense vessels, five gunboats of 800 to 1,200 tons displacement and eight first-class torpedo boats. If the secretary of the navy shall be unable to contract at reasonable prices for the building of any of the vessels, the bill provides that he may build such vessel, or any part thereof, in navy yards, to be designated by the secretary.

Towards the constructions of the vessels with their engines, boilers and machinery $3,000,000 is appropriated and toward their armament $1,000,000.

New Chilean Cruiser.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Authentic information was received here to-day from England that the Chilean government had just purchased the new cruiser now being built at Armstrong's shipyard, Newcastle, and that her completion is being rapidly pushed. This vessel is described as a high speed 3,000 ton cruiser, very similar to the cruiser "Twenty-fifth of May" recently constructed by the same firm for the Argentine republic.

Ready to Fight.

New York, Jan. 26.—One thousand men have already had their names enrolled in the "First New York Volunteer Infantry for Chilean service," and to-day Col. James G. McMurray wrote to the secretary of war offering the services of his company should war with Chile be declared.

The volunteers are mostly young men, but include many veterans of the civil war, several men who have seen action in European and South American countries, and a few who have served in the Mexican campaign.

The company can be sworn and mustered in a few hours' notice, and Mr. McMurray says that in 28 hours he would have no difficulty in raising a brigade.

The Montauk.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—To equip and repair the iron turreted steel-hulled monitor, the Montauk, the United States government will expend $25,000. That amount will be required according to a report forwarded from the league island navy yard by the board of naval officers to the navy department at Washington.

Light Field Guns.

Bethlehem, Jan. 26.—Senator Hawley, chairman of the senate military committee, visited the ordnance department of the Bethlehem Iron Works to-day. He was in consultation with Superintendent John Fritz with reference to the manufacture of light field guns in case of war with Chile

Torpedo Flasks.

Bethlehem, Pa., Jan. 26.—The first flask of domestic manufacture for the 100 whitehead torpedoes for the navy was tested at the works of the E. W. Bliss company last Friday. It is about 5 feet long, 17 3-4 inches in diameter, with a shell 34-100 of an inch thick, and was made by the Bethlehem Iron Co.

Having successfully withstood the test the flask was accepted by the navy department. The test consisted of filling the flask with oil and subjecting it to a pressure of 2,025 pounds to the square inche. The thin shell withstood the pressure without leakage, and the cylinder recovered its original dimensions when the pressure was removed.

In addition the diameter of the cylinder must not, when the pressure is 1,350 pounds to the square inch, expand more than 1-15th of an inch. The company has contracted to make five experimental flasks.

The contract for 100 torpedo-firing flasks will shortly be awarded by the navy department. It took European ordnance men a generation to perfect the flask, but the Bethlehem Iron Co. was successful in its first attempt. The report of last Friday's test was sent to Washington, but has not yet been made public.

Plenty of Volunteers.

Wilmington, Del. Jan. 26.—Troop B, First cavalry, H. G. D., has volunteered to go to Chile in the event of war.

The Yorktown.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Secretary Tracy has received a dispatch from Commander Evans of the United States cruiser Yorktown announcing the arrival of the vessel at Callao, Peru.

This is the port to which the Yorktown was ordered to convey the Balmaceda refugees taken aboard at Valparaiso. The secretary said he could not make public the text of the dispatch to-night as it is in cipher.

Germany Not In It.

Berlin, Jan. 26.—The newspapers of this city do not comment to-day upon the trouble between Chile and the United States and the matter does not attract much interest here.

Some of the newspapers yesterday were divided in their opinion of President Harrison's action; but it was believed it would be a bloodless quarrel.

French Comment.

Paris, Jan. 26.—The foreign editors of the Journal Des Debats, Figaro, Republique, Siecle, Gaulois, and Eclair, have assured a correspondent of the United Press that they believe there will be no war between the United States and Chile. These assurances were given previous to the receipt here of the cable message to the effect that Chile had, practically, made a full apology to the United States.

The Paris newspapers, however, do not comment on the Chilean troubles.

From Evans

Washington, Jan. 26.—The full text of the dispatch received at the navy department last night from commander Evans is as follows:

Callao, Peru, Jan. 25.

Secretary of the Navy:

The Yorktown arrived to-day. Refugees have been landed. Will be ready for sea as soon as coaled. If the Yorktown is to remain here long enough I should very much like to give the crew liberty. Delayed on account of fog two days off Callao.

EVANS.

GREAT ALTERATION AND ENLARGEMENT SALE

OF

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing at 25 to 50 Per Cent. Reduction!

The Model Clothing House is to be enlarged on account of the increase of business by adding another store, which will make a frontage of 60 feet on Summit street. When completed, will be the largest and most complete clothing house in the city.

On accountof this change we have decided to give our patrons a benefit for their liberal patronage in the past by inaugurating a GRAND ALTERATION AND ENLARGEMENT SALE at a LIBERAL REDUCTION REGARDLESS OF COST.

We have no fire-smoked or water-soaked or damaged goods to offer at 1-3 off or 1-2 off at marked-up prices, but a BONA FIDE REDUCTION from our present low prices of from 25 to 50 per cent., which means lower prices than have ever been offered by any other clothing house in the city.

Our reputation for BEST QUALITY, BEST FITTING, BEST MAKES and LOWEST PRICES is undisputed and needs no comment. Remember we are the Model Clothing House, corner Summit and Jefferson streets, and are NOT CONNECTED with any other clothing house in the city. No goods sold on credit during this sale. We invite inspection, and remember the old adage, "The Early Bird Gets the Worm."

THE MODEL CLOTHING HOUSE,

NELLIS & HATTENBACH, Prop'rs,

201, 203 and 205 Summit Street, Cor. Jefferson.

A COLUMN OF SMILES

Director in a Bank.

"What has become of Charley?" inquired a St. Paul young lady whose mental attainments and artistic accomplishments alone rival her acknowledged beauty. The young gentleman to whom she spoke turned suddenly with a look of unconcealed surprise.

"Why, have you not heard," he replied, not heard about Charley? Charley is in a bank."

"Indeen; I am glad to learn that he has secured so lucrative a position. I suppose he is a teller, or receiver, or register, or something of that sort."

"Oh, no, you mistake; Charley, why, Charley is a director."

"A director! A bank director! That can hardly be possible."

"Yes, but it is. Charley directs envelopes."—St. Paul Globe.

Kismet.

It was on an electric car, bound from Harvard square to Boston. He was a susceptible Harvard student, she as pretty a girl as you could wish to see. He wore an immaculate white scarf and was arrayed like a lily of the field. She had brown eyes that extended back to her soul, and she knew how to use them. She left the car at the central gate of the Common, and he sighed and watched her through the car window until she was out of sight.

An hour later he was strolling through West street viewing the shoppers with a critical eye. Sudddenly from the mysterious interior of a dry goods store, a bundle in her hand, her cheeks flushed with the ardor of the chase, she came forth, fairer than before. And underneath the immaculate scarf he felt a joyous commotion.

At 1 o'clock he was at the Adams house, and, as in duty bound, made a cursory examination of the ladies' dining room. He had inspected scarcely half the tables when his heart stopped and his eye was riveted. Just underneath a mirror she sat, divested of her wraps and nothing short of ravishing.

"It is fate," said he, and stared at her until there was danger of the head waiter calling the police.

At 4 o'clock he was hurrying up Tremont street in the overture of a threatening rain storm. bound for Park square. In front of the Tremont theater he thought of his immaculate scarf and fine raiment, and sought shelter in a doorway.

Another moment and the world around him grew misty. She stood beside him, her skirts in hand and despair in her face, without mackintosh or umbrella to shield her from the rain.

He glanced at her a moment, rolled up his $12 trousers and departed on a run. A few doors down the street was a furnishing store. He dashed into it.

"Give me an umbrella, quick," he said.

"Here is one," said the clerk, "$4.50, genuine natural wood and—

"Hang the wood," said he.

He dived into his pocket. A $2 bill, two ones and 45 cents in change.

"Call it $4.445. It's all I've got."

"All right," said the clerk.

He threw down the money and rushed back to the doorway.

She was gone.

Then he raised his umbrella and started to walk to Cambridge.—Boston Herald.

Every Man Should Own One.

"Collar buttons, five a tozen." It was the voice of Pouliski, the peddler, as he pushed his head through the swinging doors of a Ninth street saloon. "Hey, Whiskers," called Billy Gayboy as he held his glass, "Have yer got any o' them 'lectric light collar buttons that shine in the dark when yer loose 'em under the bureau?"

"No, sir," said the peddler.

"Nor any of them with the whistling attachment so's you can always locate them when you lose 'em?" asked another.

"No, sir;" said the peddler.

"Well, then get along," said Gayboy. "You haven't got anything we want."

"Vel I tell you vat I haf got," said Pouliski. "I haf got some of dem talking collar buttons."

"That beats us. What are they?" asked one of the crowd.

"Dem, sir, are de kind vot do dere own swearin' ven you lose dem under de bureau."—Philadelphia Record.

New Way to Capture Criminals.

King Oscar of Sweden was passing through a small town the other day, which was gaily decorated, when a gorgeous transparency attracted his attention. It hung on a sombre-looking building and read:

"Welcome, your majesty!"

"What is that building?" asked the king.

And a magistrate aswered, "The county jail."

Midget's Good Reason.

Our Midget is a little over 3 years old. She was taken down to Coney island, and after an hour or two spent in seeing the sights it was ordained that her nurse should give her a dip in the salt waters of old ocean. In the bath-house the object of her visit to the beach was made known to her, but when she reached the water's edge she flatly refused to be taken in.

"Nursey," said she, "I'm all over feared."

"But, Midget, you bathe in the water every day at home."

"Yes," said Midget, "that's in my little tub. This tub's too big, too big entirely."

And we brought her home without her sea bath.—Harper's Young People.

Not from College.

"This city is overrun with college girls." said Rowell to his friend Powell. Powell was a stranger and Rowell was showing him around and the remark was made as they rode down town on a Chestnut street car. "There is something distinctive about the college girls," continued Rowell. "You can tell one wherever or whenever you see her. In the first place her feet are conspicuous by their neatness and by the fact that they are always on the floor whether she sits or stands. Her hands seem to be always in the right place, and there is something about her general carriage that seems to proclaim. 'I am an educated woman.' Now that girl sitting opposite us is a college woman. I'll bet my head, in order to prove it I'll find out. Now listen to her quiet manner as she replies to me." and moving across the car Rowell addressed the miss: "Excuse me, miss. You are probably acquainted in the city, I am not. Can you tell me where the Drexel building is? I've asked the conductor, but he doesn't seem to know."

"Oh! What guff's this yer givin' me? I guess yer take me fer a Chestnut street chippie, don't yer? If yer think yer can pick me up you're mistaken. I'm a perfeck lady. I am."

Rowell and Powell did not wait to get off at the Drexel building.—Philadelphia Record.

A Boston Parrot.

A parrot that lived on the Back Bay, Boston, insited upon talking the other day when her master, a rather choleric old gentleman, wanted to have a nap.

At last, very much out of temper he took Polly out of her cage, and gave her a vigorous shaking, putting her back, saying, "Now keep, still will you "

For a moment there was silence, then Polly broke out in a shrill voice with, "Whew, how the wind blows!"

SHE CUT HER TO DEATH.

Sensational Tragedy on the Streets of Memphis.

Former Friends Meet in Deadly Combat.

Miss Alice Mitchell Assaults Miss Freda Ward With a Keen-Edged Razor With Fatal Results.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 26.—The most sensational tragedy which has occurred in Memphis for years was committed yesterday afternoon.

The victim was a young lady, and her slayer was of the same sex. Both were familiar figures in society, and the awful affair is the talk of the town.

A few minutes before 4 o'clock a buggy containing Miss Alice Mitchell and Lizzie Johnston drove up to the broad sidewalk around Custom House block, leading to the levee. The lines were in the hands of Miss Johnston, and beside her, calm and self-possessed, sat Miss Mitchell.

Coming slowly up the steep incline from the river were Miss Freda Ward, of Gold Dust, Ark., and her sister Jo, who had just put another sister, Mrs. Cummings, aboard the steamer Rosa Lee for Gold Dust, Ark.

The young ladies were soon opposite the carriage, chatting pleasantly and paying no attention to surroundings.

Suddenly from out the carriage at a bound came Miss Mitchell. Grasping Miss Ward by the neck she drew a bright razor from out the folds of her dress and without a word drew it across the throat of her victim.

Miss Ward sank to the pavement in an instant, the blood pouring from the severed jugular. The murdered girl's sister, who had by this time recovered from her astonishment, grappled with the woman and tried to hold her, but in a twinkling she, too, received a cut, but luckily only a trifling one, near the ear.

Miss Mitchell being freed from Miss Ward, jumped into the buggy in an instant, and with the exclamation, "Drive on; I've done it!" seized the whip, and with Miss Johnston still holding the lines the pair were soon around the corner into Madison street and away from the scene of the tragedy.

At 6 o'clock Chief of Police Davis had arrested Miss Mitchell, who was found at her home on Union street, and conveyed her to jail in a carriage.

The cause of the killing is not positively apparent, as Miss Mitchell refuses to say a word to anybody on the subject. It is said, however, that Miss Ward, who is visiting in this city, had on former trips to Memphis been the guest of Miss Mitchell.

Lately, however, she refused to partake of the hospitality of the Mitchell household, and also refused to recognize Miss Mitchell on the street. It is alleged further by several persons that Miss Ward has made remarks of a decidedly uncomplimentary nature regarding Miss Mitchell, and this latter allegation is supposed to have been the cause of the tragedy.

Miss Mitchell is the 18-year old daughter of George Mitchell, a retired furniture dealer, and she and Miss Johnston, in the latter's stylish "turnout," were a familiar sight on the different drives about the city. Miss Ward is the daughter of John Ward, a planter and wealthy merchant of Gold Dust, Ark.

At the inquest the jury rendered a verdict charging Miss Mitchell with the killing, and that it was premeditated.

DOES ANY ONE KNOW HER?

Says She Is Zachary Taylor's Niece and Married a Toledo Man.

New Yorkers, through Rev. Dr. Deems, pastor of the Church of the Strangers, are interested in the care of an aged lady named Mrs. J. F. Sanchez, who has been found living in that city amid squalid surroundings, and claims to be Zachary Taylor's niece. The World reports an interview between Mrs. Sanchez and a daughter of Joseph Taylor, brother of Zachary, as follows:

Neither woman had ever seen the other before. The daughter of Joseph Taylor was the first to speak. "I knew all my cousins," she said, "but I cannot see how you are one of them."

"My father's name was John Warren Taylor," said Mrs. Sanchez.

"There were only three brothers altogether," was the response, "Zachary, Joseph and Hancock."

"Who knows but there was a fourth?" asked Dr. Deems.

"I don't know how that may be," Mrs. Sanchez replied, "but I'll explain everything as far as I can. I was born in Wheeling, W. Va., just 65 years ago. My father was John Warren Taylor. He always talked of Zachary Taylor as his brother, and my brother John and I always referred to him as Uncle Zachary. My brother was killed in the battle of Shiloh. My father was interested in railroading, and when I was about 15 years old I went with him on a business trip to Maumee, O. We stopped on the way, at Toledo, where I met Mr. Chipman, who became my husband a few years later. After our marriage I went to Cheboygan, Wis., with my husband, who engaged in the lumber business there. After 15 years Mr. Chipman died and I came to New York.

"We were quite well off and I lived quietly but very respectably. In 1866 I married J. F. Sanchez, at that time consul to the United States from Venezuela. He died that same year. I was living then at No. 27 Madison avenue. After a short time my funds dwindled away and I turned my residence into a boarding-house. One of my boarders was Gen. Graham, a brother of James Lorimer Graham. I failed as a boarding-house keeper and since 1870 I have had a painful struggle for existence."

Dr. Deems is raising $250, the sum necessary for admission to the New York Home for the Aged, where it is hoped Mrs. Sanchez can spend her remaining years. She is probably not an impostor, but mistaken as to the degree of relationship between her father and the ex-president. It will be interesting to know if any of the Maumee or Toledo people remember the lady or her first husband, Mr. Chipman.

THE GAS TRUSTEES

Pass Upon Several Bills and Hear Some Complaints.

The regular meeting of the gas trustees was held last evening, at which anxious creditors and other dissatisfied persons were present. Judge Harmon appeared to press a claim of $958 that had been transferred to him. A motion was made and carried to pay half in cash and the remainder in certificates.

Keller Bros., plumbers, again presented their bill, which amounts to $701.51, and it was decided to pay them in full.

J. C. Meissner was present. He said he did not like the idea of paying for gas he didn't get. He wanted justice and the board agreed that he ought to have it, so the matter was referred to the manager to investigate and report. In due time Mr. Meissner will probably get his justice, even if he don't get his gas.

The all-important matter of the salaries of the trustees for December then came up. Mr. Greene said that they should not be paid if other people were not. President Parsons magnanimously moved that the payment be postponed, but it was not seconded. The recommendation of the committee was to pay the salaries and the committee should not be disregarded in this matter, so the salaries were ordered paid, much against the wills of the trustees, but as a matter of duty and business.

Immediately following payment on two bills of the Toledo Truck and Storage company was postponed.

Kerlin Bros. presented a claim amounting to $10,992.14. President Parsons was instructed to confer with the city solicitor in the matter.

Wm. McMahon's claim for $4,720.21 was ordered paid in certificates. The bill of John Hoff for $989.90 was also considered, and one-half was ordered paid in cash and the balance credited to his account.

The president was requested to prepare and submit the annual report.

A BLAZE IN COLUMBUS.

A Whole Block of Buildings in Flames.

Two Opera Houses Add to the Fuel.

Half a Million Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed Before the Conflagration Could be Controlled.

Columbus, O., Jan. 26.—At 7.45 this morning fire started in the third story of J. N. Godman's shoe factory in the Metropolitan opera house block, and because of delay in sending in an alarm, the handsome and costly block was enveloped in flames quite beyond the power of the fire department to control.

The whole block from Rich street to Walnut, and from High to Pearl will be a total loss. Among the business concerns in the block are:

A. Swerner's drug store.
Stettenhauser's wholesale liquor store.
J. Barcus, grocery.
H. & N. Gundersheimer, clothing.
Halliday & Higgins, shoes.
J. N. Godman, leather and shoes.
Sloane's cafe.
Seibert & Lilley, bookbinders.
Dr. Evans, eye and ear dispensary.
Staley & Morton, dry goods.
The Gazette Printing company,
L. M. Barker, art gallery.
Metropolitan opera house, the oldest and finest in the city.

The loss will probably reach half a million dollars.

Columbus, Jan. 26.—The Bijou theater is now on fire.

The fire is now under control, and was confined to the Metropolitan opera house block. The south third of the block was owned by a Philadelphia capitalist, J. A. Jeffrey, who is represented here by Walter Morrison. His loss is $50,000, insured for $35,000.

Isaac Eberly owns the central third, including the Metropolitan opera house. His loss is $75,000; insured for $53,000. George Foster owns the north third of the block. His loss is $40,000. The losses of the concerns occupying the block and their insurance are as follows:

A. Zwerner, drug store, loss $6,000; insurance $3,000.

Steinhauser, wholesale liquors, loss $10,-000; insured for $6,000.

Godman, shoe and leather, loss $20,000; insurance $16,000.

J. H. Barcus, groceries, loss $20,000; insurance $11,000.

H. & N. Gunderscheimer, clothing, loss $15,000. insurance $11,000.

W. H. Halliday, shoes, loss slight as most of his goods were saved, fully insured.

Staley & Morton's dry goods stock was insured for $35,000, which will more than cover loss, as much of the finer stock was removed.

The Gazette Printing company, loss $20,000; insurance, $10,000.

L. M. Baker, photographer, loss $10,-000; insurance unknown.

Siebert & Lilley, bookbinders, loss $30,000; insurance $15,000.

Dixon & Talbot, lessees of the opera house, $2,000; no insurance.

Daily Express, newspaper, loss $6,000; insurance $4,000.

Modjeska was to have appeared at the Metropolitan to-night and some of her stage property was in the opera house and was lost.

Sloane & Beck's restaurant and saloon were also in this block and there were many offices in the upper stories, whose combined loss will be very great. Absolutely nothing was saved there. Harvey Coit, a real estate broker, reports $100,000 in notes in his safe which was not fire proof.

THE GERMANS UP IN ARMS

Against the Possible Appointment

Of Mayor Emmick as Oil Inspector—Protest to be Sent to Governor McKinley.

For some time Mayor Emmick has been quietly laying the ropes with a view to securing the very enviable position of oil inspector, with all the emoluments thereto belonging. The mayor appears, however, to have run against a snag, as a remonstrance is in the hands of several Germans, and is being numerously signed, those interested saying that the documents will have 1,500 names on them before to-night.

The following is a copy of the protest: Hon. William McKinley, Governor:

We, the undersigned German citizens and republicans of the city of Toledo, have learned that Mr. Vincent J. Emmick will be a candidate for oil inspector of Ohio. He claims to be a representative of the German republicans of Toledo. We therefore most earnestly protest against the appointment, as he is not the choice of the German republicans, neither is he the choice of a majority of other citizens of Toledo.

Among those who have signed the protest are Fielbach Bros., Fritz Brenzinger, Fred Seyfang, Chas. Bolinger, Joseph Heinl, Jacob Mertens, M. Seyfang and Philip Volk.

Thus far the muss has been kept within the republican ranks, but with the senatorial fight and other scraps the party has on its hands, there is a bright day ahead for the democrats of Toledo.

Mayor Emmick expects the state appointment, and states the opposition will not reach the proportions expected by his enemies.

PIONEER NOTES.

Pioneer, Jan. 26.—(Special)—Mrs. G. R. Joy has died at her home in this place. Mr. Joy and wife were among the early settlers here, and with their family is widely and favorably known.

Rev. Beardley, Baptist, has closed a three weeks meeting here, and Rev. Bodine, of the Radical United Brethern church, has begun a protracted meeting in the Baptist church.

Rev. Colgan has so far recovered from the grip as to hold services on last Sunday.

Mrs. Susan Kenyon, mother of Editor Kenyon of the West Unity Reporter, spent Sunday here with Mrs. Prof. F. Smith.

Dr. R. Gaudern has been ill with la grippe, but is again in his office.

BUY GOOD GOODS!

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

WE SELL THE BEST.

In Lamps: The Pittsburgh.
In Cut Glass: Libbey's.
In China: Haviland's.
Our Prices: Alway Correct.

L. HASSENZAHL

232 and 234 Summit St.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price Current for Produce and Other Articles.

London wheat firmly held. English and French country markets lower. Liverpool wheat demand poor; corn steady with a fair demand.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 321,970 bu, compared with 184,572 bu on the same day last year.

New York Produce Exchange Weekly says: The wheat on passage from India, January 5, estimated by Beerbohm at 3,568,000 bu., including 2,824,000 bu. to the United Kingdom and 744,000 bu. to the continent. One year ago the quantity afloat from India was 2,776,000 bu., comprising 1,976,000 bu. for the United Kingdom and 800,000 bu. for the continent.

There was another spurt last week in India wheat exports, the total being unexpectedly large. As yet no official report on the growing wheat crop has been published but private reports are not nearly as favorable as a year ago, some of the districts supplying Bombay, being especially affected, owing to the failure of the monsoon rains.

Shipments of wheat from India last week equaled 980,000 bu. Previous week 1,100,000 bu. From April 1, the commencement of the crop year, to January 23, 48,718,000 bu., compared with 23,-360,000 bu. in the corresponding period in 1890-91.

The imports into the United Kingdom for the week were 1,752,000 bu. of wheat and 221,000 bbls. of flour, equal to 2,-746,000 bu. of wheat and 1,728,000 bu. of corn.

The quantity of flour and wheat on ocean passage increased last week 128,000 bu., being an increase to the United Kingdom of 816,000 bu. and a decrease to the continent of 688,000 bu. Corn increased 1,008,000 bu.

Private cables confirm the decline noted in the early public ones. The English visible supply shows a decrease of 362,-000 bu. Wheat—Receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth 284 cars. Minneapolis reports 80,000 of No. 1 Wheat as marked there to-day for export. Exports from the seaboard to-day only 485,000 bu wheat, including 32,000 bbls of flour and 130,000 bu from New Orleans.

Beerbohm closes Liverpool wheat 1-2d lower for March and 1 1-4d lower for April. Corn 1-2d lower. Paris wheat 10 and flour 20 centimes higher.

In Toledo.—Trading has been light throughout the session, prices remaining steady until just before the close, when prices rallied on increased export business at Minneapolis and more war rumors.

Cash wheat sales include Lake Shore and D. & M. No. 2 at 92c and Wabash 91 3-4c. At the close regular 92c bid.

May opened on call at 96 1-2c and 96 3-8c. After call started at 96 3-8c, sold down to 96 1-4c, then up to 96 3-4c, back to 96 5-8c, closing at 96 5-8c asked; July sales at 92 1-2@92 5-8c; No. 3 soft sales at 89c; rejected No. 1 at 86c and No. 2 at 80c.

Corn active and lower. Sales include No. 2 at 39 1-2c, No. 3 yellow at 39 1-2c and 39c, and No. 3 at 38 1-2c. Futures neglected.

Oats quiet without trading; No. 2 about 32 1-2c. Rye—No. 2 sales at 85 1-2c. Clover opened on call at $5 85 for January. After call the offerings of March sold that month from $5 77 1-2 down to $5 70, the near-by futures not being so weak.

We quote January and cash as closing at $5 75. Small sale of No. 2 at $5 65. Dressed hogs at $5 25.

In New York January wheat closes 1-4c lower and May 3-8c lower. January corn 1-2c and May 3-8c lower. January oats 1-4c up.

In Chicago May closed 1-2c lower. February corn 1-8c lower and May steady. May oats 1-4c lower.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
New York	39,750	148,025	46,125
Baltimore	4,749	271,301	1,000
Philadelphia	2,858	176,315	20,626
Boston	27,996	26,785	37,98[illegible]
Toledo	15,925	28,300	2,200
Chicago	50,752	221,265	231,311
Milwaukee	35,750	12,760	34,000
St. Louis	42,000	264,000	41,000
Detroit	4,549	1,856	....
Duluth	30,864	....	....
Minneapolis	142,130	....	....

Shipped.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
New York	173,833	95,299	20,256
Baltimore	50,960	....	....
Philadelphia	1,755	223,779	12,762
Toledo	7,200	43,830	1,400
Chicago	48,959	136,461	147,114
Milwaukee	2,200	2,580	9,000
St. Louis	81,000	190,000	36,000
Duluth	4,949	....	....
Minneapolis	26,880	....	....

Markets by Telegraph.

London, Jan. 26.—1:00 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening, firmly held; maize nothing offering. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment, steady; maize, American neglected. English and French country markets very slow and occasionally cheaper. Weather rainy.

Liverpool, Jan. 26.—1:00 p. m.—Wheat market dull, demand poor, holders offer moderately. American mixed corn steady, demand fair. Wheat off coast demand poor; corn fair.

New York, Jan. 26.—Money loaned easy at 1 1-2@2 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates $4 85@4 87; actual rates $4 83 3-4@4 84 for 60 days and $4 85 3-4 @4 86 for demand.

Governments steady; currency 6s $1 09 bid; 4s coup. $1 15 1 2 bid; extended 2s registered $1 00 bid.

New York, Jan. 26.—Flour dull and heavy; Minn. extra, $3 30@5 30; city mill, West Indies, $5 00@5 10; superfine, $2 90@3 50; fine, $2 60@3 30. Wheat opened weak at 1c decline and at noon was steady about the opening prices; No. 2 red winter $1 04 cash; $1 02 1-4, January; $1 02 1-2, February; $1 03 1-4, March; $1 02 1-2, May. Corn opened 3-8c lower; No. 2 mixed cash, 49 3-8c: 48 1-2c February and March; 48 1-4c April. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed, 35 1-2c cash; 34 1-2c, March. Rye dull and lower; 94@96c for whole range. Barley quiet and unchanged. Molasses steady; Cuba 50 test quoted at 13c; New Orleans new crop, 30@37c. Sugar, refined quiet; cutloaf and crushed, 5 1-8c; powdered, 4 1-4@4 3-8c; granulated, 4 1-8@4 3-8c. Coffee dull; fair cargoes, 16 1-4c. Rice nominal. Pork dull; mess, $9 75@10 75. Lard quiet; $6 87 bid March; $7 03, May. Butter steady; western extra, 31@31 1-2c. Cheese, state factory fancy, 11 3-4@12c. Eggs dull; state fresh, 24@24 1-2c. Turpentine easier at 34 1-4@34 3-4c. Rosin dull; strained to good, $1 35@1 40. Tallow quiet; prime city, 4 3-4c. Petroleum nominal. Freights steady; grain to Glasgow, 4 1-2d.

Taylor's flour is used by all the leading bakers because they find it the best and most reliable flour in the market.

SENECA COUNTY JURORS.

Tiffin, Jan. 26.—Following are the grand and petit jurors of Seneca county drawn for the term of court which commences February 22: Samuel Nighswahder, Philip Rhein, C. J. Harris, Henry Kissabeth, Francis M. Hart, Joseph H. Ranker, W. H. Myers, John Philips, Jeptha Lott, James Patterson, Joseph L. Anyway, Adam Kissabeth, Joseph Shirkey, B. Frank Myers and David Holmes; petit jury, Andrew Henry, William Boyd, Conrad Dieles, Levi Lanman, Reinhart Diringer, H. H. Seiple, Levi Adams, Chas. Rauhart, Mm. C. Callahan, Joseph Thiel, Jacob L. Kenower and John Summers.

Taylor's flour is used by domestic consumers because they can always depend upon it.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

Tiffin, Jan. 26.—(Special)—Prof. William Cross, taxidermist at Heidelberg university, has brought sut against Rev. John Kost, the late chancellor of that institution, for whose retirement so much pressure was brought to bear, to recover damages in the suit of $5,000, which the plaintiff alleges in his petition that he has sustained by the action of the defendant.

Taylor's flour needs no baking directions because it contains no foreign ingredients nor adulterants.

Taylor's flour is the cheapest and best flour in the market.

A MYSTERY.

A Man Drops Out of a Third Story Window and Disappears.

A very curious and startling incident happened at the Merchants hotel last night and it is also something of a mystery. About 3 o'clock this morning Louis Holt, the bar tender, was sitting in the hotel office, when he saw a man drop down the front of the hotel to the sidewalk and run down Perry street.

Holt started in pursuit but could not catch the fellow, and he disappeared over the Swan creek bridge.

Upon investigation it was discovered that the man was John Winkleman, a guest of the hotel who had arrived last evening, and registered from Kalida, O. He had paid for supper, lodging and breakfast and was perfectly sober when he went to bed. To get out the way he did he dropped from a third-story window to the balcony at the second story and from there to the ground. He had on all his clothes, but left some soiled linen in the room.

He has not returned, nor has he been seen since and the case is a profound mystery, as the hotel people can offer no probable explanation for his strange action and disappearance.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPIC.

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

BONDS DID NOT SELL.

Auditor Walker had several lots of improvement bonds to sell last night, but there were no bids, consequently the ways and means committee did not hold a meeting.

THE MILITARY AT TRINITY.

The Toledo Cadets and Battery "D," First Artillery, O. N. G., have accepted Rev. Scadding's invitation and will attend the service at Trinity church next Sunday night in a body. The service will be fully choral and the sermon will be delivered by the Rev. Lindsay Parker, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

THEY DANCE TO-NIGHT.

This evening the Knights of Maccabees of this city and vicinity will enjoy a reception, entertainment and ball at Memorial hall. There will be addresses by a number of gentlemen prominent in the order, among them being Hon. D. P. Markey, Major N. S. Boyton and Ed. L. Young. It will prove a most enjoyable gathering.

THE TAXPAYERS' MEETING.

Yesterday afternoon a number of business men met at the office of Mr. Geo. H. Ketcham to discuss the matter of the gas trustees issuing bonds to replace the certificates of indebtedness. Hon. William Baker was appointed a committee to present to the aldermen and Mayor Emmick resolutions adopted at the meeting, which resolutions are given in another column.

A LARK FOR THE CYCLERS.

The Cycling club boys are arranging for some fun. Sixty of them are going to the People's theater to-morrow evening to hear the Wilbur girls sing and take in the grand march. The boys will wear the club colors and will be armed with opera glasses, field glasses, binoculars, astronomical telescopes, and all the other arrangements. The members of the company will make some special cracks at the cyclers, and there will be plenty of fun.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.

William May, a hostler, was tried in police court this morning on a charge of assault and battery. The evidence showed that on last Christmas day May had most brutally pounded William Havers, at the latter's saloon, 226 Oak street. After striking him with his fist May struck him viciously in the face with a long piece of board, containing several rusty nails. Havers' face was badly lacerated and even yet he is in bad condition.

Judge Sala imposed a heavy fine of $100 and costs and six months imprisonment.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. J. A. Walters is ill with la grippe since Sunday.

Mrs. E. H. Bateman, of Eleventh street, went to Detroit to-day to attend the funeral of the late Judge Patcher, which takes place to-morrow.

The Young People's society of the Ashland Avenue Baptist church will hold a novel social on Friday evening in the church. It is entitled a "World's Fair," and the participants will be in costumes representing the countries of the globe.

COAKLEY PLEAD GUILTY

To Manslaughter and Will Have to Pay the Penalty of His Crime.

The Coakley murder trial was assigned for hearing in common pleas court this morning. When court convened Coakley changed his plea of not guilty of murder in the second degree, and plead guilty to manslaughter.

The court room was crowded to suffocation, and a murmur of surprise was heard when the plea was entered.

Judge Lemmon called for light on the case, and testimony was then introduced showing the developments of the fatal scrape, the particulars of which are still fresh in the memory of the public.

Taylor's flour is manufactured in Toledo by Toledo skill, Toledo labor and Toledo capital.

WHITEHOUSE NOTES.

Whitehouse, Jan. 26.—(Special)—George Walp's son was buried yesterday.

Mrs. Jacob Steddenger, of Monclova, was buried yesterday.

The stone quarries are being worked full time.

All cases of weak or lame back, backache, rheumatism, will find relief by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Price 25 cents. Try them.

TAYLOR'S FLOUR.

Taylor's Diadem.
Taylor's Peerless.
Taylor's Choice.
Taylor's Southern Belle.

Sold at all flour and grocery stores in the city.

DIED.

GRANT—Jan. 25th, 1892, at Rockwood, Mich., Flavel Grant, aged 84 years. Funeral at Couldwell's, undertaker, Wednesday, 2:30 p. m.

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—RESPECTABLE MEN TO canvass and collect for insurance; bond required; liberal terms. Inquire Rooms 18 and 19, Drummond Block, cor. Madison and St. Clair streets. 26jan2p

WANTED—LADY STENOGRAPHER—None but experienced person need apply; preference given to person having typewriter. Address F. 71, Bee office. 25

SALOON FOR SALE CHEAP—ALL NEW furniture, and a good location. Address F. 65, Bee office. 26jan2p

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Enquire 723 Erie st. 26jan2p

WANTED—PARTNER TO ENGAGE IN the drug business in one of the finest stores in the city. Address F. 70, care of Bee. 25

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages to right girl. 506 Walbridge ave. 25

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CLERK BY young lady; experience more an object than wages. Address F. 69, Bee office.

WANTED

To rent a building suitable for a large steam bakery; must be near the center of city. Address, F 72, Bee Office.

THE MAJORITY RULES

It is so, 'cause they ALL SAY SO, that the BRUNO GUITARS! —AND THE— LUSCOMB BANJOS

Are the best. Besides these celebrated makes we keep a strictly first-class stock of cheaper grades that we GUARANTEE for TONE and DURABILITY. Our stock of music for Guitar, Banjo and Mandolin is, as usual, right up to the handle. Ask for our catalogue.

IGNAZ. FISCHER,
The Music Dealer of Toledo, 229 SUMMIT STREET

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DRAPERIES,
NEW ART GLASS,
TILES,

LATEST STYLES.

BRIGGS & LEIBIUS,

307 SUMMIT STREET.

DON'T FORGET TO USE OUR "COUPON" BOOK!

There's $10.00 Cash in it for you.

YOU WHO PAY CASH

For your goods, really ought to receive a discount. You ought to be favored more than those who want credit.

ALL BUSINESS MEN

Receive discounts when they pay cash for their goods, why should not the consumer? The primary object of the "Coupon" Book is to stimulate cash trade. Use it and you'll be ahead in cash at the end of the year.

Reinhart & Murphy,
443 Summit Street, near Oak.

20 PER CENT. OFF!

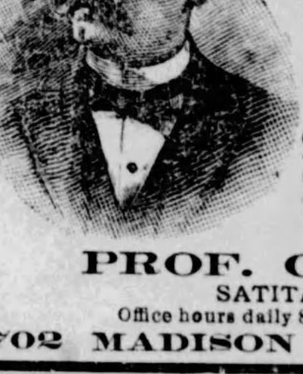
Now is the time to buy an

OVERCOAT, ULSTER,
—OR—
BOYS' CAPE OVERCOAT!

We are selling all Winter Overcoats 20 per cent. off the regular price. Great bargains and splendid values for the money.

FRED EVERSMAN & CO.

$5.00 FOR 30 DAYS!
PROF. CHAMBERS & CO.



Will issue tickets good for one month's treatment. Don't fail to take advantage of this offer and see what we can do for you, no matter what ails you. Come and try it one month and be convinced that we can do more for you than any other institution in the United States.

Dr. C. Storz, who speaks both German and English, will have charge of the Medical Department, his services being procured as Medical Director. All who call will receive Consultation, Examination and One Treatment Free. Those living at a distance can send for question blank and receive a diagnosis Free by mail.

Address or call at
PROF. CHAMBERS & CO.,
SATITARIUM AND INSTITUTE,
Office hours daily 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays 9 a. m. to 1 p. m.
702 MADISON ST. - - TOLEDO, OHIO.

BEE DIRECTORY

TOLEDO'S ENTERPRISING MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS.

TO THE PUBLIC—The firms represented in this Department are reliable in every way. Their goods are the best made and they are recommended to the readers of the BEE in cities and towns everywhere as proper persons with whom to deal. Letters addressed to any of them will receive courteous attention and orders will be promptly filled. These firms do much toward making business of this section brisk at all times, and are worthy of your patronage.

MACHINERY.	MACHINERY.	MACHINERY.	FURNACES
TOLEDO MACHINE & TOOL CO., Mnfrs. of Presses, Dies and Special Machinery, Elevators, Shafting and Pulleys. Cor. Superior and Oak Sts.	Herbert Baker, Planers, Moulders, Saw Benches, Tenoners, etc. Shafting Hangers and Pulleys, 369 and 371 ERIE ST.	Enterprise Machine Co. Foundry and Machine Shop 608 Short st. Repairing Promptly Attended to; castings of all kinds.	Hoffman & Harpst, PRACTICAL TINNERS And dealers in the "Floral City Furnace" 926 CHERRY ST.
SAWS.	PAINTS.	HEATING.	MILLERS.
H. BARTLEY TOLEDO O. The Standard SAW takes the lead. Manufactured by H. BARTLEY, Toledo, O	BUCKEYE PAINT & VARNISH CO. Prepared Paints, White and Colored Leads.	Isaac D. Smead & Co. Warming and Ventilating Engineers, manufacturers of Warming and Ventilating Apparatus.	Bechtol, Carney & Co., CENTRIFUGAL MILLS Mfrs. FLOUR, 229 to 233 Lynn Street
CONTRACTOR.	BRIDGES.	BRIDGES.	SEED MERCHANTS.
T. H. HAMILTON, BRIDGE BUILDER, Pile Driver and General Contractor, HARTFORD BLOCK.	THE SMITH BRIDGE CO TOLEDO, - OHIO	THE MASSILON BRIDGE CO., Massillon, Ohio, TOLEDO OFFICE NOS. 1 & 2 Darst Block, Adams St.	CHAS. STAGER & CO CLOVER AND TIMOTHY, 123 & 125 N. ERIE ST
PORK PACKERS.	CRACKER MFRS.	CARRIAGES.	FILTERS.
JACOB FOLGER, PORK PACKER AND SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER, Dealer in Meats. 87 and 89 St. Clair Street.	M. SEYFANG & Co., Wholesale CRACKER, BREAD and CAKE BAKERS, 17—Market Space—19	FRED. KOPF. Mnfr. Carriages and Wagons Repairs and Painting, 215 Locust St., bet. Summit and Water.	Stevens Filter Co. MFS. OF UPWARD, SELF-CLEANSING FILTERS 222 and 224 Water
BRASS AND IRON.	IRON WORKS.	BRASS FOUNDER.	WIRE & IRON WKS
SHAW, KENDALL & CO. Mfrs and Dealers in BRASS & IRON GOODS for water, gas and steam wrought iron pipe and fittings.	THE VULCAN IRON WORKS CO Fittings, Machinists. All kinds of CASTINGS.	V. SEEGER, Finisher and Dealer in BRASS GOODS, ETC. New No. 15 St. Clair st. Old No. 93.	Benster Wire & Iron Works, Mnfrs. Wire and Iron Work & Wind Engines 321 Water Street, Toledo, O.
BREWERS.	BREWING.	FURNITURE.	LUMBER.
TOLEDO BREWING & MALTING CO., (Limited.) PETER LENK, Pres't. John Huebner, Supt.	GRASSER & BRAND BREWING CO., Brewers and Bottlers of BOHEMIAN, PILS'NER and LAGER BEER.	W. I. WILBUR & CO., Manufacturers of OFFICE FURNITURE and BAR FIXTURES. 412—416 St. Clair St.	WESTERN MFG. CO Mfrs. of Sash Door and Blinds, and dealer in Lumber. Glazed work a specialty. Cor. Water and Vine Sts
SEED MERCHANTS.	ROLLING MILL.	LIME.	LUMBER.
THE BELLMAN GRAIN AND SEED CO. Grain Commission, Clover and Timothy Seed. Office & Warehouse, 113 to 117 Ontario St.	THE MAUMEE ROLLING MILL CO., Mfrs of Extra Quality Flange Boiler, Tank and Sheet Steel and Iron; Bar, Band, Shafting Iron. Office and Works, E. Side	FRED BOICE DEALER IN Lime, Cement, Plaster. 320 Water Street.	The Ames, Bonner Co Manufacturers of BRUSHES, Buyers of Beech Lumber Correspondence solicited.
SOAP MFGS.	BAKING COMPANY	GROCERS.	NOTIONS.
Use Silver Soap, the best for family use. Manufactured by THE THOMPSON CHUTE SOAP CO.	MAUMEE VALLEY BAKING COMPANY. Bakers of Bread and Cakes, Wholesale and Retail. 918 CHERRY STREET	H. D. WOOD Wholesale Grocers 215 Superior st.	DAVIS BROS'. Wholesale Notions and Fancy Goods, 214 and 216 Summit St

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The Bee

THE TOLEDO BEE COMPANY. | Elmer White, F. P. Chapin, G. G. Hadley.

THE LEADING EVENING DAILY OF OHIO

THE DAILY BEE, Five Dollars a year, ten cents a week. Eight pages every day.

THE WEEKLY BEE, One Dollar a year, eight pages, eight columns each.

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Telephones, Editorial 355; Counting Room 102

TOLEDO, OHIO, JANUARY 26, 1892.

Michigan, alone, turns out six million barrels of salt a year. Yet the people must pay a tax on this product of nature, to the end that a few men may make sure and steady profits.

If nothing else result from the talk of war it is worth much to note the spirit of loyalty it has evoked. Massachusetts is not more eager to see the national honor upheld than is Mississippi, and over the entire area of this great country there is unity of feeling. Shame be to those who shall hereafter endeavor to resurrect the division of sentiment which comes of laudation of one section of the nation at the expense of another.

A versatile Toledo organ tells an inquirer that "The tariff on an article has no more to do with the price than it has with the rainfall." On its editorial page it says "the McKinley tariff law removed the duty from sugar, thereby cheapening this necessity to the consumer." But this is nothing for a high-tax organ. Some of them gravely inform their readers that the McKinley law brought the farmer a degree of relief this year, the abundant yield of his harvest being a secondary consideration.

"It seems to be characteristic of the free trading Briton, wherever he plants his heavy heel, to strive to secure the kernel of a country's prosperity for his own enjoyment and to leave the poor natives the husk." Thus grumbles the Boston Journal. But isn't this the aim of Uncle Sam's republican managers, only they take an opposite tack for its accomplishment? The greatest peans of rejoicing come from their organs when reports are read concerning the idleness and starvation of workingmen in other countries, consequent upon what we have done.

One of the best received of the speeches at the opening of the new Boston Chamber of Commerce was that of Mr. Henry M. Whitney, who dwelt upon the gains to this country from free trade with Canada. Democrats will be last to deny the policy of reciprocity is good, so far as it goes, but, notwithstanding the noise made about it by its admirers, it has gone a mighty little way. If the policy so vaunted were in operation between us and Canada it would be worth talking about. To this end all business men should work, whatever their politics, and although it can never be established until more equitable tariff regulations are the law of the land.

George William Curtis, whom the republican press denominated "scholar and statesman" as of olden time, because he opposed Flower in the last state election, will again decline into weakness and political imbecility. He says, in the current number of Harper's Weekly, that "the real evil with which we are now dealing in this country is corruption—political corruption. The radical mischief of a protective tariff, as of all class legislation, is its necessary breeding of such corruption. It produces national demoralization. Freedom of trade, like all other freedom, is natural and healthful. But its restriction at once introduces a demoralizing conflict of individual interests. The great argument for the tariff reform which, as Garfield said, ultimates in free trade is its justice. And it is not only just in itself, but it destroys the motive for general corruption."

The concensus of democratic press opinion on the choice of the national democratic convention city is that it is an admirable one. With few exceptions, the opinion is expressed that there is no politics in it; that is to say, there is nothing gained or lost for any one candidate by the selection. Some of the democratic brethren join the enemy in worrying about a rumored "conspiracy" on the part of Senators Gorman, Hill and Brice, to name the man when the hour comes. It would really seem as though, so long as the motto of each of these three men is the motto of one, "I am a democrat," the reputed supporters of democracy might be contented with the situation and the outlook, and leave the other fellows to do the walking.

From a special dispatch to a republican metropolitan organ, we learn that the inspectors of the mill and mine laborers, sent down in the Pennsylvania fields, report that foreign pauper labor is crowding out, entirely, English-speaking workmen and citizens of this country; that Italians, Hungarians and Slavs of the lowest order are employed because they will labor for mere pittance; that these are brought here, chiefly under contract, and the reason of their increased numbers is because of enforced idleness in many European districts. And we are already exultingly told that our McKinley law has turned men and women out to starve in the manufacturing sections of the old world. And this is how the "beneficent" McKinley law protects American labor! It is a monstrously expensive affair for such results. Congress would better go to bed-rock in its investigations and learn, if possible, who is benefitted by this law. Not the farmer, not the laborer—we simply get the pauper in our own country to contend with. And the assertion is made by the advocate of the high-tax law that the price of goods, made under its provisions, goes down; neither does it check imports. So it is asked again and again, who is benefitted by this law?

The Boston Globe gives these figures: A bushel of wheat during the low tariff period of 1855 would buy 21 1-2 yards of heavy brown shirting. To-day it will buy but 12 1-2 yards of the same quality of cloth. Such an argument weighs more with the farmers than tons of fine-spun high protection sophistry.

Thirty years ago the farmer exchanged his wool for cloth, and knew little of highly-protected factories, for he patronized the home factory in the neighboring valley. He got more cloth for his wool than he gets to-day; and it was not cloth that was one-third shoddy.

In 1855 a bushel of wheat would buy 18 3-4 yards of calico. To-day it will buy 15 1-2 yards of the same grade. And the farmer asks: What have I gained by high protection?

Thirty-five years ago a bushel of wheat would pay the taxes on $200. In 1891 it took 3 1-2 bushels of wheat to pay the taxes on $200. The bushel of wheat in 1855 paid taxes on ten acres of land. Now it pays the taxes on but a little over two acres.

Slowly but surely the dawn of economic enlightenment comes to the people, and by such arguments as that above the light is spread. Once let this fundamental doctrine of sound economics be understood, that the prosperity of an individual depends upon the purchasing value of his own product, whatever that product may be, and the primer teachers of prohibitive tariff prosperity will be out of an occupation. A bushel of wheat is the farmer's natural measure of value. Is he satisfied with its present purchasing power?

THE CHILEAN SITUATION.

President Harrison's message to congress on the Chilean trouble is a state paper of more than ordinary consequence. The gravity of the situation is realized by the president and to the thorough knowledge of the case Mr. Harrison adds the careful work of an able lawyer in the statement of facts and in the presentation of the matter through congress to the people of the United States. The seriousness of the occasion impresses the whole country, but the impulse of patriotism is equal to the occasion. The words of the president in an emergency of this character must have weight with congress and will convey to the world the dignity of American independence which seeks no foreign trouble, but which will brook no outrage to our citizenship or insult to our flag. The president reaches the climax of his message with these powerful words which will inspire every American to the full responsibility of duty:

In submitting these papers to congress for that grave and patriotic consideration, which the question involved demands, I desire to say that I am of the opinion that the demands made of Chile by this government should be adhered to and enforced. If the dignity, as well as the prestige and influence of the United States are not to be wholly sacrificed we must protect those who in foreign ports display the flag or wear the colors of this government against insult, brutality and death, inflicted in resentment of the acts of their government, and not for any fault of their own. It has been my desire in every way to cultivate friendly and intimate relations with all the governments of this hemisphere. We do not covet their territory, we desire peace and prosperity. We look for no advantage in our relations with them, except the increased changes of commerce upon a basis of mutual benefit. We regret every civil contest that disturbs their peace and paralyzes their development, and are always ready to give our good offices for the restoration of peace. It must, however, be understood that this government, while exercising the utmost forbearance towards the weaker powers, will extend its strong and adequate protection to its citizens, to its officers and to its humblest sailor, when made the victims of wantonness and cruelty in resentment, not of their personal misconduct, but of the official acts of their government.

It is reported to-day that Chile will do all that President Harrison demands—withdraw the Matta note, apologize for repeated insults and outrages and arbitrate the Baltimore affair. This done, the United States will have accomplished all that was desired or expected of a self-respecting nation, and peace will reign supreme. The confirmation of this report will be gratifying news, but if there be any hesitancy on Chile's part, the American congress should promptly declare war and the president should be sustained in the most vigorous prosecution of the same. This is not the time to waste words. This is not the time to discuss minor matters from which the greater trouble grew. It is the time for American honor to assert itself and for American manhood to display its strength and loyalty. Stand by the president.

Another clergyman deposed by his parish for conduct unbecoming his cloth. His name is Rev. Arthur C. Dill, and his parish was Sterling, N. J. His offense was endeavoring to regulate the mode of dining pursued by his parishioners. It seems when the Rev. Arthur first settled in Sterling he found the people beginning their dinners with pie and coffee, and ending up as it happened. He began to advise them, for their stomachs sake, to begin with soup, and follow the regulation course dinner down to coffee. The Sterling people objected to "Fifth Avenue ideas," and now object to Mr. Dill as being "too proud and toney" to teach them the gospel, or the art of dining, either.

Of the eighty-five delegates to the national democratic convention from Pennsylvania, seventy are pronounced Cleveland men. This leads the Kansas City Star to tell a story. The Star says: "The opposition to Cleveland is really so feeble that it suggests the story of a man who contracted with a hotel-keeper to furnish a wagon-load of frogs a week. He appeared on the appointed day with three little frogs. 'Where are the rest of them?' inquired the landlord. 'That's all there was in the pond,' the man meekly said. 'But they made so much noise that I thought there was a million of 'em.'"

It is an encouraging sign that royalty, especially English royalty, is getting ashamed of "arranged" marriages. In view of the desirability of a match between Prince George of Wales and the bereaved Princess May, the report is given out that these two were lovers before the match was made-up for Albert Victor and his cousin, and that the Duke of Clarence really desired to wed the Princess Helene, daughter of the Count of Paris. The only trouble about all this pretty talk is the repeated declaration of the devoted attachment of Albert Victor and his promised bride. It cannot all be true.

Speaking of the cancelling of Sir Edwin Arnold's remaining engagements in this country, as an incident of the grip epidemic, the Boston Herald says: "It is not unlikely that this action has been precipitated by the rather poor patronage which has been bestowed on the distinguished poet's entertainments. It is not altogether complimentary to the public taste that it has not taken to Sir Edwin's efforts on the platform." Toledo does not fall under the ban of bad taste in this instance. Sir Edwin's audience in this city was large and appreciative.

A high-tax organ paraded a head-line "Republican Reciprocity," over the statement that the 50 per cent. increase in hardware tools from this country in the year 1890 was due to the cause afore quoted. The tariff reformers accepted it and said see what a little free trade will do. The head-line (which with its item is kept standing at the head of a column) has been changed to "Republican Protection." The editor saw the point.

The St. Louis Republic wisely says, in substance, we have our idea as to the wisest plan of attack upon the monstrosity in legislation known as the McKinley bill, but whether congress shall knock it out in toto or in sections, it has our support in the laudable work.

A question propounded by the Philadelphia Times may be promptly answered. It asks: "If the girls decide to propose to the boys this year, will they get on their knees to set about it?" Not in the present style of skirts.

The Snohomish Eye is the name of one of the newspapers which is trying to locate the great city of Puget Sound. Such an eagle eye as that ought to see something.

Mobile had the first snow it has seen in five years, last week. There was fairly good sleighing on the streets and a big time.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Mrs. Stanley wants her husband to write his biography and stand for the house of commons.

The former foreman of the composing room of the Philadelphia Ledger, who died recently, had been on the pension list of Mr. Childs for 27 years.

The Rev. Brooke Herford, when in Boston as the guest of the Rev. Edward Everett Hale, mistook a fire alarm as a musical chime, and highly enjoyed it.

Edgar Saltus, the novelist, is a small, sturdy and active man, with a fine head, bright, clear eyes and a moustache as black as a raven's wing.

Randolph Rogers, while yet a boy, showed his talent by carving curious cane-heads on gnarled sticks which he found in his rambles in the woods.

The first decoration bestowed upon Prince Bismarck, and one which he always wore, was for saving the life of his groom when in danger of drowning.

The eldest son of Emperor William has inherited his father's talkativeness. He makes addresses to his little brothers at table. He is not yet 10 years old.

Madame Ivan Turgenieff, widow of the great novelist, has just died in France, at her chateau Vert Bois, near Marly-le-Roi. One of the two sons she leaves is a sculptor of promise.

Ernest Longfellow, son of the poet, is tall, somewhat slender and has a few streaks of gray in his thick dark hair. He is said to look much as his famous father did in his young days.

Count Arco Valley's successor as the kaiser's representative at Washington, Dr. von Halleben, is short, stout and ugly. His nose and cheeks are covered with schlager scars received during his student days. He is 50 years of age, a doctor of laws and a diplomat of 17 years' experience.

MENTIONED ON THE STREETS.

That skaters are taking a rest until the next time.

That the voice of the Toledo Produce Exchange is for peace.

That Toledo gets another go-by in the selecetion of a United States marshal.

That Bill Geyser's nomination for asylum trustee is still hung up in the Ohio senate.

That City Solicitor Read's last opinions to Trustee Backus are regarded as good law.

That Toledo's name is on the list for a ball club, but that does not pay for the team.

That Ben Wade can now count the days in which he will figure as United States marshal.

That Representative Griffin has not introduced a bill for a wheel tax in Toledo. If not, why not?

That Judge Ricks did not confirm the C., J. & M. sale on his flying visit to the city, as was expected.

That Haskell, the new marshal, will have a time making himself as popular as his predecessor, Ben Wade.

That interest in the Rest Day league does not bubble in sufficient quantity to make the organization a success.

That the vacancy in the gas trustee board is still vacant, councilmen refusing to confirm the mayor's appointment.

That Mose Math is a candidate for delegate to the republican convention of clubs from the central Toledo organization.

That Bill Kirkby has not yet received his commission as railroad commissioner for Ohio, but it is expected in due time.

That the slush is almost knee deep in many quarters of the city, while the street commissioner is gunning for a renomination.

That the noon-day meetings for business men under the direction of Trinity church, will undoubtedly be well attended this week.

That the grip has had the effect of increasing Toledo's death rate, which will spoil the favorable percentage always presented.

That Toledo will not be figured in the cities where insurance rates are to be increased. The raise is made at points where there were great losses. It is well.

That much amusement was afforded yesterday to a large company of people as they witnessed the dropping of pedestrians into the pool of water in front of West's drug store.

That several would-be inspectors for sugar bounty are much disappointed over the order requiring present internal revenue deputies to do the work. A half dozen soft snaps are thus knocked in the head.

That a suggestion would be welcome which would aid in doing away with the smart Alecks who rush down stairs from church services and theatrical entertainments to stare at the people as they make their exit.

How We Are Making Tin Plate.

Messrs. Phelps, Dodge & Co., of this city entered at the Baltimore custom house, Monday, 4,625 boxes of tin plate from Liverpool, upon which the duties were $11,559. It is boasted that it is the biggest importation of tin plate since the new tariff went into effect last July. But the "boast" was to be that under the new tariff there would be no necessity for importing tin plate at all, and that the new tariff was for the especial encouragement and protection of our own infant industry. All the same, we must continue to import, since our infant has not yet produced tin enough to make his own rattle.—New York Advertiser.

Kate is Mystified.

The people who think that their consciences were given them for the express purpose of making other people uncomfortable and unhappy are at work again. For a long time they have considered Sunday under their especial protection, and acted as if that beneficent institution would cease to exist should they stop flourishing their weapons in defense of it. Their latest eccentricity is to insist upon the Sunday closing of the receiving station for immigrants on Ellis island. How this would serve religion or morality, or any other good and worthy end, will be a mystery to most of us.—Kate Field's Washington.

A Case for Joram and Barkis.

President Harrison feels the same delicacy in sending over to Mr. Blaine's in the morning to ask how the latter is that Mr. Joram, the undertaker in "David Copperfield," felt in inquiring about his sick friend, Mr. Barkis. Mr. Joram said it was one of the drawbacks of his profession that he could not inquire after his friends' health without his motives being misunderstood.—New York Commercial.

Hungry Office-Seekers Appealed To.

Gentlemen desirous of appointments at the hands of the new state administration can hardly be blamed for pushing their claims, but it has been suggested that in view of the new governor's somewhat delicate health the applicants should be generous enough and considerate enough to give him a little breathing spell, as otherwise he might altogether succumb under the continued presure.—Columbus Journal, rep.

Down On Sir Richard.

It ill becomes Sir Richard Cartwright, born with the manufactured product of a mineral deposit in his mouth and whose days have been impartially divided between slandering his native country, money lending and note shaving, to sneer at any man's means of livelihood.—Toronto Empire.

How Well They Know Him.

The report that Butterworth may resign seems to indicate some grave obstacle in the path of that $5,000,000 appropriation. Catch Benjamin resigning if there was another $5,000,000 in sight!—Chicago Times.

Says Nothing, but Saws Wood.

Harrison doesn't say anything, but he'd no doubt like the country to understand the health differences between one Blaine with his many ailments and a certain strong candidate who is just spoiling to lick all South America.—Philadelphia News.

The Chilean Question.

The Chilean question is resolving itself into a dispute as to whether it is spelt with an "i" or an "e."—Atlanta Journal.

Blaine's Latest Trouble.

It was undoubtedly the Chilean stew, not terrapin stew, that got in its work on Blaine this time.—New Delta.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Manager Heston Thanked.

To the Editor—In the main kitchen of the Hotel Madison last evening at 9 o'clock:

Mr. William Bones, Mrs. Jane Bones, Miss Salary Slim and 11 other employes were present.

Miss Salary, who is aittending the night school, opened the meeting by saying: I say let Mr. Bones be the president of this meeting, and all in favor of Mrs. Jane being vice-president say yes. Carried.

Mr. Bones said it is just and proper Miss Salary be the recording scribe. Carried.

The president then said we have been ever so fortunate for the last month. I have had my stove hot all the time, and all ladies and men above us on the floors are now warm and very happy, and as Miss Salary has read in the Bee of last Saturday, we shall soon have a cold wave along the Pipe Line, it seems to me we ought to keep our heads still for another month.

Jim, the boy who cut the wood and wheeled in the coal when gas was short, broke in by shouting, I am the gladdest of you folks. It is easy now.

Miss Salary said: We oughter thank that man who took out the tickers and tolled about boring out the holes in the pans in all the rooms.

Mr. Bones said there is lots of persons who have not got onto the boring plan, but it pays and I move a purse be made up for Jim.

Confusion reigned, but when the change was counted one dollar and twenty cents was passed in to Jiim.

Some one said, let's quit, but Miss Salary said if this is the way things is to close I can't tell how to write it out.

President Bones secured order and Miss Salary got in a resolution to thank the Head Master who had the nerve to take out the tickers.

Jim then ordered Miss Salary to write it all out and he would get it to the daily papers.

Everybody adjourned before the motion got offered. XXX.

THE ALDERMEN

Receive Resolutions From Business Men,

But Pay No Attention to It—The Channel Committee Approved —Business at Last Night's Session.

At the meeting of the board of aldermen last evening all members were present except Mr. Everett. A number of prominent citizens interested in the dredging question and the natural gas problem were also on hand.

There was no discussion of any consequence except over the proposition to refund the gas trustees' certificates into bonds. The board finally passed an ordinance to issue bonds to the amount of $120,000.

On the call for new business, Mr. Hartford presented a petition for an artesian well on the southwest corner of Euclid avenue and Nevada street. This was referred to the committee on water supply.

Mr. Macomber introduced a resolution, which was adopted, accepting the grant of 35 acres of land in East Toledo, made by the late Judge Collins for park purposes.

The only committee business was a number of resolutions from the judiciary committee making abatements on assessments. These were all adopted as follows:

Several ordinances for the issue of street improvement bonds were passed.

A resolution was presented directing the city solicitor to bring suit against C. H. Ferguson for city gas consumed. This was recommended by the gas trustees. The resolution was adopted, ayes 6, nays 2.

The city engineer reported the ordinance vacating part of Speilbusch avenue with an amendment which would make Michigan street enter Speilbusch avenue at a straight line. As this does not conform with the application and advertisement, the city solicitor stated that it would not be valid. On this statement the matter was dropped.

City Solicitor Read reported the annexation ordinance with another amendment of the new line, approved by the committee. The amendment was adopted and the ordinance was read the second time. A motion to suspend the rules for a third reading was lost, ayes 3, noes 5.

Mr. Macomber moved to reconsider the resolution lost at a previous meeting, requesting the legislature to pass an enabling act, allowing the city of Toledo to issue bonds to the amount of $20,000 for the purpose of dredging the harbor. The motion carried.

Mr. Macomber then stated that this matter of dredging was more in the province of the national government, and related the movement on foot to obtain an appropriation from congress. It was considered, however, that some money is needed for temporary work to assist navigation before the appropriation of congress will be available He therefore moved that the resolution be amended to request an enabling act for $8,000 of bonds. The resolution with this amendment was adopted, Mr. Hartford voting no.

An ordinance accepting a plat of George Baker's sub-division was passed.

The report of the ways and means committee meeting held last Thursday evening was read and filed.

The report of the meeting yesterday afternoon, a full account of which is given elsewhere, recommended that bonds to the amount of $120,000 be issued to take up two items of the gas trustees indebtedness. These bonds to run for 10 years at 4 1-2 per cent.

With these bonds it is proposed to refund certificates for pipe and material amounting to $86,140.52 and for other sundry material and labor accounts amounting to $33,926.32.

An ordinance was then presented authorizing the issue of these bonds to the amount of $120,000.

Before this was acted upon, Hon. William Baker requested an audience. He then told of a meeting of citizens held in the afternoon at which the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That His Honor, Mayor Emmick, be requested to appoint a committee of five citizens to visit the natural gas fields and to make report to him as to the gas pressure and volume in the territory owned by the city, and also as to the possibility of securing new territory that would be of known value; and any information as to the wells owned by the city, and any further information upon the gas product, pressure and prospects of the northern Ohio gas fields.

And further, That the Honorable Common Council be respectfully requested to postpone taking any action upon the issue of bonds for natural gas purposes until the committee shall have made its report.

L. S. BAUMGARDNER,
M. NEARING,
H. T. YARYAN,
EDWIN REED,
J. T. NEWTON,
WM. PETER,
JAMES SECOR,
WM. BAKER,
S. C. SCHENCK,
W. H. MAHER.

"This," said Mr. Baker, "is presented in no spirit of opposition, but there are many citizens and taxpayers who feel doubtful as to the propriety of putting more money into this plant. Heretofore we have had no reports on this except from the trustees, and these have been very unsatisfactory. These citizens want an investigation made of the city plant by a committee entirely disinterested and who will look into the matter with the assistance of an expert. Nothing will be lost by the delay, and the report of this committee on the exact condition of affairs will satisfy many people."

Mr. Macomber spoke against any delay, and he considered that the gas trustees have performed their work in the best possible manner under the circumstances. He thought that the expenditure of this money would bring good returns.

Mr. Potter made a few ill-natured remarks against the citizens who entered the protest, but no one paid any attention to him.

The ordinance to issue bonds was then passed, Mr. Graham alone voting no.

A brief discussion ensued on the question of appointing a committee, and most of the members thought the committee should be composed of councilmen. The matter was dropped, however, without any action being taken.

The resolution to appropriate $500 for the expenses of a committee to visit Washington was adopted.

The resolution directing the health officer to procure teams for collecting garbage was lost.

The resolution to advertise for proposals for collecting garbage for two, three or five years was adopted.

A DEAD DUKE.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 26.—The grand duke Nicolaewitch Constantine, the second son and fourth child of the late Emperor Nicholas, of Russia, and uncle of the present czar, died yesterday.

OUR WISE CONTEMPORARIES.

A bushel of corn makes a gallon of whisky and any number of first-class jags.—Chester News.

When a tailor's bill is backed up by a big, juicy lawyer it becomes an ultimatum.—Indianapolis Journal.

Egan as a great international question is a good deal more conspicuous than interesting.—Judge.

Job was probably the most precocious child on record. He cursed the day he was born. —Life's Calendar.

Jones calls the lamp at his boarding-house "The Pennsylvania," because it is such a noted oil-scenter.—Puck.

Primus—"Young Dr. Neale tells me that in his specialty he has never made a mistake in diagnosis." Secundus—"What's his specialty—autopsies?"—Judge.

The skeptical aunt—"What does he do, Dolly, for a living?" Dolly (greatly surprised)—"Why, auntie, he does not have time to earn a living while we are engaged." —Life.

Fifth avenue nurse—"The children want to know, ma'am, if they can wash their faces?" Fifth avenue matron—"Certainly not, Marie. This is Fido's day for a bath."—Judge.

Mamma (with some show of indignation)—"I have called you three times. I am very much annoyed." Charlie (who is fond of bible stories)—"Well, the Lord called Samuel three times, and he didn't get mad about it, did he?"—Brooklyn Life.

Mrs. Wickwire—Just think! Mrs. Bragg's husband accompanies his wife whenever she goes shopping. Isn't he good? Mr. Wickwire—H'mh. I've got more confidence in my wife than that.—Indianapolis Journal.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A BIG POW WOW

Between the Gas Trustees, the Mayor,

City Solicitor and the Committee on Ways and Means as to How to Bridge Over the Tide in the Natural Gas Department.

The ways and means committee held an adjourned meeting at the gas trustees' office yesterday afternoon for the purpose of coming to some conclusion with regard to refunding the outstanding indebtedness of the city gas plant.

A general discussion of the field, territory, wells, and general resources of this description occurred before the real object of the meeting was touched upon.

The trustees explained the location of undeveloped territory owned by the city in the Wood county field, and stated that it would require about eight miles of pipe line to connect this field with the city.

Mr. Macomber spoke in favor of "untying the hands of the gas trustees," as he expressed it, by giving them the necessary means to extend the plant, put in a $25,000 pump, and pay the indebtedness.

A member wanted to know whether the whole indebtedness would be paid at once or take what was due.

Mr. Parsons stated that the amount due was the 75 per cent. of the income of the various lines per terms of the certificates, amounting to about $12,000, due the contractors, and that a cent of the amount had never been paid, and "they are constantly after us for what is really due them."

The mayor was present and wanted a little information with regard to the certificates. He took it that they had been accepted by the contractors with an understanding of their worth, and their bids had been made to correspond. He didn't think the city should now pay 100 cents on a dollar on this debt under the circumstances.

Mr. Greene said the plant had cost a great deal more for the reason that the trustees never had a cent of money.

Mr. Everett stated that the contracts had been let, payable a certain way. If they had been let payable in cash, they could have been let much lower.

Mr. Greene stated that no contracts had ever been let but what there had been competition and all to the lowest bidder.

Mr. Everett said that if the trustees wanted to repudiate the certificates it would be well enough to pay dollar for dollar, but if they had been issued for 75 cents on the dollar it would be well to consider this point before taking any action.

Mr. Parsons said that if the certificates were not a valid debt against the city they could not be funded. The contractors did not want them funded, but that it was the trustees who were anxious that the certificates be taken up. If the debt be not funded the contractors have a valid claim on which they will receive 6 per cent. interest, and he thought it very singular if they would accept 4 per cent. when they can get 6.

Mr. Everett answered and said: "The validity of the debt need not be raised at present, but it would be if the project were pressed. There is a question as to the validity of the debt. The indebtedness had been made payable in a particular way and that way made its value less than par, being about 80 per cent., and the bidders took this fact into consideration when they made their bids. It would be entirely different if these certificates were repudiated, but no one talks that. In short, it is a proposition to exchange securities, pure and simple. You claim that the contractors don't want the change made. I hear the contractors are interested in having the debt funded. I think they are the moving spirits of the project. If it were proposed to refund $50,000 of the amount there would be no division of sentiment, but the proposition is to put in a permanent form over $300,000 worth of indebtedness. Mr. Parsons says it is a valid debt, and I think he is assuming a great deal. When all is found out our action will be litigated. Should we declare to take up this indebtedness before we would get the bonds issued there would be an injunction issued that would tie up all progress in the matter over winter anyhow. It is quite an undertaking to refund $300,000 of the debt when only $50,000 is wanted. I think we should endeavor to procure means to drill more wells. A bill was passed by the legislature and is on the statutes to-day providing means of paying for the pipe line construction. I don't see any objection to making an assessment on the streets wherein pipe has been laid, to help pay the indebtedness. After all this has been done the board abandons the plan. I don't know any reason why it should be. If there was never any intention of adopting this plan what did the gas board mean by contracting a debt if they did not expect to rely upon means provided by law to pay. It is a valid claim in equity. These people wanted the gas, they have it, now let them pay for it."

Mr. Greene interrupted by asking permission to put a few questions to Mr. Everett. He then proceeded to resent what he claimed was unjust insinuation with regard to the honesty of the trustees.

Mr. Everett cut him short by replying that he (Greene) was not asking questions, but making an explanation which would be in good taste when his turn came. He had not come before the board to make any insinuations. "The trustees," he continued, "have said this is a valid debt, and the only means to pay it is by special assessment or by income. Now, why you should abandon the assessment I can't see."

Mr. Parson said the contracts had not been advertised in that light.

Mr Everett continued: "Everything you did was according to that law, and I don't see why you abandoned it. If you come to get enough money to build another pipe line I believe you would receive the unanimous vote of the council (I would not vote to issue any more bonds), but in my opinion you cannot issue bonds for what you owe the property owners."

Mr. Greene—"Mr. Everett, I would like to ask you a question. How can the gas board pay $10,000 on $5,000 every month and maintain the plant at the same time?"

Mr. Everett—"I am not here to reply to questions put by a body having charge of a city department that has got itself deeply in debt, and then comes to us to get them out of it. I think it is in very bad grace to come to us now and expect us to give you information how to get out of the debt. I don't think I am censurable when I can't reply, to show the gas trustees how to pay their big indebtedness."

Mr. Caldwell inquired of Solicitor Read whether he considered the $50,000 due the citizens a debt that could be funded.

Mr. Read thought not.

Mr. Caldwell put the same question with reference to the amount due contractors.

Mr. Read replied that any contract made for piping the city within the corporate limits, was a valid debt, and that either the revenue derived from the sale of gas or the assessment on abutting property must be devoted to the payment of contractors' bills. If the assessments were made even to-day it could not be placed on the tax duplicate.

Mr. Everett—"Do you intimate that it is illegal to make an assessment?"

Mr. Caldwell—"Suppose $346,000 was expended. It don't matter whether the it all be collected by assessment?"

Mr. Read—"If it could be determined in what particular the money has been expended on. It don't matter whether the pipe had been purchased."

Mr. Caldwell wanted to know if $174,000 could be funded.

The solicitor wouldn't say whether it could or not.

After more discussion of an irrelevant nature a motion was put to refund $86,140.52 and $33,926.52 by issuing 10-year bonds at 4 1-2 per cent., which prevailed.

THE OHIO YACHT CLUB.

Last Evening's Meeting Does Not Fix Matters.

The Charges Against Commodore Bills Once More Brought to the Front—Some Talk But No Action.

A special meeting of the Ohio Yacht club was held last evening, and, although it was special, nothing special was done. There seems to be a division of opinion among the members. At least matters are not brought to a head in a business-like manner. Some one should take the wheel, and with a master hand guide this excellent craft into safe and peaceful waters.

During last evening's meeting the charges against the commodore that were evolved at the secret session of the directors were made known. They are as follows: That Mr. Bills hadn't taken enough interest in the club to be present at the meetings any oftener than once every two years; that he hadn't paid the $25 subscribed by him to the club house fund; that he had ignored Mr. G. H. Ketcham in the administration of the club's affairs; that he had antagonized the good will of Secretary John Gunckel.

James Pheatt said that, as secretary of the secret session and acting on the instructions of the board, he would present a motion that a vote be taken on indorsing the report of the board regarding Commodore Bills' resignation—a vote by ballot. An amendment was made that the vote be taken openly; it was moved to lay the matter on the table; an amendment was made that the matter be taken up at another and larger meeting; other motions were made, and finally it was decided to hold another meeting Tuesday evening next. It was shown during the meeting that $1,900 was due to Mr. Ketcham, $308 of which was deposited in the bank. It was also shown that $2,100 was outstanding in membership dues.

Commodore Bills said that the greater part of the debt was incurred during Mr. Ketcham's term of office; Mr. Purney said that it would be better for the club if Mr. Bills would resign.

Some one else said that if Mr. Bills did not resign that Secretary John Gunckel would. So matters progressed without anything of importance being done.

It is hoped by all friends of this popular club that at the next meeting everything will be smooth sailing. Petty differences should be laid aside and matters fixed up in a straightforward, business-like manner.

There's not a charm that lights the face
With so ineffable a grace,
As sweet, pink lips and ivory teeth;
And nothing now, beneath the sky,
Can beauties such as these supply.
Save SOZODONT, that wears the wreath

WAR

WITH CHILE!

Our Navy Enroute to the Scene of Hostilities.

The war horizon grows darker with every setting sun. Meanwhile the United States is not asleep, but making every preparation to punish the bumptious little republic. The monster warship Philadelphia has been ordered to Santiago, while other war vessels, Boston, Chicago, Petrel, Baltimore, Cushing, San Francisco, Atlanta and Charleston are already anchored in Chilean waters; and the torpedo-boat Vesuvius is receiving her final armament preparatory to departure. To fight, or not to fight—that is now the question. Those desirous of securing lithograph pictures of the ten warships above named, with description of each, should send 15 large lion heads cut from Lion Coffee wrappers for copy of our "White Squadron" Album, size 6x8 1-2 inches, with beautifully embossed cover. Be sure and send to the right address, which is Advertising Department, Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, O.

ASK YOUR GROCER

—FOR—

BRENZINGER'S

"CHOICE"

AND GENUINE

VIENNA :-: BREAD

Cod-liver oil suggests consumption; which is almost unfortunate. Its best use is before you fear consumption—when you begin to get thin. Consumption is only one of the dangers of thinness.

Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver-oil makes the thin plump, and the plump are almost safe.

Let us send you a book on CAREFUL LIVING—free.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1.

25

PROF. WILLIAMS' DANCING ACADEMY

318 and 320 Summit St.

Second Term begins in January as follows: Ladies' and Children's Class, Mondays; Gentlemen's Class, Tuesdays; Regular Class, Thursdays. Rates, $6.00 per term of 12 lessons and $4 advance. We guarantee all to be dancing to their entire satisfaction in less than 12 lessons. Private lessons Wednesdays and Saturdays; classes open from 8 to 10 p. m. Advance class, Fridays. Dancing from 8:15 to 11 p. m. 50 cents per couple; extra ladies, 25 cents. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m., 3 to 5 p. m. and 7:00 to 8:00 p. m., daily.

City Auditor's Office.

Toledo, O., Jan. 12th, 1892.

The committee on ways and means of the common council of the city of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15TH, 1892,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of Street Improvement Bonds to the amount of Twenty-six Thousand Four Hundred and Thirty-four 78-100 ($26,434 78-100) Dollars, bearing date Jan. 25, 1892, and payable as follows: Two Thousand Five Hundred and Eighty-four 78-100 ($2,584 78-100) Dollars on Jan. 25, 1893, and Two Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including July 25th, 1897, at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said Improvement Bonds are issued pursuant to Section 2704 to 2707 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Franklin avenue, from Bancroft street to Cherry street."—Passed Jan. 4th, 1892.

The denomination of these bonds; first payment one of $584.78 and four of $500; each payment thereafter four of $500 and one of $650.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the bonds, so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to law, all monies or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the city auditor subject to his call except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the city of Toledo, and shall become the property of said city, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the Auditor of the city of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for improvement bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

tues jan 12-19-26-feb-2-9-13

City Auditor's Office.

Toledo, O., Jan. 12th, 1892.

The committee on ways and means of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15TH, 1892,

at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of Street Improvement Bonds to the amount of One Thousand Seven Hundred and Thirty-three 84-100 ($1,733 84-100) Dollars, bearing date Feb. 7, 1892, and payable as follows: One Hundred and Fifty-eight 84-100 ($158 84-100) Dollars on Feb. 7, 1893, and One Hundred and Seventy-five Dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including August 7, 1897, at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said Improvement Bonds are issued pursuant to Section 2704 to 2707 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Fifteenth street, from Madison street to Adams street."—Passed Jan. 4th, 1892.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the bonds, so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the law and ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to law, all monies or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the city auditor subject to his call except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the city of Toledo, and shall become the property of said city, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the Auditor of the city of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for improvement bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

tues jan 12-19-26-feb-2-9-13

NOTICE.

Moses G. Benjamin, the unknown heirs, devisees and legal representatives of Moses G. Benjamin, deceased; Elizabeth Kisby, of Morton, Lincolnshire, England; Jenny Pell, alias Williams, of Morton, Lincolnshire, England; and Adella Lean, are each hereby notified that on the 28th day of December, 1891, Benjamin Mallett, as plaintiff, filed against them as defendants in the clerk's office of the court of common pleas of Lucas county, Ohio, his petition, alleging that he is the owner in fee simple and in the actual possession of lot No. 3, of Collingwood Village, now a part of the city of Toledo, Lucas county, Ohio; that said defendants appear of record and claim to have an interest in said real estate; that in fact said defendants or either of them have no interest in said real estate; and said petition prays that the defendants may be decreed to have no interest in said real estate, and forever barred from claiming any interest therein; that plaintiff may be quieted in his title of said real estate as against said defendants. Said defendants are required to file their answer in said action, which is still pending, on or before the 5th day of March, 1892, or be forever barred from claiming any interest in said real estate.

BENJAMIN MALLETT,
By Clayton W. Everett, His Attorney.
Dec. 29th, 1892.

first pub tues dec-29-jan-5-12-19-26-feb-2

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:

James Epps & Co. Homœopathic Chemists, LONDON, ENGLAND.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Education of Toledo, Ohio, until noon of February 15, 1892, for the erection and completion of a six-room addition to the Sherman building.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for $100, payable to the Board of Education in case the bidder refuses to enter into a contract and furnish acceptable bondsmen if the contract is awarded him. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Board of Education, high school building.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Education.
W. H. COMPTON, Clerk.

tues jan-19-26-feb-2-9

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of Rosine Hamann, late of Lucas county, Ohio, deceased.

GEORGE VETTER, Executor.

Dated at Toledo, this 18th day of January, 1892.

first pub tues-jan-19-26-feb-2

RAITZ & LAWRENCE

PLUMBERS!

Gas and Steam Fitters!

Have removed from 323 Adams St., to

631 & 633 St. Clair St.

WOMAN'S WONDERFUL WAYS

They are Described in a Lecture Delivered by Mrs. Dr. Kendall Before the Woman's Society of Boston.

Boston, Jan. 25.—A large and refined audience of ladies greeted Mrs. Kendall upon the occasion of her second appearance before a Boston assemblage this afternoon. In introducing her lecture the distinguished lady referred to the true position of woman in society, and how her physical condition affects her social and intellectual standing. Continuing she said:

"Those who have made careful investigation tell us that heathen women are much more able to endure pain than are the women of civilization; but civilized women resent the charge that they are weaker because they are civilized. A distinguished writer says: 'If the women of civilization are less able to endure than are heathen women, it is a mere accidental circumstance and one within their control.' When a woman has health, beauty is certain to appear, even in features once plain. With health and beauty in all their attractiveness a new life dawns, enjoyment begins, and all the luxurious attendants of a healthy body come forth. The maiden feels the glorious possibilities of life; the mother feels conscious of the grandeur of maternity and the joys of a family. The Creator has given both woman and man perfect physical forms, and each is constitutionally equal to all natural demands, but how much women suffer and in what numbers of cases is man alone to blame.

"A few weeks ago I received a call from a charming lady, who stated that she was suffering, and wished to know if I could in any way aid her. There is no doubt that thousands of women are suffering to-day, from similar troubles, who do not recognize their cause so nearly as this lady did. She felt languid, peevish, restless, blue. She had headache, backache, cold feet and sinking sensations. Her complexion was sallow; her appetite fickle. I knew the cause, and I am happy to state that I was able to afford relief.

"No woman is ever seriously sick for any length of time when the blood is pure, and no blood can be impure when the kidneys and liver are in perfect order. I feel it my privilege to-day to state that I believe there is a means whereby women who are suffering can obtain complete relief, and those who are in health be continued in its enjoyment. A few years ago a prominent and wealthy gentleman residing in Rochester, N. Y., was given up to die of Bright's disease of the kidneys. By means of a simple and purely vegetable remedy he was restored to perfect health. So efficient did this remedy prove in the case of many well-known men that it began also to be used by ladies, and to-day, thousands of women in all parts of the land owe their restored health and continued happiness to the wonderful power of Warner's Safe Cure.

"The performance of the natural functions of womanhood and motherhood is not a disease, nor should it be so treated. If, however, the blood be impure, it is certain to produce poisonous effects in the parts with which it comes in contact, and thus cause inflammations and the innumerable ills which make the physical life of woman so hard to endure. I am aware a prejudice exists against proprietary medicines, and that such prejudice is too often well founded, but we should discriminate—not condemn all because some are inefficient. The merits of Warner's Safe Cure have been proven beyond a doubt, because they deal directly with the causes of all female troubles.

"The minds and manners of American women are all that can be desired; but it is a lamentable fact that their physical frames are far inferior in comparison with their social and mental characteristics. The women of England are noted for their florid health; those of Germany for their strong constitutions, and the ladies of France for their exhuberance of spirits; but American women possess too few of these qualities in any prominence, and all of them only in a slight degree. The reason for this must be plain to every careful observer. Sedentary ways, devotion to fashion—but above all and more than all, carelessness and indifference to daily habits and duties, have rendered the women of this land far less strong and healthy than it is either their duty or privilege to be. This irregular and indifferent manner of living brings about the most serious results and is both directly and indirectly of untold injury to the race. The cause, therefore, being manifestly under the control of the women themselves the power to remove it must naturally be theirs also. To maintain one's health the organs which make and purify the blood must be preserved in, or restored to, their normal condition. These organs are the kidneys and liver. Preserve them and you preserve your life; neglect them and you become sallow, languid and unattractive."

$1,000.00

For any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the "RELIABLE CATARRH CURE." It is a specific, this valuable remedy for Catarrh, Cold in the Head, Hay Fever and La Grippe, and is for sale at all the leading druggists in the city, including the following: Vanstone, corner Summit and Monroe streets; Spayd, Monroe and Superior streets; Gates, St. Clair street; Hamlin, Adams and St. Clair streets; Kirchmaier, Huron and Adams streets; Cook Bros., Cherry and Bridge streets, East Toledo; J. F. Mery, Summit and Cherry streets; A. Burger, Adams street and Franklin avenue. Also at branch office, 1820 Adams street, 75 cents.

QUINN MEDICINE CO.

FRAMES!

MADE TO ORDER

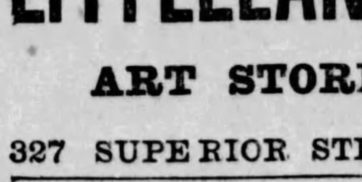
—AT—

E. P. LELAND'S

ART STORE,

327 SUPERIOR STREET.

AMMUNITION



Guns Fishing Tackle.

LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED, KEY MAKING AND GENERAL REPAIRING.

H. C. RUSHMORE

311 MONROE STREET.

NEAR SUMIMT

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies THE SKIN.

Removes Tan, Pimples freckles, Moth Patches Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD T. HOPKINS, Prop, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

PATENTS PROCURED

—BY—

WM. WEBSTER

Patent Attorney

311 Superior Street,

TOLEDO, O.

Phone 555.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

A PERFECT DAY.

'Twas one of the charmed days,
When the genius of God doth flow;
The wind may alter twenty ways,
A tempest cannot blow;
It may blow north, it still is warm;
Or south, it still is clear;
Or east, it smells like a clover-farm;
Or west, no thunder fear.
The musing peasant lowly great
Beside the forest water sate;
The rope-like pine roots crosswise grown
Composed the network of his throne;
The wide lake, edged with sand and grass,
Was burnished to a floor of glass,
Painted with shadows green and proud
Of the tree and of the cloud.
He was the heart of all the scene;
On him the sun looked more serene;
To hill and cloud his face was known,
It seemed the likeness of their own;
They knew by secret sympathy
The public child of earth and sky.
"You ask," he said, "what guide
Me through trackless thickets led,
Through thick-stemmed woodlands rough and wide?"
I found the water's bed.

—Emerson.

BEESWAX.

England has 39,000 policemen, of whom 15,279 belong to the London force.

A new English saddle has a series of springs to relieve the rider from jolting.

Cricket was played under the name of "club ball' as early as the fourteenth century.

Dried fish was formerly and is still to some extent a medium of exchange in Iceland.

It is estimated that at least $50,000,000 of the government's money has been lost or destroyed.

The Columbia, with its vast schools of salmon, has yielded more wealth than any other river in the world.

A Boise City girl, 16 years old and six feet two inches in height, is said to be the tallest woman in Idaho.

The curious information is given that the crown of England, which is valued at $500,000, has been in pawn four times, once for $10,000.

On account of grave errors of treatment, the use of Koch's lymph has been ordered to be discontinued in the Russian military hospitals.

The women in Bridgeton, Pa., have formally petitioned the mayor for permission to carry red pepper with them when they go out after dark.

A race-horse starter has just been engaged at a salary of $25,000 per annum, but it is the man who can arrange a good finish who makes the fortune.

The spacious old Sprague mansion in Washington, the house over which Kate Chase Sprague once presided so brilliantly, is now the home of a social club.

In a suit over six geese in Stamp Creek, Ga., when the costs had amounted to about $70 the matter was compromised and settled by dividing the geese.

The state of Maryland is suing the state of West Virginia to recover a certain boundary line surrounding land which the latter state has held for a century.

Professeor Millspaugh, of West Virginia, has found a vine growing wild in the mountains of Roanoke county, which bears delicious blackberries, but has no briers at all.

The Gaunches, the inhabitants of the Canary islands, are said to be the remnants of the ancient race who, 10,000 years ago, peopled the drowned continent of Atlantis.

Statisticians say that an average man of 154 pounds weight has enough iron in his constitution to make a ploughshare and enough phosphorus to make half a million matches.

There are only four places in the world where women possess all the privileges of voting which are accorded to men, viz: Iceland, Pitcairn Island, the Isle of Man and Wyoming, U. S. A.

Incitatus, the famous horse of the Roman emperor, Caligula, was actually consecrated as a priest, had a manger of pure ivory, and was never given a drink from anything but a gold pail.

The tallest woman in the world is the giantess Rosita, who was born in Vienna 26 years ago, and is now on exhibition in Berlin. Her height is eight feet three inches, and she weighs 351 pounds.

The American Bell Telephone company has so forwarded its experiments in the telphone field that it has perfected a telephone by which whispers can be transmitted 500 miles with perfect distinctness.

An Oregon man recently invited 20 people to dine off one sweet potato, which weighed nearly 10 pounds, and of which there was a respectable remnant after everybody's appetite had been satisfied.

The latest thing in fire-fighting tools is a gun which will fire a metal cap carrying a small piece of strong cord to the top of the highest building. The cord is used to pull up a rope and the rope to pull up a hose.

The little electric ventilating fans, which have become so popular in this country, are receiving considerable attention in Germany and are being extensively introduced in dwelling houses, workshops, offices and public resorts.

Among the long-haired men of to-day, who are cited to show that length of locks does not imply any "shortness" of brain, are Professor Swing, Alphonse Daudet, Edward Eggleston and Gen. Roger A. Pryor.

The quantity of glass used throughout the United States may be obtained from the estimate that during the coming year there will be manufactured and imported some 89,500,000 square feet of plate, mirror and sheet glass.

The greatest plague ever known visited Naples in 1656 and carried off 380,000 people in 28 weeks. It was not a visitation of Providence; it was the result of filth. The plague was caused by the neglect of sanitary laws.

Flower pots can be rid of earth worms by pouring on the soil a warm decoction of wormwood and powdered horse chestnuts. The worms will come to the surface and then can be removed.

According to St. Petersburg journals a turquoise mine has been discovered near the town of Ibrahim-Olga, about 15 miles from Samarcand. According to Iron this is the third turquoise mine discovered in Central Asia.

The Chinese make what is called "Chi-wa-hi," or grass cloth, from the fibre of the common nettle. It is said to make a splendid cloth for tents, awnings, etc. When made into belting for machinery it is said to have twice the strength of leather.

Strawberries and mosquitoes are said to be plentiful in the neighborhood of Mount St. Elias, the region of perpetual ice and snow. Along the edge of the glacier is a strip of luxuriant vegetation, where strawberry vines cover the ground for miles.

A phenomenon is observed in an artesian well near Edensburg. The well spoken of is down about 200 feet, but the water in it is still 160 feet below the surface. The peculiarity consists in the fact that, when there is no wind the water is that distance below the curbing; when there is a high wind flowing water pours out of the pipe.

"Duplicate Whist" is the newest development of one of the oldest games of cards. The game consists of a redistribution of "hands," so that each pair of partners shall play with the same cards which their adversaries have used, the game being thus purged of the element of luck and made to depend upon skill.

Salt is mined like coal or quartz at Retsof, Livingston county, New York. There are two shafts in the mine, each 1,025 feet deep. The vein of solid salt now worked is 30 feet thick, while below it is another vein 40 feet thick. There are only two other salt mines in this country, one in New Orleans and the other in Kansas.

Take a pencil and multiply—twice two are four, twice four are eight, etc., and you wiill find that in the twentieth generation you had 1,048,576 ancestors, without counting the intermediate generations, and that in the thirtieth generation you had over 1,000,000,000 ancestors, without counting those between yourself and the thirtieth.

The wire nail has become so much of a favorite among builders that the makers of cut nails are being forced out of a once extensive and flourishing business. The announcement has just been made from Wheeling, W. Va., that the Riverside cut nail factory—the largest in the world—will close down permanently on account of the irresistible competition of the wire nail.

Watches were appreciably reduced in size after the invention of the fusee to obviate the inconvenience of variations of power of the mainspring. The watches made early in the sixteenth century generally strongly contrasted in size and portability with those worn in fobs by men in the eighteenth century, and which were round, thick and heavy.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

The Wilburs Open With a Big House

At the People's Theater—Kate Claxton in The Two Orphans—Modjeska—Salvini's Engagement Possibly Cancelled.

The largest Monday night house of the season at the People's theater greeted the Wilbur Opera company last night and standing room was at a premium. The Wilburs have always been favorites in Toledo, and their production of Fanchette was a most excellent one.

The company is larger and stronger than ever, composed of about 50 people, of whom 30 are charming girls.

Susie Kerwin is in the leading role, and she is ably supported by J. E. Conly, H. W. Tre Denick, E. A. Clarke, and a number of other well-known people. W. H. Kohnle as a colored savage introduced some clever comedy work and songs.

The costuming is very elegant and the effects produced exceedingly fine.

This afternoon and to-night they will present the comic opera, Falka.

The Wilburs will undoubtedly play to big business all week, as this is the only opera engagement for the People's theater this season. To-morrow night a theater party from the Cycling club, composed of about 75 of their members, will attend the performance of The Jolly Perfumer.

The Two Orphans.

Kate Claxton, always popular, assisted by an excellent company, presented The Two Orphans at Wheeler's opera house last evening to a good audience. Claxton made herself famous in this piece, and her work last night showed that she has lost none of her power.

Modjeska.

To-morrow evening, at the head of her own company, Modjeska will present Schiller's great historical tragedy, Mary Stuart, at the Wheeler opera house. There is probably no living actress who has the popularity of Modjeska, and deservedly. Few of the great actresses of to-day are as conscientious in their work as she. She does not give at times an indifferent performance, in order that, at a critical moment, she may flash out into the highest strain of art. Her performances are most finished productions in each and every part. As one critic says: "Modjeska modifies and subordinates the parts of a role in such a manner, that the play becomes a finely moulded, organic whole."

Then, too, in the costuming of her plays great care is taken. Modjeska is one of the best authorities on costuming living, and in the costuming of a play, not only the dresses, but the most minor properties are historically correct. Again, Modjeska is the most versatile actress living. Look at the range of parts, the plays, one night Macbeth, the next Rosalind, and in both instances the performance is little short of perfection. Be it comedy or tragedy, one always finds in Madame Modjeska the same finished artist, the same artistic work, and the same perfection of acting.

Will Salvini Come?

The chances of Toledo people seeing young Alexander Salvini, who is billed and advertised to appear at the Wheeler opera house next Friday and Saturday nights, appears very slim. In other words, the engagement is cancelled now, unless Manager Brady assures Manager Wilkison of a guarantee or raise in prices. Mr. Salvini's representative states to a Bee that his star has been playing to $1.50 in all two-night stands, and that he demanded it here, but Manager Brady refused to permit a raise. The following telegraphic correspondence is self-explanatory:

Toledo, O., Jan. 26.

Mr. W. M. Wilkison, Manager Alex Salvini, Burnett House, Cincinnati, O.:

Brady refuses positively to raise prices to $1.50. Explained we received it in all one and two-night stands. Instruct me quick.

A. W. COOLEY.

Cincinnati O., Jan. 26.

A. W. Cooley, Representative Salvini Co., Boody House, Toledo, O.:

Inform Brady if he does not make our prices $1.50 will cancel engagement. Dayton and Columbus both offer large guarantees for Salvini same date. Decide matters quick and inform me.

W. M. WILKISON.

"MY DAUGHTER'S LIFE

Was saved by Hood's Sarsaparilla," says Mr. B. B. Jones, of Alna, Maine. "She had seven running sores in different places on her body, but since giving her Hood's Sarsaparilla she has become well, strong and healthy."

SAMUEL O' POSEN.

San Francisco, Jan. 26.—When the case of M. B. Curtis, the actor, charged with the murder of Police Officer Alexander Grant was called in Judge Troutt's court yesterday morning the counsel for both sides announced their readiness to proceed with the trial and the work of impaneling a jury was immediately begun.

DAMAGED BY FIRE.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Fire this morning damaged the building No. 76 and 78 Illinois street and contents to the extent of $70,000. The principal losers were Smith & Barnes, piano manufacturers; the Illinois Broom company and the Chicago Clutch Machine company. The losses are fully covered by insurance.

Don't trust or try everyone's remedy; use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup; be cured at once.

The question of the hour—Can any better remedy exist than Salvation Oil? No, sir.

APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The president to-day sent to the senate the following nominations: L. S. Howlett, of Washington, to be register of the land office at North Yakimi, Wash., vice Nichols, declined.

Do not almost kill yourself by violent purgatives. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

CONSIDERATE WOMAN.

Dubuque, Ia., Jan. 26.—Captain Scribe Harris' widow died yesterday and Ed. Langworthy's wife. They were sisters. Captain Harris commanded the first steamer between St. Louis and St. Paul (the Otter) and Ed. Langworthy built the first house in Iowa. Mrs. Harris selected as her pall-bearers men under 30 years, saying that old men should not be asked to expose themselves at funerals.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GOOD NEWS

FOR THE MILLIONS OF CONSUMERS OF

Tutt's Pills.

It gives Dr. Tutt pleasure to announce that he is now putting up a

TINY LIVER PILL

which is of exceedingly small size, yet retaining all the virtues of the larger ones. They are guaranteed purely vegetable. Both sizes of these pills are still issued. The exact size of TUTT'S TINY LIVER PILLS is shown in the border of this "ad."

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

When we view mankind in the various aspects in which he presents himself to a scrutinizing mind, are we not lead to marvel at the many ways and various modes some men will attempt in order to deceive; but the whole world stands in utter amazement and wonderment when they see Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Cough and Lagging Consumption permanently cured with a few bottles of Bergen's Asthma Cure, and at only a small cost.

FOR SALE BY

THOS. VANSTONE

PREACHER BETHARDS TALKS.

The Living Secret of a Great Success Made Known.

Rev. J. H. Bethards, pastor of the Broadway M. E. church, took for his text on Sunday evening Phillippians 1·2, as an introduction to the revival services about to be held in the church.

The greatest figure in the Apostolic college was Paul, said Mr. Bethards. In brain, heart and energy he stood peerless, made three missionary tours of the world, planted churches everywhere he went, and bequeathed to the world the rich legacy of his inspired epistles. His life was a success, and this text reveals the living secret.

The first factor of this living secret lay in the conscious recognition of his own essential personality, which made him a complete individuality and wholly responsible for his own acts. It was never to be lost as the drop of water is lost in the ocean. He was not afraid of the personal pronoun "I," but was no egotist. Of himself he could say, "Though I speak with the tongues of men and of angels and have not love, I am but sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal." The egotist never speaks that way. Paul simply recognized his personality as complete and his responsibility to himself, to God and to the world.

A second factor in this living secret was that he boldly and manfully assumed the responsibility of life. His was no sickly or sentimental grasp on life. The culture of his mind, the care of his body, his moral character and his final destiny were in his own hands. As a student he was at the head of his class, as a Pharisee he had no peer, and as a Christian he had no superior. Adam said Eve did it, and Eve said the snake did it, but God pronounced his curse on all three. Paul made no excuses. He fixed his relations and perpetuated them in an abiding devotion to the right.

He was not free from prejudice as a Pharisee, but was honest. On his way to Damascus he thought he was doing God's service, but, learning better, he turned his sightless eyes to heaven and said, "Lord, what wilt thou have me to do?" He manfully entered the service of God and only lived to execute His will.

But the inner and central factor of his living secret lay in the fact that the life-long and fixed purpose of his soul was that "Christ should be magnified in his body whether it be by his life or by his death." He knew Christ in the pardon of his sins and in all his saving power. He was the world's Redeemer and Savior, and the purpose to magnify Him completely filled Paul's soul, dominated every power of his being and inspired his every word and deed. He was indissolubly joined to God and wholly given to the powers that make for righteousness and success was inevitable.

PAID HIS WIFE'S DEBTS.

London, Jan. 26.—Captain Osborne, the husband of the unfortunate Mrs. Osborne, who has practically been shown to have stolen and sold the valuable pearls missed by the wife of Major Hargreaves, sent, on Saturday last, the sum of 550 pounds to the treasury, this being the sum needed to repay Messrs. Spink & Sons, the jewelers, for the money advanced to Mrs. Osborne upon the jewelry referred to.

A BRIG ASHORE.

New York, Jan. 26.—Blue Point life-saving station reports British brig Harry and Aubrey, from Sanblas for New York, with cocoanuts, ashore 12 miles east of Fire Island light.

Healthy people you meet have healthy livers. They take Simmons Liver Regulator

MINISTER REID TO RESIGN.

New York, Jan. 26.—The Herald's dispatch from Washington says that it was reported last night that minister to France, Whitelaw Reid, had tendered his resignation, giving business affairs as his reason.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

HOMESTEAD QUARRY

LIME CITY, OHIO.

Dimension Stone, Bridge Store Building Stone, Rip Rap Stone, Preble Stone.

The finest Lime Stone in Northern Ohio. Stone of any dimension cut to measure. Address the

Michigan Stone & Supply Co.

AT LIME CITY, OHIO,

33 Congress St., West,

DETROIT, MICH.

GUS F. SMITH,

Pres't and Gen'l Manager.

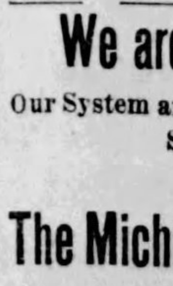
IN OUR LINE

We are the Leaders!

Our System and Service gives the best Satisfaction.

The Michigan Lake Ice Co.

COAL AND ICE.



G. A. MUHME, Home Chiropodist, office 117 Summit st, over Mr. Egley's shoe store second floor. Removes Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing Nails, without leaving the feet sore. Positively cures Sweating and Odorous Feet. Examination free. Treats Chilblains and Frozen Feet.

EMMA McCARTHY, Secy.

Chain, Single Tree Irons, Etc.

BUY THE BEST which means the **"BAKER"**

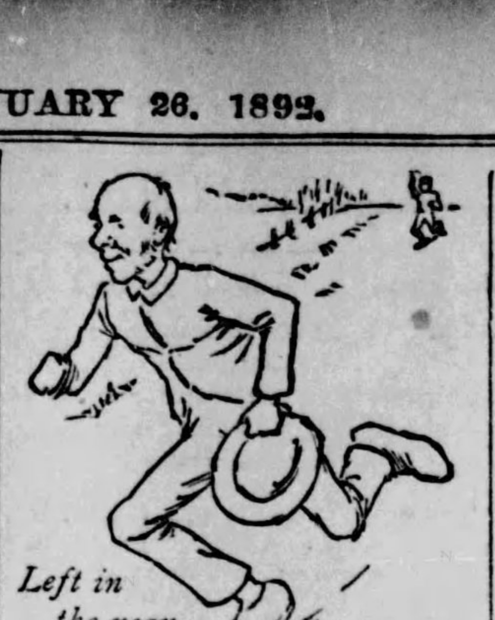
Write to us for estimates on

SPECIAL FORGINGS.

Ask your Dealer for "BAKER" Chain and "BAKER" Clips, or write to

BAKER CHAIN & WAGON IRON MFG. CO.,

Allegheny, Pa.



Left in the rear—soap. *Pearline* is more efficient, and is just as cheap. It is more convenient, and is just as safe. It makes clothes clean, while saving the work; it makes them last longer, by saving the wear. All washing and cleaning is done best with *Pearline*. What soap does by force, *Pearline* does with ease.

Beware of imitations. 259 JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

Kate B. Sherwood,

Past National President of the Woman's Relief Corps, states:

"Having contracted a severe bronchial trouble while in the White Mountains, I have since been subject to frequent attacks. I can truly say that I have experienced more prompt, pleasant and enduring relief from the use of DAY'S BRONCHIAL CURE than any other, and most cordially recommend it to all suffering from similar affection."

Contains neither opium nor alcohol. For sale by druggists.

232 and 234 Summit St.

CARPETS.

Never was the advancement of ideas and the harmonious blending of new shades more definitely shown than in the novelties in carpets which we are exhibiting. There is not a color, a shade, not even a tint, which we cannot show you, and where formerly you were confined to the higher priced goods if wanting anything stylish, you can now suit yourself AT ANY PRICE. In our line of Ingrains, the judicious blending of terra cotta, electric blue, salmon, drab, brown and the new shades of green has achieved results which cannot fail to please lovers of pretty carpets. The prices as low as ever, and one can find most anything you wish in colors and designs.

Sterling & Co.

A. E. SISSON, Manager.

408---SUMMIT ST.---410

FORD SILK HATTER

Alfred Ford

Manufacturer of and dealer in

Silk and Stiff HATS!

208 Summit St.

Altering and repairing Silk, Stiff and Soft Hats a specialty.

AND

COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES

Cures Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Scrofula, and all Wasting Diseases.

It is pleasant and palatable to take as honey. Does not produce Nausea, and is easily assimilated.

Its strengthening effects are almost immediate.

It does not come up to assert itself semi-occasionally after being swallowed, as other Emulsions certainly do.

It is a Great Producer of BONE and MUSCLE, it purifies the Blood, and patients gain rapidly in weight while taking it.

It is a true Emulsion, the only one that is always ready, always alike, and that never has a thick, gummy, and greasy blob at the top to upset the patient's stomach.

It is used in all the leading hospitals.

It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians in the United States and Canada, and many assert that it is

THE BEST EMULSION IN THE MARKET.

Ask your Druggist for it, AND TAKE NO OTHER.

MAGEE EMULSION CO., Manufacturers, Lawrence Mass. Toronto, Canada.

To our ten cent Clear Havana cigar smokers we recommend

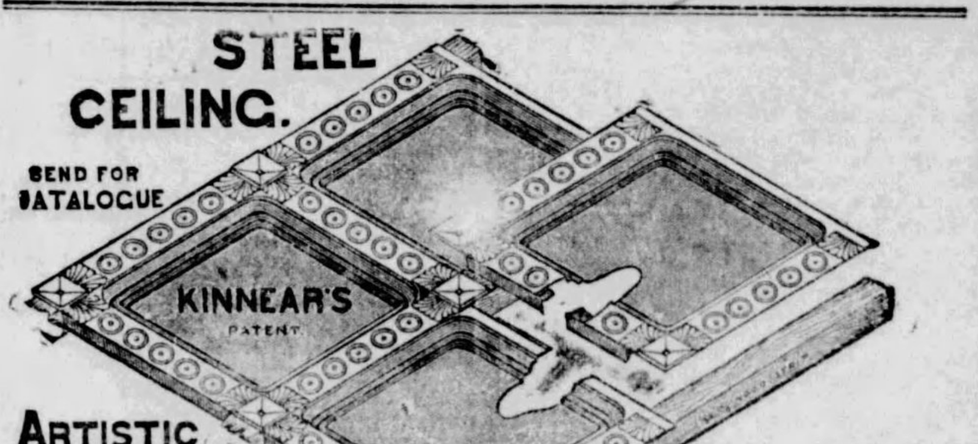
La Profeta

(KEY WEST CIGAR).

Made from the best new crop Vuelta Abago Tobacco, by skilled Cuban workmen, it represents the best smoke that can be had for the mone.

BERDAN & CO.,

TOLEDO, OHIO.



Will not crack or fall off. Furnished in various designs. Patterns of Ceiling may be seen New Bee Building and in Boody House.

THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO

COLUMBUS OHIO.

HOME COMFORTS!

The largest and best selected line of combination and plain Fur Rugs in the city. Ottomans and Hassocks in artistic designs and beautiful colorings; also Table Spreads and Carpet Sweepers in endless variety.

V. B. SNYDER & SON'S CARPET HOUSE,

225 AND 227 SUMMIT STREET.

OVERCOATS!

On Inspection at

WEBER BROTHERS,

Winter styles of the best made garments at

409 AND 411 MONROE STREET

Money Refunded on all Goods returned, if not Soiled.

This space belongs to the Worts, Kirk & Bigelow Branch U. S. Baking Co., Manufacturing Confectioners and Bakers. We are with the public for 1892. Just watch this for a description of our new goods from time to time.

THE EARLY FLY

Gets his work in first. Call early at our store if you wish to choose from the elegant line of specialties just opened.

HOOD BROS. CO.,

616 ADAMS ST.

REAL ESTATE

Yes,

It's a Fact,

That several suites of rooms in the "Nasby" are rented already, and more will be rented soon.

Renting plans, description and information at our office, or we will mail them, if you desire.

H. S. Walbridge & Co.,

320 SUMMIT STREET.

FOR SALE

Will be sold at a Bargain to close an Estate.

40 feet on St. Clair street, south of Adams.

132 feet on Summit street, below Walnut.

300 feet on north side Monroe street, above Twenty-first street.

240 feet on Dorr street, opposite Division.

40 feet on Twentieth street, near Jefferson.

APPLY TO

PETER B. FRANKLIN,

108 SUMMIT STREET.

Macomber, Moore & McDonnell

108 SUMMIT ST. NEAR MONROE.

FOR SALE—New dwelling, two stories, seven rooms, Knower street, between Maumee avenue and Dix streets, natural gas.

FOR SALE—Two dwellings on East Side; seven rooms; block and one half from Front street on Worthington.

FOR SALE—Cottage on White street, near Starr avenue, six rooms. All of the above will be sold on monthly payments.

We have for sale on terms that will suit, fine dwelling lots on the following streets: In the Ninth ward—On South st., on Knower st., on Crittenden ave., on Lee st., on Sumner st., on Hiett ave. In the Eighth ward—On Oakwood ave., on Bartlett st., on Washington st., on Hicks st., on Wisconsin st., on Missouri st., on Illinois st., on Forrer st. In Auburndale—On Monroe st., on Milburn ave., on Macomber st., on Auburn ave. In the Seventh ward—On Lagrange st., Locust st., Austin st. Lots on Lagrange street and Parkland addition. In East Toledo—On Mott ave., Worthington st., White st., Raymer st.

We have lots in many other parts of the city. Will take orders for the construction of cottages and dwellings with payments on terms of 5 to 10 years, with interest at 6 per cent.

Lots on Maplewood Avenue

30 Ft. Frontage, $173.

Lots on Glenwood Avenue

30 Ft. Frontage, $300.

CALL AT ONCE.

CUSHING'S

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

612 Madison St.

FOR RENT.

$18.00—No. 830 Hicks st. (natural gas.)
$ 8.00—No. 931 Clarke st., East Toledo.
$13.00—No. 720 Magnolia street.
$13.00—No. 1514 Michigan street.

FOR SALE.

Residence property in most desirable parts of the city; also some bargains in acre property. DECLAN ALLEN, Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620 1-2 Adams St.

FOR RENT.

$20—1217 Huron st
$20—Franklin avenue, near Page.
$15—331 W Lafayette.
$8—931 Clark st, East Side.

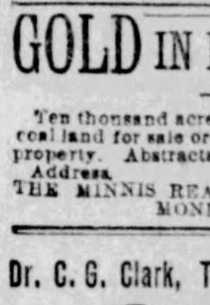
FOR SALE.

Farm of 120 acres, near Swanton, at a bargain; or will trade for city, improved property. DECLAN ALLEN, Jr., Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams street.

GOLD IN IT { **TIMBER AND COAL:**

Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange, for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished. Address, THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, MONROE, MICH

Dr. C. G. Clark, The Celebrated Specialis



In all chronic diseases and special private diseases, who was suddenly called to attend a very sick patient at San Francisco, Cal., on the 7th of last October, since getting through with said patient he has been traveling through Southern California, Arizona and New Mexico, studying the climate and conditions of the country, and is now capable of giving health seekers advice free. Dr. Clark returns much invigorated and can be consulted on all Chronic Diseases. Remember he can cure you without a particle of calomel or poison.

He will be at his office next to Hotel Hamilton, 419 Madison Street, Toledo, O., Tuesday, January 19, and thereafter as formally.

Toledo Truck & Storage Co

General Storage, Trucking and Hoisting of Machinery and Safes.

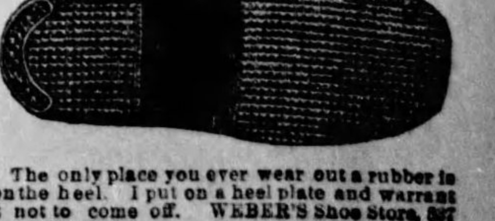
Office and Warehouse:

25 to 35 S. St. Clair St.

Phone 374. **C. C. Cone Mngr**

TAIT'S BREAD

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT



The only place you ever wear out a rubber is on the heel. I put on a heel plate and warrant it not to come off. WEBER'S Shoe Store, 327 Summit street.

A DIVIDED PRESS.

Comments on the President's Message.

Leading Papers Take Opposite Views.

Is There a Scandal Behind the Move?

An Opinion That War Will Never Occur.

Interesting Editorials Taken From All Over the Country as Evidence of the Public Pulse on This Critical Case.

New York, Jan. 26.—The World—"Our government is strong; Chile's is weak. Magnanimity, forbearance and great patience will be becoming to us, and will cost us nothing in the respect of enlightened mankind.

"It is clearly our duty to ourselves, to our weak antagonist and to civilization to exhaust every peaceful method of maintaining our right and dignity before resorting to the brutality of war.

The Herald—"Had Mr. Harrison shown more calmness and patience, more statesmanship and patriotism, more desire for peace, the controversy might have been brought to an early settlement satisfactory and honorable to both nations. What Chile will do in the face of the demands with which she may feel it humiliating to comply remains to be seen. But not yet is war a necessity. Arbitration yet remains."

The Tribune—"President Harrison's message is destined to rank with the declaration of policy which made Monroe's name famous. Among all republican nations of this continent it will be interpreted as the earnest of a more vigorous and resolute diplomacy than has been known at Washington during recent years. Chile must accept responsibility for that wanton attack and make amends for it. Minister Matta sent an unwarrantable and insulting circular to his diplomatic agents. That must be repudiated."

Boston, Jan. 26.—The Traveller says it is safe to say there will be no war. However anxious the president and one or two of his cabinet are to chastise Chile, the others favor pacific measures and a resort to diplomacy.

The Transcript considers the "Matta note," which contained reflections on the faith of the president of the United States an episode much more difficult of settlement than the Baltimore affair. It would be a novel and not very dignifying position for the United States to take to submit the good faith of the president for arbitration.

The Advertiser: "Grave as is the crisis, the Advertiser yet firmly believes that there will be no war."

The Post says: "It is not a question now of sustaining Mr. Harrison, Mr. Blaine or Mr. Egan, but of sustaining the government, that is, the people. Congress will not shirk the responsibility which the president has placed upon it."

The Journal says: "The American people will sustain the demand which the president has made for an apology and redress, and will approve the use of whatever means may be necessary to inforce these demands."

The Recorder says: "Can war be avoided? Yes, by Chile. President Harrison does not rest our demand upon any narrative of the massacre which can be disputed as prejudiced in favor of our men. The patience of a great and peaceful government has been exhausted and by an ultimatum declaring the instant necessity for apology and reparation we have opened to Chile the last chance of displaying the courage and readiness to do right in spite of mad clamor. The covert and indirect application for the recall of Minister Egan is deservedly treated as a mere subterfuge for delay."

The Morning Advertiser says: "The tone of the message is aggressive, if not warlike and unless the matter assumes different shape through arbitration Chile is left in a position to apologize or suffer the penalty.

"There is neither glory nor profit for the United States in a war against such an adversary, and their should be no war until arbitration has utterly failed.

The Press says: "The evidence presented in the message and correspondence removes every shadow of doubt, if there ever was a shadow, that our sailors were maltreated and murdered because they wore the American uniform. The demands of our government are set forth in a temperate and deliberate, but unequivocal tone.

"It is time to say to Chile that the American nation is prepared to appeal to the final arbitrament for which conduct like that of the Chilean government leaves no alternative. The people have waited for the president; now they are waiting for congress."

The World says: "The country now knows all there is to know respecting the situation. That the situation is serious nobody can doubt. That it makes war necessary or certain is not to be assumed. The duty just now is to go slow and keep calm. If war comes it should be forced upon us."

The Herald says: "It is fortunate that the president sent with his message the correspondence which has passed between the two governments. This will enable the country to judge of the merits of the controversy and if we mistake not the popular verdict will be that Mr. Harrison has by his precipitate action and undue haste, brought about a crisis unwarranted and unjust to a friendly sister republic, a crisis which might easily have been averted by calm, patriotic and statesmanlike diplomacy."

'We think President Harrison has made a grave mistake. We trust it may be remedied."

The Times says: "The statements of the president's message and the evidence of the correspondence leave no reasonable doubt that the assault upon the Baltimore's men was, as our government has claimed, 'an attack upon the uniform of the United States navy.'

"To allow such an incident to pass without reparation would be tantamount to withdrawing the national protection from United States citizens sojourning on foreign soil.

"We can hardly arbitrate as to the fact that the assault on our sailors was wanton and injurious. We may under Chile's offer propose to arbitrate the terms of settlement, and such a proposition we ought to make."

Chicago, Jan. 26.—The Inter-Ocean (republican) says: "There is but one course open to congress. It is to fix a date, and that a brief one, on which, should Chile still remain silent or defiant on the questions of apology or reparation the arbitrament of war shall decide their justice."

The Daily News (independent) says: "The time for temporizing has passed. Whatever answer Chile will make must now be made to the people of the United States. The president's message is clear and comprehensive on all the main points involved. It is a foregone conclusion that both branches of congress will uphold this demand for the protection of the American flag from insult."

The Times (democratic) says: "The case is left with congress without even a suggestion from the president. If there be intelligent patriotism in congress to justify the popular expression to which the majority of the lower house is due, there will be a prompt suggestion to the executive of a change from methods of vain glory to those of statesmanship. It will instruct the president that matters in dispute are to be referred, as in the case of the Alabama, to arbitrament."

The Tribune (republican) says: "There can be no doubt that if Chile does not speedily come to its senses it will be brought to them through the stern agency of war."

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 26.—The Republic says: "Mr. Harrison tries to produce the impression that Chile has refused to express regret for the acts of the Valparaiso mob, whereas the correspondence shows that Don Pedro Montt, the Chilean minister at Washington, has conveyed to this government the assurance of the friendly feelings of Chile.

"There is a scandal behind this business. Meantime on the face of it, it is clear that the whole business, as it stands, is the most treacherous, the most pusillanimous, the meanest and most cowardly that any American administration ever engaged in."

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 26.—The Chronicle, after reviewing the president's message in a highly commendatory manner, concludes as follows:

"If Chile will accede to our just demands as contained in the ultimatum, well and good, but if she refuses diplomatic intercourse is to be at once suspended and war must inevitably follow, although we may and shall regret its necessity. Option is not with Chile; we have been so patient as to almost become an object of contempt to the great powers of Europe. We have permitted ourselves to be brow-beaten and insulted by a nation of pigmies. We have seen our sailors murdered in cold blood and no reparation tendered, and we have heard our president grossly maligned.

Now the end has come, and Chile must make reparation and withdraw the insulting letter she sent; if not, the next thing is a declaration of war, and then God save the right."

The Examiner, in a long editorial headed, "There Will Be No War," attacks President Harrison's management of the Chilean controversy.

The Post says: "If Chile recognizes her mistake and offers to do the right thing, there will be no war, but if she persists in her present unjust, arrogant and defiant attitude, we must declare war and bring her to her senses, if it takes half a million American soldiers to do it."

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 26.—The Post says: "There are two sides to every question. Let the matter be thoroughly aired in congress be fore action is taken. The people should know all about the policy and conduct of Minister Egan, and how far it is responsible for the feeling of the Chilean people, before any declaration of war is made."

The Commercial-Gazette says: "The Dispatch says:

"If the people of this country are once satisfied that Chile will not make full reparation for any wrongs or insults to our government or to our representatives of any grade, there will be a unanimous expression for war, and in any event if war is declared there will be but one feeling; but meantime there are enough features to the case to warrant congress to make quite sure it is right before going ahead."

The Commercial-Gazette says: "The best Uncle Sam could get out of a fight with Chile would be the worst of it. There would be little glory or satisfaction in spanking the half-civilized infant. Still there is a limit to forbearance, even in the treatment of the mixed natives of the sister continent."

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—The Ledger says: "Men separated ordinarily by political opinions will be united to-day on this matter. They will be neither of one party nor another; they will be Americans supporting their country, their government and their president, all of whom are worthy of their support."

The Press: "We fought England at heavy odds to protect our seamen on our own decks and under our own flag. Less cannot be done to-day. It is indispensably necessary that the South American world should know and understand that this peaceful, forbearing land is as quick to protect its citizens and avenge their wrongs as though its fleet rode in every sea and its flag was forever unfurled in battle."

The Record: "From beginning to end President Harrison's message is a studied, vindictive, but by no means succesful attempt to put the Chileans in the wrong and to arouse a war spirit among the American people."

The Inquirer: "Under all the circumstances, we could not see how the president could have done other wise than he has done."

The North American: "If there is to be war the president does not assume it, and he in fact merely hands the papers, of which his message is a concise resume, to congress and awaits its consideration."

New Orleans, La., Jan. 26.—The Picayune: "When British officials impressed into the British services sailors of the American merchant marine, it drove the United States with less than 8,000,000 population to declare war on one of the most powerful nations. Under any circumstances the United States cannot afford to be less regardful of the lives and rights of its sailors to-day than it was of their liberties eighty years ago."

The Times-Democrat: "The president's message on the Chilean question is timely, proper and patriotic. In a case like this, where the national honor is at issue, there can be no sectional or party lines, and the president can count confidently on the support of the south, which is as broadly patriotic in this matter as any part of the union. We do not want war, but none the less the United States will not, ought not to, hesitate if war becomes necessary in defense of national honor."

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 26.—The Appeal-Avalanche: "The situation is very serious and it will remain for the wisdom of a democratic congress to determine what should be done. It seems to us that the president has committed the country to a hostile demonstration, and that it is impossible for congress to do otherwise than sustain him."

Denver, Col., Jan. 26.—The Republican: "President Harrison's message is a strong and patriotic document, and it should receive the indorsement of all Americans, but it has been too long delayed. Immediate action should be taken, and Chile and other countries be shown that the United States is able to protect her citizens both on sea and in foreign lands."

OHIO PENSIONS.

Buckeye Veterans and Their Dependents Who Have Been granted Pensions.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Pensions have been granted to the following residents of Ohio:

Original—John M. Alexander, Samuel J. Davidson, John H. Davis, Armstrong H. Perry, Wm. Raynard, Daniel J. Turner, Christian Smith, Jacob W. Ricketts, Jos. Tifer, Thomas P. Carver, George W. Miller, sr., Jacob Jung, Henry Osborne, Jonathan Furney, Matthew Hopkinson, Lewis W. Hankey, Newton McCluckion, David C. Wilson, Peter Kernan, Lorenz Fischer, Oliver Vander, Norman Jones, Alexander Gray, Samuel Cook, Jacob Fetzer, Joshua E. Weidman, Isaac N. Hamilton, Abel C. Hutchins, Silas W. Collier, John V. Reese, James W. Pence, Michael Ebse, Omer P. Fox, Frederic A. Stearnes, Hezekiah W. Morris, Henry D. Sides, David Roland, John T. Mossman, George Wells, Samuel F. Mains, Jacob D. Goon (Coon), James P. Conn, Henry Chapman, Charles F. Linle, Joseph Dawson, Charles McGraw, Louis Ford, Eugene Page, Frederick Perry, Franklin Henry Reed, James O. Johnson, Nathan B. Cooley, Henry Ilsemann, James Dinen, Thomas J. Bowman, Albert Cheesman, James Gallagher, George H. Johnson, Henry W. Crum (deceased), Solomon B. King, Wm. R. Spurgeon, Daniel H. Young, Matthew J. Cullen, Wm. E. Tanner, Wm. H. H. Snyder, Martin Ryan, George Sanders, Albert T. Kimball.

Additional—George W. E. Davis, Edward Bowersox, Lucian L. Watson, Franklin H. Miller, Miles Sands, Benjamin H. Egner, Isiah S. Wenger, Harvey L. Gard, Wm. Crosby, George W. Coleman, Samuel H. Smith, Wm. Webb, Anton Lang (deceased), John R. Davis, John L. Porter, Wm. H. H. Flack.

Increase—Nathaniel H. Newcomer, John Burchett, Joseph Marcow, Samuel Nichols, Charles W. Doty, George Barnes, Jacob Butler, Wm. J. Wilcox, James O. Martin, Severin Nesselhauf, Jacob J. Strohl, Benson L. Barden, Milton McFarland, Jerius W. Gleason, Wm. Anderson, Lewis R. Mann, Charles Kettel, Samuel Parkison, James Davis, George A. Williams, Eckert Sheafer, Hiram M. Holton, Hamilton P. Ayer, Christian Wagler, Jacob Helsel, Monroe Spencer, Wm. Wade, Amos M. Collins, Frank P. Wilson, Philipp A. Bierwirth, George W. Chapman, Albert R. Gallagher, George W. Elbright, Wm. R. Robison, Frederick S. Smith, Wm. S. Furbey, John B. Story, James M. Foster, Samuel Dale, Sampson T. Porter, Charles Carter.

Reissue—Jacob Fortune, Joshua B. Amos (deceased).

Original widows—Catherine Crum, Emma Baltzell, Levina Davis, Catharine Lang, Celesta Roseborough, Matilda Brewer, Evaline Smith.

For coughs and throat troubles use Brown's Bronchial Troches.—"They stop an attack of my asthma cough very promptly."—C. Falch, Miamiville, Ohio.

TALKED IN HER SLEEP.

It Brought a Mother to Her Lost Child.

A Search Over the East for a Child Stolen by the Father from the Mother.

New York, Jan. 26.—"I want to see mamma! My mamma aint dead!" Mrs. Smith, wife of Captain Smith of the vessel Moses P. Bramball, heard little Olive Hackett murmur these words in her slumber some nights ago.

Mrs. Smith lives on West Side avenue, Jersey City. The child had been in the company of a long, gaunt, red-haired man, whom Captain Smith took on his vessel as an assistant last fall. The man said that he was a widower, and induced Captain Smith to allow the little girl, his daughter, to live in his house while he was in the captain's service.

The long, gaunt, red-haired man had afterwards gone to Cuba to enter upon a new employment. He asked Mrs. Smith to take care of the child, and as he agreed to pay for her board and Mrs. Smith had, besides, formed an attachment for her, Ollie continued to live in the Smith household.

The words Mrs. Smith had overheard were but the rambling exclamations of a dreamer, but Mrs. Smith thought that they might perhaps have been the unbidden expressions of an overburdened heart, and in the morning "Ollie" was questioned. The child admitted that her mother was living, and gave the names of several relatives in Fall River, Mass.

As the result of correspondence the mother of the little child presented herself at Mr. Smith's house yesterday and little "Ollie" flew to her arms.

The reunion was pathetic. Mrs. Hackett said that her husband had deserted her and stolen the child from her and that she had hunted all through the east for her but without avail.

Worry and anxiety had finally mastered her, and when the news that "Ollie" had been found came to her at last she was on a sick bed. Feeble and unable to endure the strain of travel as she was, love had lent strength to her feet, and she had hastened to Jersey City to claim her flaxen-haired pet and take her to her home and bosom again.

Mother and child took passage this afternoon on the Fall River boat.

FOR THE TOILET

There is no more useful or elegant article than Ayer's Hair Vigor—the most popular and economical hair-dressing in the market. It causes the hair to grow abundantly and retain the beauty and texture of youth; prevents baldness, heals troublesome humors of the scalp and keeps it clean, cool, and healthy. Both ladies and gentlemen everywhere prefer Ayer's Hair Vigor to any other dressing for the hair. Mrs. Lydia O. Moody, E. Pittston, Me., writes: "I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for some time, and it has worked wonders for me. I was troubled with dandruff and falling hair, so that I was rapidly becoming bald; but since using the Vigor, my head is perfectly clear of dandruff, the hair has ceased coming out, and I now have a good growth, of the same color as when I was a young woman. I can heartily recommend the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor to any one suffering from dandruff or loss of hair."

Ask For

Ayer's Hair Vigor

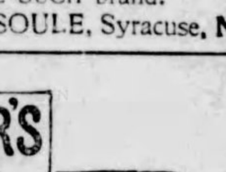
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Liquor and Opium Habit Cured.

Home Treatment a Specialty.

Consultation by letter. Medicines sent to all parts of the United States.

Write for particulars,

CUYLER INSTITUTE,

Suite 57, 163 State St., Chicago, Ill.

Face Massage Treatment of Hair and Scalp

Facial blemishes of every description, such as warts, moles, freckles, moth, tan, pimples, black heads, etc., etc., permanently removed without the use of harmful compounds. The face treatment teaches one how to care for and keep the face free from imperfections. Superfluous hair removed. Consultation free from 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. MRS. L. J. RAYMER, Dermatologist, 415 Twelfth Street. When writing enclose stamp for reply.

CROCKER-WHEELER PERFECTED ELECTRIC MOTORS From 1-12 Horse-Power Up.

Most Efficient Motor on the Market.

Merrell & Chapman

Manhood Restored.

Small weak organs Enlarged. Free Remedy. A victim of youthful errors causing Emissions, lack of vigor and development, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc., will gladly send (sealed) *Free* to all sufferers a recipe that cured him after all other remedies failed. Address with stamp, L. A. BRADLEY, Grocer, Battle Creek, Mich.

HAVE YOU THE GRIPPE?

Many People Have It and Do Not Know It.—How to Recognize the Symptoms and How to Treat Them.

Hundreds of people have the Grippe who do not know it. Not necessarily the final stages, but the first stages. They feel pains in the head, and a bad taste in the mouth, get tired and despondent, have chilly sensations, limbs and muscles ache. In some cases these things are overlooked. In most cases perhaps they are considered simply a slight cold. In nearly every case they indicate the coming of Grippe.

There is but one thing to do when these symptoms appear, and that is to take prompt and vigorous measures, to fortify nature to repel the enemy. A little well directed effort at just the right time will accomplish very much more than labored efforts afterwards. There is but one thing to be done, and that is to use a pure stimulant, something that will promptly arrest, and in no way injure, something endorsed by scientists, recommended by physicians, and popular because so efficient—Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. Two years ago, and last year when the Grippe was raging, this was the standard remedy used, and recommended by the profession. It did more to prevent the Grippe than all other known or recommended remedies. It preserved many people in health who would otherwise have been grievously sick, perhaps even worse. It is as efficient to-day as ever. It should be borne in mind that other so-called whiskies may not be so efficient, and if any dealer asserts that such whiskies are the same, distrust him at once. There is but one medicinal whiskey and that is Duffy's Pure Malt.

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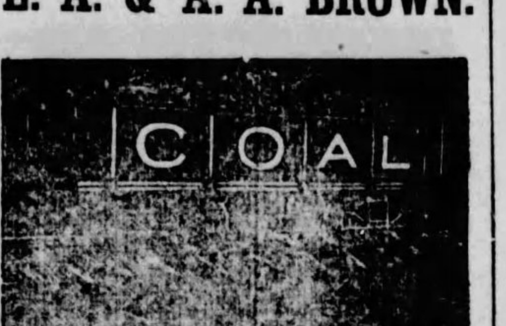

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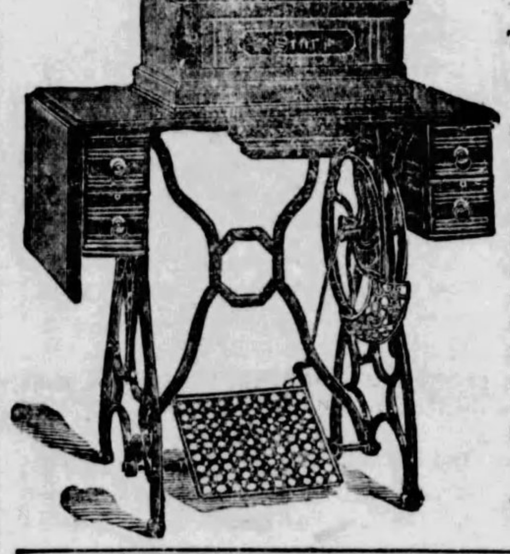

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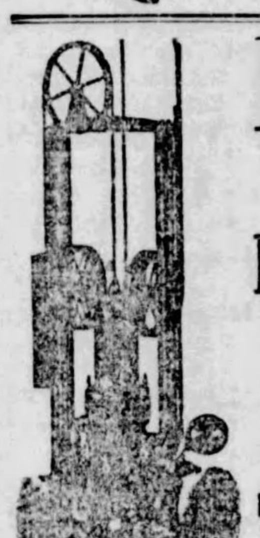

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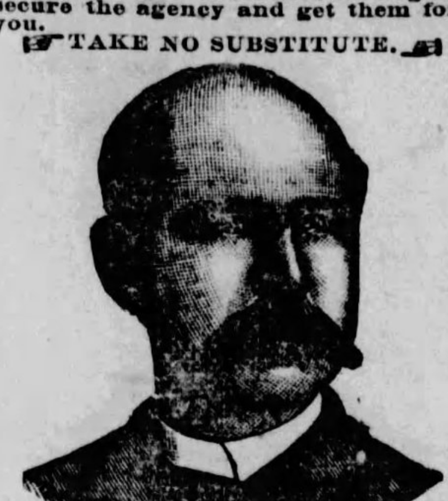

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THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this kind than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

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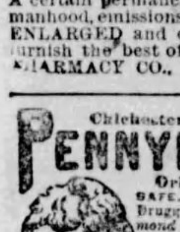

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From Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Summit, Chestnut and Mulberry

Depart for Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York: Atlantic Express, 7:20 a. m; Day Express, 2:25 p. m; Fast Line, *9:00 p m. Arrive Toledo, 9:40 a m, 5:10 p m and *11:25 p m.

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Norwalk Division—East.		
Bos. and Chi. Accom.	9:45 a m	*5:05 p m
Bos. and Chi. special.	*7:35 a m	
New York Express	*10:55 p m	*9:50 a m
Chicago Mail	*8:00 a m	
Buffalo Accom	7:35 p m	6:10 a m
Norwalk Accom	1:30 p m	3:40 p m
Sandusky Division East.		
Bos. and N. Y. Spe.		5:00 p m
N. Y. and Chi. lim.	*3:25 a m	*11:55 p m
Chi. and N. Y. Ex.	*1:55 p m	*10:30 p m
Buff. and Chi. Accom.	9:35 a m	5:12 p m
Atlantic Express		*4:05 a m
Accommodation	7:45 p m	5:50 a m
Fast Mail		*2:55 p m
Old Road—West.		
Chicago Accom	*9:15 a m	*7:50 p m
Bos. and Chi. Spe.		*7:40 a m
Fast N.Y. and Bos. Ex	*10:25 p m	
Fast Mail	*2:50 p m	
Michigan Accom	4:40 p m	9:50 a m
Air Line Division—West.		
Chi. and Bos. Spe.	4:55 p m	
Atlantic Express	3:55 a m	
N. Y. and Chi. lim.	11:50 p m	*3:30 a m
Chicago Fast Mail		*3:10 a m
Chicago Express		*2:00 p m
Pacific Express		*11:10 p m
Buff. and Chi. Accom	4:45 p m	10:05 a m
Kendallville Accom	9:20 a m	6:00 p m
Jackson Branch.		
Express	9:15 a m	9:50 a m
Express	4:40 p m	7:50 p m
Lansing Branch.		
Express	2:50 p m	9:50 a m
Express	10:25 p m	
Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids Branch.		
Express	2:50 p m	11:10 p m
Express	10:25 p m	9:50 a m
Detroit Branch.		
Express	9:40 a m	7:37 a m
Express	4:48 p m	10:10 a m
Express	8:20 p m	4:05 p m
CINCINNATI, HAMILTON and DAYTON. Union Depot.		
Cin. and Ind. Express	*5:25 a m	10:15 a m
Cin. and Ind. Express	4:00 p m	*3:30 p m
Cin. and Ind. Express	9:00 p m	*11:40 p m
Cincinnati Express	11:20 a m	6:45 a m
Cin. Ex., Sun. only	9:40 a m	
Find. and B. G. Ex.	8:00 a m	8:45 a m
Find. and B. G. Ex.	4:00 p m	3:30 p m
Find. and B. G. Ex.	9:00 p m	6:05 p m
Find. and B. G. Ex.	11:20 a m	10:15 a m

Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

	Arrive.	Depart.
WABASH RAILWAY. Union Depot.		
Pacific Express	*8:55 p m	*12:10 a m
Kansas City Express	4:15 p m	10:20 a m
St. Louis Express	*7:40 a m	*5:20 p m
Defiance Accom	8:00 a m	4:45 p m
MICHIGAN CENTRAL.		
Mackinac and Det. E.	9:10 p m	4:20 p m
N. Y. and Bos. Ex.	*10:05 a m	*7:45 a m
New York Express	*11:20 p m	*9:05 p m
Detroit Express	*8:20 p m	*5:30 a m
WHEELING and LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.		
Pitts., Steub. Mar. Ex	6:25 p m	7:40 a m
Through Express	2:00 p m	1:00 p m
Cleve. and N. Y. Ex.	*9:45 a m	4:50 p m
Mixed Local	4:30 p m	6:45 a m
Mixed Oak Harbor		*7:45 p m
Orrville Ex. un. only.		5:20 p m
CINCINNATI, JACKSON and MACKINAW.		
Chicago and Tol. Ex.	12:10 p m	6:30 p m
Mail and Express	8:35 p m	7:25 a m
Local	8:50 p m	6:10 a m
TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR and NORTH MICHIGAN.		
Cadillac Mail	10:20 p m	8:45 a m
Clare Express	12:55 p m	2:40 p m
Ann Arbor Accom	8:55 a m	10:20 a m
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS and KANSAS CITY. Union Depot.		
St. Louis Day Ex.	10:20 p m	6:25 a m
St. Louis Night Ex.	*9:20 a m	*5:25 p m
Delphos Pass	8:30 a m	4:20 p m
COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY and TOLEDO. Buckeye Route.		
Columbus Express	*9:15 a m	*6:20 a m
O. R. Mail and Ex.	2:20 p m	10:35 a m
Columbus Express	*8:20 p m	*5:20 p m
TOLEDO, COLUMBUS and CINCINNATI. Depot, Bridge street, East Toledo.		
Find. and Ken. Ex.	*9:05 a m	7:40 a m
Find. and B. G. Ex.	8:15 p m	10:30 a m
Find and Ken. Ex.	6:35 p m	*4:20 p m
TOLEDO and OHIO CENTRAL. Depot, Bridge street, East Toledo.		
Col. and Corning Ex.	8:25 p m	10:15 a m
Bucyrus Express	9:00 a m	5:30 p m

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Passengers going via the above line leave from Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Depot, as follows:

Depart via M. C. R. R.	5:30 a m
Depart via L. S. R'y	10:10 a m
Depart via M. C. R. R.	4:20 p m
Depart via M. C. R. R.	*9:05 p m
Arrive via M. C. R. R.	*10:05 a m
Arrive via M. C. R. R.	3:20 p m
Arrive via L. S. R'y	4:42 p m
Arrive via M. C. R. R.	*11:20 p m

Connections are made at Monroe or Detroit with F. & P. M. R. R. trains for all stations on that road in Michigan.

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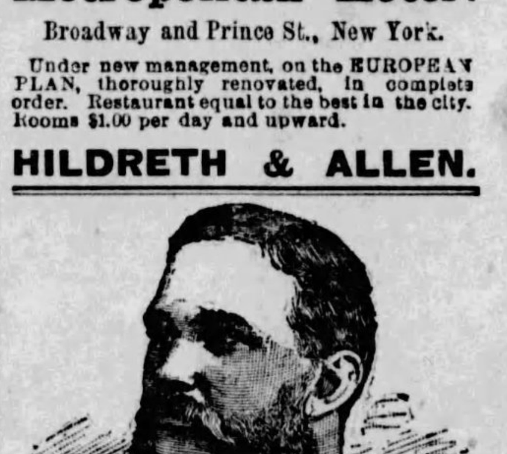

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PILES permanently cured without the use of a knife or any surgical operation whatever. POSITIVELY NO CASE TAKEN THAT CANNOT BE CURED.

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Consultation free. Private parlors for ladies.

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LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS,

Who desire to increase their income can secure a permanent situation, on salary or commission as preferred, with the most successful Accident Insurance Company in America by Address with References.

W. D. CHASE, Secretary, Geneva, N. Y

A ROSEATE VIEW.

Commissioner Wright on the Present Labor Question.

He Thinks Prospects Are Bright, Wages on the Increase and Hours of Labor Decreasing—Influence of Strikes.

Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, writes as follows in the New York Sunday World: In my judgment the condition of the wage workers of the United States, viewed in all aspects, is better now than at any previous period in our history. There is a continual ebb and flow of the tide of general prosperity, which for a time affects more or less the men and women who toil. For this reason it is not easy to make a comparison of a single year with another preceding or following it. But taking a period of, say, 25 years, and striking a general average, so to speak, we may reach a fair conclusion. Doing this we see a marked and gratifying improvement.

Wages are higher, and while in some respects the cost of living is also increased, considering what a man gets for his money, the advantages he has of education, the general diffusion of intelligence and social enjoyment, the relative value of wages over the cost of living has materially advanced. A very important consideration is the fact that while wages have increased, there has been a general decrease in the hours of labor. Where this is taken into account the large compensation the artisan and the laborer receive for their time becomes even more apparent. The reduction in the hours of labor gives more time and opportunity for recreation and intellectual culture, and these are potent influences in bettering the condition of the wage-earners.

None will deny that in the United States the workingman—popularly so called—is at this time more of a social and political factor than ever before. Labor is more respectable—if I may use the expression without being misunderstood. Education develops in the workingman all that goes to make good citizenship, and this commands confidence and respect. In our own country the conditions are radically different from those of any other. Here the great body of workers are not composed of a continuous line or race. In Germany, for instance, they are substantially all Germans and have been for centuries. In England, France and other countries it is much the same. Comparative conclusions are therefore much more easily reached than here, where we have a heterogeneous mass made up from all the civilized nations of the globe. The great wonder of students and publicists should be that this great body of people, so constituted, should be so intelligent, so well paid and generally so orderly.

Conditions Better Here.

Comparing our own with foreign countries, it is an indisputable fact that the condition of the working people is immeasurably better. What is most demanded now, in my opinion, is a wise and just regulation—perhaps the word restriction would be un-American—of foreign immigration. Well-considered measures to this end would promote the interests of our wageworkers. What those measures should be I will not attempt to say. There has always been some legislation tending in that direction. This is in some degree experimental and may lead to something more tangible and definite.

I believe the social and moral condition of all people in all countries is growing better. I am not a pessimist. I do not think the world is going backward. I am what might be called a conservative optimist, looking always to the better side of things and seeing improvement and progress wherever they can be found.

Always a Hard Time.

Speaking in a general way, the workingman has always had a hard time of it. He has never received his legitimate share of the product of his labor. This has been the result of existing conditions and not of any fixed purpose on the part of his employer to defraud him, or of presumed hostility between capital and labor. So many factors enter into the price of labor that it is hard to say why a man is paid so much or so little.

The chief question in the labor problem of to-day is: How shall the worker receive his just and equitable share of production? That we are nearing a point of fairer distribution I firmly believe. Just what the changes will be by which this most desirable condition may be brought about is quite impossible now to define. The problem must solve itself in its own way. Legislation cannot do it. There are unwritten economic principles which must determine. There has long been a gradual narrowing of profits to capital, resulting from the increase of wages, competitive rivalry and other causes. Interest is lower than formerly, and this is in the line of equalization, being to the advantage of the borrower at the expense of the lender. There is at the same time a general cheapening of many manufactured articles, which helps the consumer. All these elements enter into the question and foster the hope of a solution at no distant day. This is the plain logic of events.

It is a favorable sign of the times that never before has been such a general, sincere and deep-seated sympathy with the laboring class, and a desire to better their condition in every practicable way. There will always be misfortune and vice, poverty and want, but we may regard hopefully the work of legislators, the press and the pulpit for the improvement of mankind. Employers are more considerate of the men and women who toil for them. Everything is in the line of elevating labor instead of degrading it. With this in view, the department of labor is, as I said at the beginning, an educational force. It does not put dollars directly into the pockets of the workingman, but it does give him material aid in ways that are quite as effectual.

I believe the era of strikes in this country for the present practically over. They have been expensive educators, exacting large tuition bills, but they have taught labor and capital each to respect the rights of the other. Much as they are to be deprecated, they have not been an unmixed evil. They have had their part in working out the perplexing industrial problem.

HOW TO BRING UP A CHILD.

Begin with considering his the best, brightest and most beautiful child on the face of the earth! Look on him as the eighth wonder of the world! Tell everybody so. Keep telling them so until he is big enough to hear and understand, for he should not be permitted to grow in ignorance of his own importance.

Stuff him with sugar plums when he cries. It will teach him to cry more, that he may get more sugar plums. It will give him a suggestive lesson in causes and results. He ought to cry. Healthy children always cry, and it is healthy to listen to them. Crying develops the lungs—wards off early consumption.

Always let him have his own way. If you do not, it will break his spirit; and what is a boy good for whose spirit has been broken?

Solomon's head was not level when he said: "Spare the rod and spoil the child." Probably his brain was softening. Never command him to do anything. Ask him to do it if he pleases; but if he doesn't please, never oblige him to. It might arouse his temper and give him an attack of colic or indigestion.

If he should become disobedient and impudent, as, perhaps, he may—children are liable to—consult a doctor at once. If you fee this gentleman well, he will tell you that the child has "too much brains; large mental activity; a mind of unusual precocity," etc., etc.; all of which will be pleasant for you to hear, since it will give you the idea that you have brought a genius into the world. He will tell you that the child mustn't be crossed. You must be careful how you deny him what he wants. Must not let him get angry. Let him have his way.

After he gets older, he will be likely to learn the manly science of profanity, and the gentlemanly accomplishments of drinking and gambling.

Well, youthful spirits must be run off in some way—must have some outlet. Say, as thousands have said before you, that you would rather have two knaves than one fool in the family. That is a very nice way of putting it, and consoling, too.

Make much of his bright sayings. Repeat them to your friends. If they don't see wit in them, it is because they haven't brains enough to see wit in anything.

Let him begin young to order the servant, so as "to get his hand in." Give him all the money he wants to spend. Let him go out evenings. Don't tie him to his mother's aprons strings and make a milksop of him.

If he calls you "governor" and his mother "the old gal" don't reprove him. It is only young America cropping out, and isn't America "the land of the free and home of the brave."

Get him a revolver by the time he is 10 so that he may be ready for emergencies—a watch, and a revolver, by all means. At 18 he will need a fast horse and a betting-book.

Persevere in this course, and by the time he is 25 the world will have heard from him at the end of a rope, or in congress—nobody can foresee which.

In this land of liberty who can predict results?—Kate Thorn in the New York Weekly.

BITTEN BY A RATTLER.

Prompt Action of Athlete Ring May Save "Little Dot."

While "Little Dot," the snake charmer, was exhibiting her reptiles at Huber's museum in Fourteenth street, recently, one of the rattlersnakes she was fondling suddenly began to grow excited.

She quickly shook off several other snakes, which were coiled about her neck and arms, and was about to secure the "rattler," when it poised its head for an instant and then darted forward, burying its fangs in the girl's left cheek.

"Little Dot" screamed and fell back-crawled away to a corner. There was a ward on the small stage, and the snake big crowd in the museum and the excitement verged on a panic.

The attendants quickly captured the snake, and then turned their attention to "Little Dot," who lay on the floor screaming with pain and fright.

P. J. Ring the wrestler and athlete, whose stage is next to that of the charmer, was the first at the woman's side, and placing his mouth about the small pin-like wounds, he began to suck the poison. This he continued while a messenger was sent for a carriage. Before it arrived the assistants had succeeded in getting the girl to drink very nearly a pint of whisky.

"Little Dot" was driven rapidly to the New York hospital and taken in charge by Dr. Sherow. More whisky was administered to her. The doctor said she would probably recover, and that she would owe her life to Athlete Ring, as his prompt action in extracting the poison undoubtedly saved her.

The snake is a female Arizona rattler, four feet long, and its bite is one of the most poisonous in the world.

If Little Dot recovers this will be the third time Ring has saved life by the same prompt method—once in Virginia and once in Lawrence, Mass.—New York World.

A PRACTICAL SUGGESTION.

One of the most practical suggestions for service is that of the woman who comes in to work "by the day." There is very much more in this idea of daily service, or of employing a woman who, in common parlance, "does day's work," than has ever been fully developed. Washing and scrubbing are, at present, the principal duties of such workers. But these, although they represent the hardest labor, cover only a small part of the daily housework.

The sweeping and dusting, the sewing, the cooking, the dishwashing, the "clearing up"—most interminable of tasks—the mending and the chamber work—all these come into the home life and into the line of a housekeeper's duties. All these have to be overlooked. Somebody has to see that they are well done, often to do them. And the time and patience and the strength which go into these "little things," nobody but the woman who does them knows.

Darning stockings, with the attendant horrors of mending and sewing on of buttons, represents a batch of work which comes regularly every week to be done, and is a sore trial to the woman who longs for the time it takes that she may give it to better things. Yet she knows these tasks are necessary, and that they must be accomplished for the comfort and well-being of the family in her charge.

Now there must surely be plenty of women who cannot do finished or high-class work, yet to whom mending and stocking-darning, clearing up of rooms and dusting, would be light and agreeable work, women who, having ample time, would be willing to do such important yet trivial housework for the small sum of money the service is worth. They need not be highly educated or very quick, and ready to do well any and every trifle which comes up for somebody to do. There are certainly plenty of places waiting for just such workers.

We hear much of the women who are starving in making shirts at three cents apiece, and trousers at five cents a pair. The tales are too well authenticated to be doubted. But surely the work above suggested would be easier, pleasanter, and more profitable to the women who are keeping soul and body together on such a pittance as that.—Harper's Bazar.

A BARBAROUS PRACTICE.

The season is now here when some people commence one of the most cruel and barbarous practices ever retained by a civilized people, viz., that of burning the lampas from the mouths of young horses. At what time or among what people the practice originated I will not pretend to say. It is most likely a remnant of the dark ages of barbarism. But there is one nation which should either discontinue it, or else say less about the general diffusion of useful knowledge, that is America. The idea that the enlargement of that part of the roof of the horse's mouth is a disease is absurd, and has long been exploded by all veterinary surgeons, and is ridiculous to a man possessed of common sense. All horses are subject to be affected between the ages of three and five. In some cases the soft, spongy enlargement descends to a level with the fore teeth, yet upon examining it there will appear to be no tenderness or inflammation indicating disease; and if left alone to the operations of nature it will disappear and the horse will have a sound and healthy mouth. There is also great danger of bleeding by opening the palatine vein. The manner of performing the operation is shocking to the feelings of humanity as well as painful to the animal. It is uncalled for, behind the times and must therefore be considered a piece of wanton cruelty.—H. M. C. in Rural New Yorker.

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DEAD CARDINALS' HATS.

They Are Always Suspended Conspicuously Over His Tomb.

The almost simultaneous death of Cardinals Manning and Simeoni recalls a curious ecclesiastic custom to those who have visited the old cathedrals on the continent. Passing through the gray arches of the entrance, with the lace-like carvings of the stone rotting away into shapelessness, on each side of the nave are seen many little chapels, flooded with the tinted light of the great rose windows. Some of these are the shrines of certain saints, or of the madonna gifted with certain attributes that localize her adoration. Others contain the tombs of church dignitaries, masterpieces of sculpture. Of these some have the grayness of time, while the marble of others is of a whiteness that seems an anachronism. But it is in these latter chapels that the tourist finds something that puzzles him. Directly over the sepulchre, swinging by a silken chord, is often seen a hat, purple or crimson, according to the rank of the dead prelate. An extra franc or lire given to the solemn old beadle will gain this information: When the dead archbishop or cardinal is laid in his last resting place, the hat, the emblem of his authority, is suspended over his tomb. Thenceforward no man's hands are to touch it.

For months or years it sways there, 20 feet or more above its former wearer, until at last the silken cord rots, the weight of the faded and tattered cloth brings it down, and all falls in a heap upon the marble beneath. Then the priests of the church gather round it. The remnants are heaped upon a golden salver and are burned. The beadle does not know what becomes of the ashes. They may be scattered to the winds or placed among the holy relics in one of the many crypts. At all events, European tourists next summer will have an opportunity of seeing the red hats of Manning and Simeoni high in the air, and perhaps by a more than ordinary idiotic exhibition of American extravagance can learn the destiny of their ashes.

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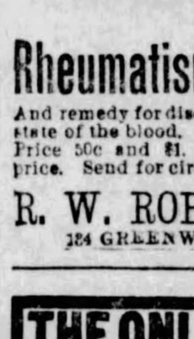

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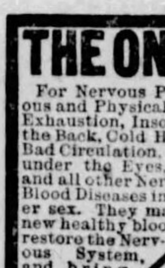

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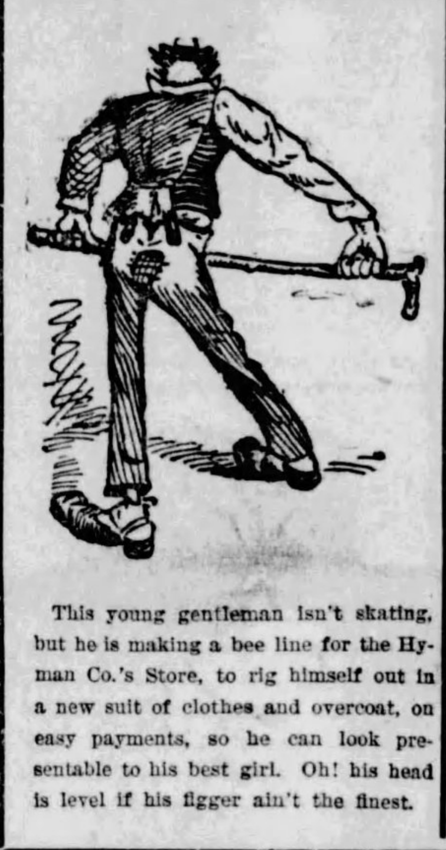

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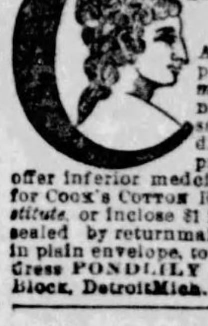

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WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST AT HOUSEwork. 415 11th street. 19

WANTED—A BRIGHT YOUNG GIRL TO assist with general housework. 226 Floyd street. 19

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; no washing; small family. Mrs. Chas. Dustin, corner Lincoln avenue and Monroe street. 17

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 230 Illinois street. Mrs. D. Norton. 17

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of two. Apply at once at 127 Illinois street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 1016 Superior street. References required. 17

A GOOD SALARY GUARANTEED TO any lady who will do writing for me at home. Address in own handwriting with addressed and stamped envelope, Miss Edna L. Smythe, South Bend, Ind. Proprietor of the Famous Gloria Water. 21jan26

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—TO WORK FOR SOME BUSIness man by the year, or to oversee work; I am a carpenter by trade; can give references. Address or call J. F. J., 708 Bartlett street. 26

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man of 17 to do office work, or any kind of work whereby he can earn enough to attend night school. Call or address 202 Illinois street. 22

WANTED—SEWING, WASHING AND ironing to do. Address F. 66, care of Bee office. 24

WANTED—SITUATION OF ANY KIND, by a strong young man of 14 years; acquainted in city; best of references; is also a first class horseman, having taken care of noted trotters; can also milk. Address F. 62, Bee office, or 922 Locust street, city. 19

WANTED—SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-aged lady as housekeeper or nurse or work of some kind; can furnish references. Address Mrs. A. Knapp, 521 Hurd street. 20

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY THE day, by Mrs. White, No. 1525 Michigan st.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPer, by a first-class cook, and in fact first-class in all kinds of housework. Address F. 64, care Bee. 21

WANTED—DISH WASHING IN RESTaurant, kitchen assistant or indoor employment. Amos Waite, 1525 Michigan st. 20

WANTED—SEWING TO DO BY THE day, by first-class dressmaker; best of references; low prices. Address Seamstress, 312 11th street. 19

HOSTLER—WANTED, SITUATION AS hostler. Address F. 61, Bee office. 18

STENOGRAPHER—WANTED, POSITION as stenographer; would be willing to work for experience at first. Address F. 57, Bee office. 19

WANTED—A POSITION IN AN OFFICE by a lady who is a fair stenographer, accurate typewriter, and writes a plain, neat, long hand. References. F. 63, Bee office. 20

BOOKKEEPER—WANTED, A SITUAtion as assistant bookkeeper by young man of 20 years; salary no object. Address F. 55, Bee office. 19

COACHMAN—WANTED, SITUATION OF any kind by young man; have had experience as coachman. Address F. 56, Bee officee. 19

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man of 17 years in some office; have had some experience and willing to work. Address F. 35, care Bee. 17

WANTED—BY YOUNG MARRIED MAN, work of any kind; am fair carpenter; willing to work for one dollar a day. Address F. 52, Bee office. 17

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—INTELLIGENT BUSINESS men and ladies to join proprietor in handling territory. Article of enormous merit. Small capital required, but business more necessary than money. Can see goods by calling. Inclose stamp to insure reply by mail. Barnes & Mowry, No. 311 Superior street, Room 10. 18

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—AT AIR LINE JUNCTION, vacant lots well located on Western avenue, with frontage to suit. Our prices are right. If you want property for speculation get our figures. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—A FEW OF THE MOST desirable lots on Robinwood avenue, at reasonable prices. They are scarce. See us soon. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ON GORDON ST., NEAR the M. C. Ry., lot 30 feet front for $300; additional frontage if desired. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$275 WILL BUY A WELL located lot on Boyd street, near Hiett avenue, 30x120; convenient to street cars and railroad grounds. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$250 WILL BUY A GOOD lot 30x145 on Prouty avenue, near M. C. Ry. See us soon. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—IN WEBSTER PLACE, beautiful lots with frontage to suit; good neighborhood; everything first-class; special inducements to those who will build. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ON BANCROFT ST., NEAR Locust street, lots 30x139, with 16-foot alley and paved street. Get our figures; we are prepared to make generous offers. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$500 WILL BUY A LOT ON Utica street, near Lagrange street, 30 feet front and good depth. Let us show you the property. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—IN THE NEW ADDITION beyond Ewing street, on Missouri street, frontage to suit, at reasonable price; good neighborhood and beautiful surroundings. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—A "DOWN TOWN" CHERRY street corner; suitable for business or flats; lot 50x100; price reasonable; good investment property. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ON MONROE ST., NEAR 23rd street, residence or business property, 40x134. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—LOT ON STARR AVENUE, corner Fifth street, East Toledo, 38x120; look at the property. If you want East Toledo real estate see Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—WELL LOCATED LOTS ON South street, near Sumner street, all lying high and dry; will sell at $500 per lot, terms to suit; special inducements to those desiring to build. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ON BARTLETT STREET for $450, well located lots on terms that are sure to please. We will gladly show the property. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—ONLY TWO LOTS LEFT on west side Scottwood avenue, between Bancroft and Virginia streets. These will soon be sold. Get our prices and let us show them. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—A BRICK AND TILE YARD at Liberty Center, O., all in good running order and a good trade. Address A. R. Morgan, Liberty Center, Ohio. 11jan1m-p

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—2040 FRANKlin avenue; lot 75 feet front; house contains modern improvements, and is, without doubt, one of the most desirable locations in the city. Will be sold at reasonable price and terms to desirable purchaser. Apply to W. C. Crabbs, Boody House block. 4dec-tf

RESTAURANT AND SAMPLE ROOM for sale cheap, if sold immediately, at 912 Adams street. Inquire at premises. 27nov-tf

FOR SALE—ONE BAY MARE, CHEAP, at 439 Segur ave. Call soon. 25nov-tf

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FOR SALE—Bed room suites, folding bed, side board, dining table, chairs, carpets, etc., etc. 1830 Adams street, corner Warren. 25jan6p

PRINTERS—$35 CASH WILL BUY A good 7x9 foot power self-inking job press. Geo. Gosline, Oak Harbor, Ohio. 25jan2

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP, FIVE RESIdence lots, corner Plymouth street and Navarre avenue, East Toledo. I. W. Martin, 137 Huron street. 22jan6p

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF WAGONS and buggies, cheap; also a family horse; will also rent blacksmith shop. Mrs. L. Harms, cor. Western and Field avenues. 20jan6p

HOUSE FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT corner Broadway, Maumee avenue and Middle street; one of the best building lots on Broadway. Enquire of E. M. Harley, 303 Summit street. 22jan6

FOR SALE—ONE NO. 3 GATES STONE crusher; one 40-horse power boiler and engine, all nearly new. Address Box 124, Toledo, Ohio. 25jan6p

FOR SALE—LOT NO. 90 IN Robinwood extension, on west side of the street; high and dry; beautiful homes on each side; best location on the street, at a bargain. Irving B. Hiett & Co. 25jan10

SALOON FOR SALE CHEAP—GOOD location; all new furniture. Address F. 65, Bee office. 23jan2p

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 GOOD SHUTTLE SEWING MAchines to sell cheap on easy payments; $2 down and 50 cents a week; everyone fully warranted. A. Austin, 317 Adams st. Agents wanted. 20jan6

SALESMEN TO SELL TO MERCHANTS by sample; $100 a month for workers; permanent situation; chance to build a fine trade; inclose stamp. Model Manufacturing Co., South Bend, Ind. 2jan1m

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT—W. T. States, 611 Cherry street. Rooms 13 and 14 Eppstein Block. Plans, Specifications and details furnished on short notice. 15dec1y

FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS insurance and real estate. Phone 1288, C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 New Bee Building, first floor. 3dec-tf

WE CANNOT ALWAYS GIVE SHOES away, but we can sell you Shoes at such prices that will astonish you. For good reliable goods, R. G. Dawkins, 521 Adams street. 23jan2

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THOSE FINE cabinets at Dubbs & Co.'s for $2.00 per dozen. 24nov-tf

SPECIAL DEDUCTION FOR CHILdren's pictures at Dubbs & Co.'s, 331 Broadway. 24nov-tf

FINE CABINETS AT DUBBS & CO.'S for $2.00 per dozen; 331 Broadway. 24nov-tf

ANY ONE HAVING MONEY TO LOAN on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17aug1yr

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? IF YOU do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7apr1yr

WANTED—THE PEOPLE TO KNOW that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry street. 31jan1yr

GEORGE W. MERRILL, JUSTICE OF the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 26 Law Building, corner Superior and Madison streets. jan12tf

INSURANCE—WANTED, EVERYBODY to insure in the old and tried Ohio Farmers' Insurance Company, with its 44 years experience and nearly $2,000,000 capital. Geo. C. Stahl, 420 Adams street. 7jan12w

DON'T HEAT YOUR BLOOD.—PUT AN ad. in the Bee to-day for one week, and let it do your hustling for you. 4jan-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A SUM OF MONEY ON CHERRY Street Bridge put up in shot bag. Finder liberally rewarded if returned to Flory & Baker, cor. Front and Bridge streets. 21jan6

LOST—DOG—SMALL BROWN SPANIEL, with collar marked "M. L. Ransom." Return to 428 12th street and get reward. 25jan2p

LOST—TWO INDEXED ACCOUNT books. Finder will please return to 1160 Oakwood avenue and receive reward. 25jan3p

LOST—A PUG DOG, ANSWERS TO THE name of Drummer; had a harness on. Finder will please return him to No. 7 Vienna Flats, Tenth street, and get reward. 25jan1p

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—HOUSE NO. 130 INDIANA avenue; good water, sewer connections, etc., $15 per month. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 13jan-tf

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL SUITES OF rooms for offices or light housekeeping; also corner store and cellar 75x20, with shelving and counters, in the Eppstein Block, Cherry street. Enquire of H. Weitzel, Room 10, Secor Block, Monroe street. 21dec4w

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, with use of bath room. Apply at 28 Ontario street, between Monroe and Washington. 23jan6p

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FURNISHED room, 215 Michigan street, between Jefferson and Madison streets; suitable for one or two gentlemen; heat, light, hot and cold water and privilege of bath room. 16jan6

FOR RENT—TWO NICE ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, with gas; 10 minutes walk from postoffice. Call 1117 Washington street. 21nov-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—IF YOU WANT $25 to $500 on chattel mortgage, I will negotiate such loans on fair terms. M. O. Waggoner, office and residence, 613 Madison street. 24oct1yr

MONEY—TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison street. 17aug1yr

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, Room 14, Worthington Block, Adams and Superior streets. 16may-tf

CITY NEWS.

Heiskell's Ointment removes tan.

The Toledo Laundry Co., 332 Summit st.

"The President's Chair" is coming to Toledo.

Several members of the Class of '92 are wearing the new pin.

Banquet and social at Grace church, Stickney avenue, this evening.

Bids for heating the new armory building will be received on Saturday.

The Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

Custar Division drilled last night at the Pythian castle, in preparation for Kansas City next August.

Nine new cars are expected on Thursday from Philadelphia, to be placed on the Robison lines.

Ask for Seyfang's "New Process" bread.

Scottish rite reunion opens at the masonic temple to-morrow. The program has already been printed in the Bee.

Burns Curlers had a game last night, resulting in a victory for Jordan's team over Winifred's—score, 23 to 21.

For lithograph work, see samples and get estimates at The Bee Job Rooms (old Bee building), 136 St. Clair street.

For calendars, show cards and advertising novelties call at The Bee Job Rooms (old Bee building), 136 St. Clair street.

Joe Casper, of Cleveland, and John Manns, of this city, play billiards to-night at Louis Hanner's for the championship of the state.

Mr. George W. Bartlett has been elected as assistant superintendent of St. John's M. E. Sunday school, vice Mr. A. B. Hood, resigned.

If your complaint is want of appetite, try half wine glass of Angostura Bitters before meals. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers. At all druggists.

The new pastor of the Eleventh Street Church of Christ, Rev. T. S. Buckingham, from London, England, delivered two eloquent and impressive sermons last Sunday.

Harry Brooks went to Toledo this morning to take charge of the Toledo agency for D. H. Baldwin & Co.—Lima Times, 25th.

The count for K. P. grand officers will be made at Columbus to-morrow. Secretary Court went down this morning, and will be followed by Gen. Greene and others to-night.

Rev. Dr. Fish will lecture at St. John's church, Magnolia street, this evening, on "Dupes and Deceivers," the proceeds to be devoted to assist in the purchase of the pipe organ.

There will be a public installation of officers and a literary entertainment this evening, at Friendship hall, under the auspices of the Young Men's Catholic Benevolent association.

See our line of silverware, the best in the city and prices the lowest. B. H. Broer, 606 S. St. Clair street.

A meeting of the Toledo Passenger committee is being held this afternoon. Officers will be elected.

Charles Winslow was tried in police court this morning for stealing Dr. C. L. Van Pelt's overcoat and being found guilty was fined $20, costs and 30 days.

This evening Rev. J. M. Barkley, of Detroit, will deliver a lecture at Y. M. C. A. hall in the association course. His subject will be "One Year in the Rebel Army."

A concert will be given at the Pythian castle to-morrow evening in connection with the party for the benefit of the employes of the Robison lines, who were thrown out of work by the recent fire.

A. H. Schoen has now on hand about three hundred cords of fine hard wood in his yards at 839 Erie street. 'Phone 598.

Rev. D. M. Fisk, of the First Congregational church, will lecture at Findlay on the evening of February 2. His subject will be "Venice, the Wonderful City."

Active preparation is being made by the Brotherhood of St. Andrew for the twenty minute addresses to be given in Trinity church to business men at noon Thursday and Friday by the Rev Lindsay Parker, of Brooklyn.

A. H. Schoen has secured the city agency of the Phoenix Coal Co., and is now in position to supply factories and large consumers with the best grades of steam coal, at reasonable prices. 'Phone 598.

Isaac D. Smead & Co. have just closed contracts for the introduction of the Smead system of warming, ventilation and dry closets into school buildings to be erected at Dayton, Columbus, Troy, Wabash, Ind., and for the closet system into four additional Cleveland school buildings.

Have you seen "The President's Chair?"

Ed. P. Wigton, of North Toledo, is circulating cards announcing his candidacy for police clerk, subject to the approval of the democratic city convention. Ed. has been a faithful worker in the ranks, as also has his father, the senior Wigton, and should the nomination fall into Ed's lap, he will make a race to be proud of, and will undobutedly by elected.

E. Escarraz, of Key West, Florida, was a visitor at Toledo lodge, K. P., last night. The gentleman is in the city on business. He translated the Pythian work into the Spanish language, and has himself installed several lodges who confer the ranks in that tongue. He was shown through the castle, and expressed his delight with the magnificent buildiing owned by the order in Toledo.

If you are nervous or dyspeptic try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miserable, and these little pills cure both.

OHIO NEWS NOTES.

Crestline will vote on water works and electric lights.

The corporation limits of East Liverpool will be extended.

W. H. Ewing, a prominent citizen of Alliance, dropped dead of heart disease.

The Briggs rolling mill of Findlay, is drilling gas wells for its own consumption.

Senator Brice has recommended that F. M. Retezel, be appointed postmaster of Warren.

Burglars cracked a safe at Redmonds Mill near Springfield, and blew up the building as well.

The Mahoning county treasury has been turned over to its newly appointed treasurer, Taylor Johnson.

Silas Debolt is preparing to establish a skunk farm near Upper Sandusky. The fur of these animals are valuable and becoming more popular every year.

OVERCOAT THIEF IDENTIFIED.

Joseph Cook, the young fellow arrested Saturday for stealing overcoats from the Erie street school, is still held at the station. Last evening he was identified by a teacher in that school and he will be tried in police court this afternoon. This stealing occurred several weeks ago and young Burk, who was Cook's pal, was sent to the workhouse for his share in the crime.

The reputation of Garfield Tea is encircling the globe, orders coming in for it not only from Europe, but far India.

HORSES FOR A DOLLAR.

The Noble Animal in Queensland Sometimes Almost a Nuisance.

In Queensland, Australia, says a Sydney letter, the value of horses is away down. A sound and well-broken animal can be bought for $5. Farmers in the interior cannot afford to send horses to Brisbane for sale, because ordinary stock will not bring more than $1.75 per head. They shoot them instead. And, what is still more startling, they pay at the rate of 62 cents per head for having them shot.

Horse breeding in Australia was for many years a remunerative business. A great demand was created by the taking up and occupying of new country, from the opening up of new gold fields, and for the prosecution of the sugar industry.

Everyone who had land began breeding horses. Now the demand has ceased, the sugar industry is declining, the mining is stationary, and the owners of what was formerly new country are sellers instead of buyers. The consequence is that the whole country is overrun with unsalable horses. They cannot be eaten like sheep and cattle, and a boiling-down factory for the manufacture of glue and other products failed after consuming 50,000 animals.

Now, in a semi-wild state, they overrun the entire interior of the colony. The best of them bring at auction not more than $13 or $14 a dozen. Property holders in New South Wales have relieved themselves of the burden on their grazing lands by shooting them. On the Barwon river, within two years, between 60,000 and 70,000 head were destroyed at a cost to their nominal owners of 2s 6d per head. Queensland has now the same trouble to fight. A law entitled the Marsupials Destruction act is now in force, directed against the kangaroo, to check the increase of these noxious animals. But a kangaroo skin is worth $3.75 in the open market at Brisbane.

How much more need is there then of a horse destruction act, when horses are larger animals, eat more, are more numerous than kangaroos, and are nearly worthless! This is the question which is agitating the property holders of Queensland at the present time, as is learned from the recent bulletins of the department of agriculture of that colony. Will it pay Australians to ship these horses to the United States? The passage to San Francisco will take 20 days. The Pacific ocean at certain times is smooth. One of the Australian steamships will probably carry from 700 to 1,000 horses a trip. The import duty on horses and mules at present is $30 per head. It resolves itself into a question of water carriage.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

SHIRTS SHIRTS SHIRTS | A feast of bargains in white and outing shirts at 25c, 29c, 35c, 39c, 44c, 50c. Connollys'.

New Embroideries. New Embroideries. New Embroideries. | Neuhausel Bros.

A TRUTH FROM "TRUTH."

The New York Central is really first-class in all its appointments. Think of it, it has four tracks laid with the heaviest of steel rails in the most substantial manner, and when you are sleeping or lounging around in one of their superb Wagner cars, and flying along at the rate of nearly a mile a minute, as some of their fast expresses do, you will hardly realize that you are moving, so excellent is the permanent way. A short time ago a special train made the run from New York to Buffalo at the rate of a mile a minute the entire distance.

FRY FRY FRY FRY

Concert company and Prof. Currie, humorist, at Memorial hall, Friday evening, Jan. 29. Tickets at Freeman's.

TABLE LINENS AND DOMESTICS | You want to see the extraordinary offering in table linen, table cloths, stamped goods, sheetings. CONNOLLY BROS.

Look through our Table Linen bargains. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

A LESSON IN LEGISLATION.

Congressman Castle, of Minnesota, says a Washington correspondent of the Rochester (N. Y.) Post-Express, tells this story of his first lesson in "law-making" while in the senate of his state: "I labored under so profound a sense of my own importance and responsibility as a member of the judiciary committee that most of the bills referred to me did not meet my approval. My own pet measures went on nicely until final passage, with no signs of opposition anywhere. Imagine my painful surprise, on final passage, they failed to get another 'aye' save my own. I was astounded. 'What's the trouble with those bills of mine?' I asked of my venerable colleague, an uncle with whom I had studied law. 'None at all,' he replied. 'Excellent measures in all respects.' 'But,' I observed, 'you voted with the rest against them.' 'Yes.' 'If there is some errors in the drawing please to have the goodness to enlighten me.' I was showing my anger. 'Correctly drawn in every detail.' 'Well, then, what is the matter anyway?' 'My boy,' said Uncle Ben gently, 'I notice that you were foolish enough to report unfavorably my normal school bill.' 'But, my dear Uncle Ben, you surely know my views on the normal school question too well to—' 'Your views be blamed,' said my uncle with some warmth. 'When you have cut your eyeteeth you may have learned that you are not expected to have any "views" on other people's measures—if you hope to get your own through.'"

My wife cured of malaria by Simmons Liver Regulator.—J. N. Thompson, Pastor M. E. church, Leigh, Neb.

FORSYTH POST,

In advance of all others, has secured through the American War View and Exhibition Co. a large number of views, taken at the front during our great civil war, such as battles on land and sea, battle-fields, rifle pits, dugouts, forts, bomb-proofs, abattis, in camp, in battle, camp life, prisons, prisoners, hospitals, the dead just as they fell, the wounded, etc., showing the actual state of affairs at the front from '61 to '65, before, during and after the battle. Each view shown by a powerful stereopticon, covering from six to nine hundred square feet of canvas, explained by a descriptive talk. This exhibition entitled "Echoes of Long Ago," will be given by Forsyth Post in Military hall, Memorial building, Jan. 28 and 29, at 8 p. m.; also 30, at 2:00 p. m., school children's matinee. Regular tickets, 25 cents, evenings; children's tickets, matinee, 10 cents. The proceeds are for the assistance of crippled soldiers or their families.

FRY FRY FRY FRY

Concert company, Memorial hall, Friday evening, Jan. 29.

A tramp was struck by a train the other night on the Pennsylvania road, and on his person was found a bank-book with a credit of $305.

CLOCKS FOR EVERY CONDITION OF LIFE!

If you are a millionaire we have Clocks which would grace a palace, and those from which ours are copied have long occupied such positions.

If you can barely make both ends meet and want a Nickel Alarm Clock, which will help you to do so, we have them.

If you wish a Clock suited to any room, or any period or style of decoration our stock can supply you.

WRIGHT, KAY & COMPANY,

Sole Agents for "Harrington's" Celebrated Tubular Chime clocks,

140 WOODWARD AVE.

Importers of French, English, German, Austrian, CLOCKS.

Detroit, Mich

IT WON'T COST YOU A CENT TO VERIFY OUR STATEMENTS!

TO THOSE of our readers who are of a sceptical turn of mind, and have no faith in our promises to save them many dollars on a purchase, we say,

COME AND LOOK!

MANY OF YOUR ACQUAINTANCES HAVE ALREADY BEEN CONVINCED OF THE GENUINENESS OF OUR LIBERAL OFFER AND HAVE BOUGHT AN OVERCOAT OR SUIT TO THEIR ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

ONE THIRD OFF

DON'T STAND IN YOUR OWN LIGHT ANY LONGER, BUT COME, LOOK, AND BE CONVINCED THAT WHEN YOU SEE IT IN OUR AD. IT'S SO.

THE clean and enviable record we made last year with our Great One-Third Off Sale, served to strengthen the faith our old patrons had always placed in what we say, so that when we again announced a similar sale, the people flocked to our store at once. And why not, with such a powerful attraction as these reductions.

MEN'S OVERCOATS
MEN'S SUITS
MEN'S HATS AND CAPS
MEN'S UNDERWEAR

ONE THIRD OFF

BOYS' OVERCOATS
BOYS' SUITS
BOYS' HATS AND CAPS
BOYS' UNDERWEAR

REMEMBER! THIS MEANS ONE-THIRD OFF REGULAR PRICES AND AS OUR REGULAR PRICES ARE ALWAYS THE LOWEST, IT MEANS YOU CAN BUY THE GOODS FOR LESS THAN ACTUAL COST.

YOU ASK: "How can you possibly sell goods at such prices, pay expenses, and still exist?" This is an easy one. In the first place, our regular busy season (a very lively and satisfactory one), is past. All those who were forced by necessity to buy, have bought, so if we merely took things easy and made no effort to force our sales, we would have to carry thousands' of dollars worth of winter goods over to next season. This we cannot do and lay claim to being live merchants, so we get the cash out of our goods, invest it in new spring goods, make our profits on them, and are then in a position to buy the newest things in next winter's styles. By pursuing this course we unload our present stock, get the use of our money, and have no old stock to pass off as new next season.

NOTE THE REDUCTION ONE-THIRD OFF MAKES!

$30 00	Overcoat for -	$20 00	$30 00	Suit for - -	$20 00
25 00	Overcoat for -	16 67	25 00	Suit for - -	16 67
20 00	Overcoat for -	13 34	20 00	Suit for - -	13 34
18 00	Overcoat for -	12 00	18 00	Suit for - -	12 00
15 00	Overcoat for -	10 00	15 00	Suit for - -	10 00
12 00	Overcoat for -	8 00	12 00	Suit for - -	8 00
10 00	Overcoat for -	6 67	10 00	Suit for - -	6 67
7 50	Overcoat for -	5 00	7 50	Suit for - -	5 00
5 00	Overcoat for -	3 35	5 00	Suit for - -	3 34

☞ YOU GET ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH FOR SIXTY-SEVEN CENTS.

The Best Made Clothing in America.

Exclusive Styles and Newest Cloths,

At Prices that Compel You to Buy.

ONE THIRD OFF

If you would test the truth of our advertisement, go to the different clothing houses in the city, get their prices, then call and compare them with ours, you will find that you can buy for 67c from us what others will charge you $1.

213-215-217 Summit Street. **MOCKETT THE CLOTHIER** 213-215-217 Summit Street.

Out of thirty heroines sixteen are distinctly described as under 20. Of the other fourteen six are undated. This leaves us eight, three of whom are set down as over 20; two start at one side of the line and are carried over to the other; two are by implication rather than the intention of the author taken out of their "teens;" and one, Amy Robsart, is a heroine "of uncertain age," since she is historically a middle-aged matron and fictitiously a youthful bride. Of the six undated, the presumption is altogether in favor of the earlier age. A member once entertained the club with the statement that nearly all Scott's heroines are motherless. They are girls who have grown up in the companionship of uncles or fathers, older men, and with an early responsibility of thought and action. They have had to plan their own wardrobe and decide upon their own conduct toward their lovers. Some of them have been behind the scenes of stirring political events; nearly all have been thrown into situations where they had to think for themselves, to act with decision, and in general to fulfill the whole duty of heroines. The heroines of Scott are, some of them, only lay figures, but at least, so far as they have character, they are women, and they justify the deeds which are done to win them.—Atlantic Monthly.

Handy for travelers is Simmons Liver Regulator in powder. It can be carried in the pocket.

See our new "Black Goods." NEUHAUSEL BROS.

FRY FRY FRY FRY

THE NEW YEAR.

I called the New Year to me: and he came.
Bright, keen and strong, to front his country's foes;
Eager to work, impatient of repose;
Full of wild praises, and fuller yet of blame,
His hands well armed, and his heart aflame,
Equal to give or take Time's cynic blows,
Filled by the knowledge, which old age well knows
Unworthy of the word, the very name!
I took his hand led him to a bier,
Where, wrinkled old and foul, the dead past lay,
With none to praise, not one to shed a tear—
Good-by the only word we cared to say,
"This was, a while ago, the glad New Year!"
I said: then watched his radiance fade away.

—J. E. P. in London World.

Colored Dress Goods are still going at clearing prices. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

POLLY'S APROPOS REMARKS.

Ben Lusbie, who for 15 years was one of the greatest features of Barnum's circus in the capacity of "lightning ticket-seller," had a wonderful parrot, which had been presented to him by one of the canvasmen of the show, who was at one time a sailor on a steamer plying between Boston and Fernandina, in the Bahamas. Lusbie, says the New York Recorder, used to have a way of quieting the scrambling mob of ticket purchasers around the ticket-wagon by saying: "Don't be in a hurry, gentlemen," "There's plenty of time," "Don't crowd each other," "One at a time, gentlemen," and such like expressions. The parrot, which was perched upon the safe in the wagon just back of Lusbie, got to learn these little speeches after a season's tour, and often broke out in a piercing squawk with one of them, much to Lusbie's amusement. The parrot, which was quite a little vagabond, broke loose from her fetters one day and flew over in a neighboring woods near the circus grounds. A searching party was made up, and they had not proceeded far before they heard a vast racket, apparently made by squawking birds. Hastening to the scene they found poor Poll clinging as best she could to the limb of a dead tree, surrounded by a screaming flock of crows. The parrot had only two or three tail feathers left, and the hostile crows were striking, pecking, and plucking her right and left. Hanging as best she could, the parrot was shrilly screaming: "One at a time, gentlemen! Don't crowd there! Take your time! There's plenty more left!"

FRY FRY FRY FRY

DO YOU WANT | A colored or black dress? If so, then look at prices this week at CONNOLLY BROS'.

Household Linens—Cottons—Towels and Napkins—NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Plush Garments specially low—half price. Cloaks are going at clearing prices. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

WANTED—Everybody using Fish and Oysters to go to Fulton Market, foot of Monroe street. Satisfaction guaranteed. We want your trade. MAUMEE OYSTER & FISH CO.

We have received enormous additions to our "Black Goods" department. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

HOT TEA AND COFFEE.

Soups and Oysters served at Turley's Ice Cream Parlors, 413 Adams.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ice cream and fine confectionery for parties and socials, at L. H. MEINERT'S.

OUR AMBULANCE SERVICE

Is being appreciated in Toledo. The business is not as profitable and pleasant as some lines, but we are satisfied to be doing some good for our fellow-men in time of need. Always 'phone 1035 for McGlynn's ambulance.

GET YOUR TRAVELING EXPENSES TO AND FROM CINCINNATI FREE!

In order to enable you to do your shopping in Cincinnati with a two fold advantage, we will, during the next THIRTY DAYS, upon presentation of this "ad" and your return R. R. ticket, give a cash dis. of 10 per cent. off all purchases of **the celebrated "Burkhardt" Alaska Seal Skin garments.** Cloth, Sealette and Fur Trimmed Cloaks, Fur Capes, Muffs, Robes, Hearth Matts, Gloves and Womens Furnishings. This unprecedented offer is done to quickly decrease our mammoth stocks, which are greatly reduced to prices scarcely covering manufacturing cost.

A. E. BURKHARDT & CO., AMERICAS LEADING FURRIERS, 258 & 260 Race St., CINCINNATI.

Grand Central.

A First-Class Restaurant. Meals Served on the European Plan

503 Monroe St. cor. Market Space

HENRY WEITZEL, Propr.

Artistic and Architectural

IRON WORK

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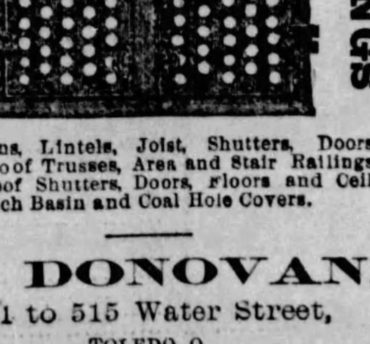

GRATINGS

Columns, Lintels, Joist, Shutters, Doors, Stairs, Roof Trusses, Area and Stair Railings, Fire Proof Shutters, Doors, Floors and Ceilings, Catch Basin and Coal Hole Covers.

M. DONOVAN, 511 to 515 Water Street, TOLEDO, O.

AMUSEMENTS.

PEOPLE'S ALL THIS WEEK.

Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

WILBUR OPERA CO!

TUESDAY EVENING—Falka.
WEDNESDAY EV'G—Jolly Perfumer.
THURSDAY MATINEE—Falka.

PRICES | Evenings—15, 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents. Matinees—15, 25 and 35 cents.

Next week Howard Atheanum Specialty Co.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27,
MODJESKA!
And her own company of players in (Schiller's play in five acts, adapted to the English stage, by HON. LEWIS WINGFIELD,)
MARY STUART.
Prices—50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50. Sale opens Monday next at Holmes'.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, JAN. 29 & 30.
The Hero of Romance,
ALEXANDER
SALVINI!
Friday—"Don Caesar de Bazan."
Saturday—"The Three Guardsmen."
Sale opens Wednesday at Holmes'.

BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG CYCLORAMA!

New and Wonderful Attractions just added. A sham Battle with cannon and musketry firing, operated by electrical and mechanical devices. THE GREAT STORM SCENE! Thunder, lightning and rain. The grandest and most realistic storm effects ever produced. Building now warm and comfortable. An experienced lecturer always in attendance. ADMISSION, 25c. Open day and evening.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the CENTRAL BUILDING AND LOAN COMPANY for the election of directors, will be held at Room No. 2, Old Library Building, corner Summit and Madison streets, on Monday, February 1st, 1892, at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

J. T. GREER, Secretary.
Toledo, Ohio, Jan. 2, 1892.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the CENTRAL CHANDELIER COMPANY for the election of directors and the transaction of any other business that may be brought before them, will be held at the company's office Wednesday, February 11, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

F. B. DODGE, Secretary.
Toledo, O., Dec. 1, 1891.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the PHENIX COAL COMPANY will be held at their office in the new Bee building, on Monday, February 8, 1892, for the annual election of directors, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

C. F. REALS, Secretary.
Toledo, O., Dec. 1, 1891.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the TOLEDO MOULDING COMPANY, will be held at the office of the company, Toledo, Ohio, on Wednesday, February 3, 1892, at 3 p. m.

CYRUS HUSSEY, Secretary.
Toledo, January 15, 1892.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The firm of Terry & Young, saloon and restaurant, has this day been dissolved, W. T. Young retiring, and W. H. Terry & Co. assuming all liabilities.

W. T. YOUNG.
23jan3p

REMOVAL SALE —OF— FURNITURE —AT— GRAUER'S 615 CHERRY ST.

PRICES VERY LOW.